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Definitions of Managed Objects for Frame Relay Service

Status of this Memo

This document specifies an Internet standards track protocol for the Internet community, and requests discussion and suggestions for improvements. Please refer to the current edition of the "Internet Official Protocol Standards" (STD 1) for the standardization state and status of this protocol. Distribution of this memo is unlimited.

Abstract

This memo defines an extension to the Management Information Base (MIB) for use with network management protocols in TCP/IP-based internets. In particular, it defines objects for managing the Frame Relay Service.

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1. The SNMPv2 Network Management Framework

The SNMPv2 Network Management Framework consists of four major components. They are:

- RFC 1442 which defines the SMI, the mechanisms used for describing and naming objects for the purpose of management.
- o STD 17, RFC 1213 defines MIB-II, the core set of managed objects for the Internet suite of protocols.
- o RFC 1445 which defines the administrative and other architectural aspects of the framework.
- o RFC 1448 which defines the protocol used for network access to managed objects.

The Framework permits new objects to be defined for the purpose of experimentation and evaluation.

2. Object Definitions

Managed objects are accessed via a virtual information store, termed the Management Information Base or MIB. Objects in the MIB are defined using the subset of Abstract Syntax Notation One (ASN.1) defined in the SMI. In particular, each object object type is named by an OBJECT IDENTIFIER, an administratively assigned name. The object type together with an object instance serves to uniquely identify a specific instantiation of the object. For human convenience, we often use a textual string, termed the descriptor, to refer to the object type.

3. Overview

These objects are used when the particular media being used to manage is Frame Relay Service. At present, this applies to these values of the ifType variable in the Internet-standard MIB:

frameRelayService (44)

This section provides an overview and background of how to use this MIB and other potential MIBs when managing a Frame Relay Service.

Figure 1 shows the MIB stack that could be followed for managing a Frame Relay Service. This is only an example and not meant to be inclusive.

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MIB II	X.25 MIB for IW/Encap.	SIP Relay MIB	RFC1490 (no applic. MIB)
ifTable ifXTable ifStackTable	Frame Relay Service MIB		
 	Physical Layer e.g., DS1/E1 RS232-like MI	MIB,	ATM MIB

Figure 1. Frame Relay MIB Architecture

3.1. Scope of MIB

The Frame Relay Service MIB will only manage the Frame Relay portion of the network. This MIB is based upon the Customer Network Management concepts presented in the document "Service Management Architecture for Virtual Connection Services" [6].

This MIB will NOT be implemented on User Equipment (e.g., DTE), and the Frame Relay DTE MIB (RFC 1315) should be used to manage those devices [8].

Frame Relay Service MIB is intended to be used for Customer Network Management (CNM) of a Frame Relay Network Service. It provides information that allows end-customers to obtain performance monitoring, fault detection, and configuration information about their Frame Relay Service. It is an implementation decision as to whether this MIB is used to create/delete/modify PVCs and to turn PVCs on or off.

By using this and other related MIBs, a customer's NMS can monitor their PVCs and UNI/NNI logical ports. Internal aspects of the network (e.g., switching elements, line cards, and network routing tables) are outside the scope of this MIB. The Customer's NMS will typically access the SNMP proxy-agent within the Frame Relay network using SNMP over UDP over IP with IP encapsulated in Frame Relay according to RFC1490/ANSI T1.617 Annex F [7,9]. The customer, thus,

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has a PVC to the SNMP proxy-agent. Alternate access mechanisms and SNMP agent implementations are possible. The service capabilities include retrieving information and receiving TRAPs. It is beyond the scope of this MIB to define managed objects to monitor the physical layer. Existing physical layer MIBs (e.g., DS1 MIB) and MIB II will be used as possible. The Frame Relay Service SNMP MIB for CNM will not contain any managed objects to monitor the physical layer. This MIB primarily addresses Frame Relay PVCs. This MIB may be extended at a later time to handle Frame Relay SVCs.

This MIB is only used to manage a single Frame Relay Service offering from one network. This MIB will typically be implemented on a service provider's SNMP proxy-agent. The SNMP proxy-agent proxies for all Frame Relay equipment within one service provider's Frame Relay network. (Other SNMP agent implementations are not precluded.) Therefore, this MIB models a PVC segment through one Frame Relay Network. See Figure 2. If the customer's PVCs traverse multiple networks, then the customer needs to poll multiple network proxyagents within each Frame Relay Network to retrieve their end-to-end view of their service. See Figure 2 and the Service Management Architecture [6].

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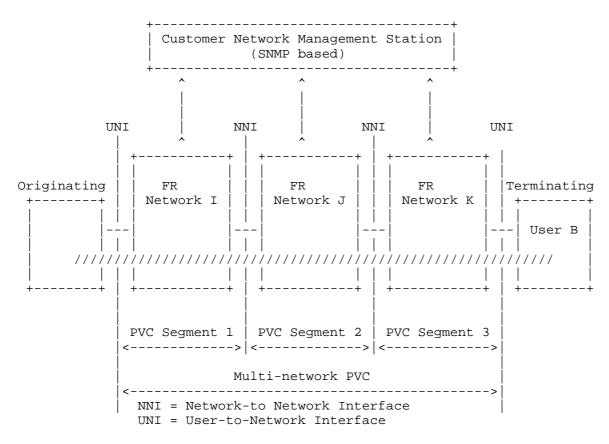


Figure 2. Multi-network PVC

Also, since the Frame Relay network is a shared network amongst many Frame Relay subscribers, each subscriber will only have access to their information (e.g., information with respect to their interfaces and PVCs). Therefore, in order to provide this capability, the Frame Relay PVC CNM proxy agent should be able to support instance level granularity for MIB views. See the Service Management Architecture.

3.2. Frame Relay Service MIB Terminology

Access Channel - An access channel generically refers to the DS1/E1 or DS3/E3-based UNI access channel or NNI access channel across which frame relay data transits. An access channel is the access pathway for a single stream of user data.

Within a given Tl line, an access channel can denote any one of the following:

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- Unchannelized T1 the entire T1 line is considered an access channel. Each access channel is comprised of 24 T1 time slots.
- Channelized T1 an access channel is any one of 24 channels.
 Each access channel is comprised of a single T1 time slot.
- Fractional T1 an access channel is a grouping of N T1 time slots (NX56/64 Kbps, where N = 1-23 T1 Time slots per FT1 Access Channel) that may be assigned in consecutive or non-consecutive order.

Within a given El line, a channel can denote any one of the following:

- Unchannelized E1 the entire E1 line is considered a single access channel. Each access channel is comprised of 31 E1 time slots.
- Channelized E1 an access channel is any one of 31 channels.
 Each access channel is comprised of a single E1 time slot.
- Fractional E1 an access channel is a grouping of N E1 time slots (NX64 Kbps, where N = 1-30 E1 time slots per FE1 access channel) that may be assigned in consecutive or non-consecutive order.

in 3 Within a given unformatted line, the entire unformatted line is considered an access channel. Examples include RS-232, V.35, V.36 and X.21 (non- switched).

Access Rate - The data rate of the access channel, expressed in bits/second. The speed of the user access channel determines how rapidly the end user can inject data into the network.

Bc - The Committed Burst Size (Bc) is the maximum amount of subscriber data (expressed in bits) that the network agrees to transfer, under normal conditions, during a time interval Tc.

Be - The Excess Burst Size (Be) is the maximum amount of subscriber data (expressed in bits) in excess of Bc that the network will attempt to deliver during the time interval Tc. This data (Be) is delivered in general with a lower probability than Bc.

CIR - The Committed Information Rate (CIR) is the subscriber data rate (expressed in bits/second) that the network commits to deliver under normal network conditions. CIR is averaged over the

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time interval Tc (CIR = Bc/Tc).

DLCI - Data Link Connection Identifier

Logical Port - This term is used to model the Frame Relay "interface" on a device.

NNI - Network to Network Interface

Permanent Virtual Connection (PVC) - A virtual connection that has its end-points and bearer capabilities defined at subscription time.

Time slot (E1) - An octet within the 256-bit information field in each E1 frame is defined as a time slot. Time slots are position sensitive within the 256-bit information field. Fractional E1 service is provided in contiguous or non- contiguous time slot increments.

Time slot (T1) - An octet within the 192-bit information field in each T1 frame is defined as a time slot. Time slots are position sensitive within the 192-bit information field. Fractional T1 service is provided in contiguous or non- contiguous time slot increments.

UNI - User to Network Interface

N391 - Full status (status of all PVCs) polling counter

N392 - Error threshold

N393 - Monitored events count

T391 - Link integrity verification polling timer

T392 - Polling verification timer

nT3 - Status enquiry timer

nN3 - Maximum status enquiry counter

3.3. Apply MIB II to a Frame Relay Service

Use the System Group to apply to the SNMP proxy-agent, since the proxy-agent may be monitoring many Frame Relay devices in one network. System Group applies to only one system. This group is not instantiated.

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- sysDescr: ASCII string describing the SNMP proxy-agent. Can be up to 255 characters long. This field is generally used to indicate the network providers identification and type of service offered.
- sysObjectID: Unique OBJECT IDENTIFIER (OID) for the SNMP proxy-agent.
- sysUpTime: Clock in the SNMP proxy-agent; TimeTicks in 1/100s of a second. Elapsed type since the proxy-agent came on line.
- sysContact: Contact for the SNMP proxy-agent. ASCII string of up to 255 characters.
- sysLocation: Location of the SNMP proxy-agent. ASCII string of up to 255 characters.
- sysServices: Services of the managed device. The value "2", which implies that the Frame Relay network is providing a subnetwork level service, is recommended.

This specifies how the Interfaces Group defined in MIB II shall be used for the management of Frame Relay based interfaces, and in conjunction with the Frame Relay Service MIB module. This memo assumes the interpretation of the evolution of the Interfaces group to be in accordance with: "The interfaces table (ifTable) contains information on the managed resource's interfaces. Each sub-layer below the internetwork layer of a network interface is considered an interface." Thus, the ifTable allows the following Frame Relay-based interfaces to be represented as table entries:

> - Frame Relay interfaces in the Frame Relay equipment (e.g., switches, routers or networks) with Frame Relay interfaces. This level is concerned with generic frame counts and not with individual virtual connections.

In accordance with the guidelines of ifTable, frame counts per virtual connection are not covered by ifTable, and are considered interface specific and covered in the Frame Relay Service MIB module. In order to interrelate the ifEntries properly, the Interfaces Stack Group shall be supported.

Some specific interpretations of ifTable for Frame Relay follow.

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	the generic Frame Relay layer
ifIndex	Each Frame Relay port is represented by an ifEntry.
ifDescr	Description of the Frame Relay interface. ASCII string describing the UNI/NNI logical port. Can be up to 255 characters long.
ifType	The value allocated for Frame Relay Service is equal to 44.
ifMtu	Set to maximum frame size in octets for this frame relay logical port.
ifSpeed	Peak bandwidth in bits per second available for use. This could be the speed of the logical port and not the access rate. Actual user information transfer rate (i.e., access rate) of the UNI or NNI logical port in bits per second (this is not the clocking speed). For example, it is 1,536,000 bits per second for a DS1-based UNI/NNI logical port and 1,984,000 bits per second for an E1-based UNI/NNI logical port.
ifPhysAddress	The primary address for this logical port assigned by the Frame Relay interface provider. An octet string of zero length if no address is used for this logical port.
ifAdminStatus	The desired administrative status of the frame relay logical port.
ifOperStatus	The current operational status of the Frame Relay UNI or NNI logical port.
ifLastChange	The elapsed time since the last re-initialization of the logical port. The value of sysUpTime at the time the logical port entered its current operational state. If the current state was entered prior to the last re-initialization of the local network management subsystem, then

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this object contains a zero value.

- ifInOctets The number of received octets. This counter only counts octets from the beginning of the frame relay header field to the end of user data.
- ifInUcastPkts The number of received unerrored, unicast frames.
- ifInDiscards The number of received frames discarded. Possible reasons are as follows: policing, congestion.
- ifInErrors The number of received frames that are discarded, because of an error. Possible errors can be the following: the frame relay frames were too long or were too short, the frames had an invalid or unrecognized DLCI values, or incorrect header values.
- ifInUnknownProtos The number of packets discarded because of an unknown or unsupported protocol. For Frame Relay Service interfaces, this counter will always be zero.
- ifOutOctets The number of transmitted octets. This counter only counts octets from the beginning of the frame relay header field to the end of user data.
- ifOutUcastpkts The number of frames sent.
- ifOutDiscards The number of frames discarded in the egress direction. Possible reasons are as follows: policing, congestion.
- ifOutErrors The number of frames discarded in the egress direction, because of errors. Possible reason is transmit underruns.
- ifName This variable is not applicable for Frame Relay Service interfaces, therefore, this variable contains a zero-length string.

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- ifInMulticastPkts The number of received unerrored, multicast frames.
- ifInBroadcastPkts This variable is not applicable for Frame Relay Service interfaces, therefore, this counter is always zero.
- ifOutMulticastPkts The number of sent unerrored, multicast frames.
- ifOutBroadcastPkts This variable is not applicable for Frame Relay Service interfaces, therefore, this counter is always zero.
- ifHCInOctets Only used for DS3-based (and greater)
 Frame Relay logical ports.
 The number of received octets.
 This counter only counts octets from the
 beginning of the frame relay header field
 to the end of user data.
- ifHCOutOctets Only used for DS3-based (and greater)
 Frame Relay logical ports.
 The number of transmitted octets.
 This counter only counts octets from the
 beginning of the frame relay header field
 to the end of user data.
- ifLinkUpDownTrapEnble The value of this object is implementation specific for Frame Relay logical ports.
- ifHighSpeed Set to the user data rate of the frame relay logical port in millions of bits per second. If the user data rate is less than 1 Mbps, then this value is zero.

ifPromiscuousMode Set to false(2).

ifConnectorPresent Set to false(2).

Frame Relay Network Service interfaces support the Interface Stack Group. Frame Relay Network Service interfaces do not support any other groups or objects in the Interfaces group of MIB II. Also, supporting the SNMP Group of MIB II is an implementation choice.

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4. Object Definitions FRNETSERV-MIB DEFINITIONS ::= BEGIN IMPORTS MODULE-IDENTITY, OBJECT-TYPE, NOTIFICATION-TYPE, Counter32, Integer32, TimeTicks FROM SNMPv2-SMI DisplayString, PhysAddress, TimeStamp, RowStatus FROM SNMPv2-TC MODULE-COMPLIANCE, OBJECT-GROUP FROM SNMPv2-CONF ifIndex, transmission FROM RFC-1213; frnetservMIB MODULE-IDENTITY LAST-UPDATED "9311161200Z" ORGANIZATION "IETF Frame Relay Network MIB Working Group" CONTACT-INFO Tracy A. Brown Bellcore 331 Newman Springs Rd. Red Bank, NJ 07701 USA Tel: 1-908-758-2107 Fax: 1-908-758-4177 E-mail: tacox@mail.bellcore.com." DESCRIPTION "The MIB module to describe generic objects for Frame Relay Network Service." ::= { transmission 44 } IfIndex ::= TEXTUAL-CONVENTION STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The value of this object identifies the interface for which this entry contains management information. The value of this object for a particular interface has the same value as the ifIndex object, defined in RFC 1213, for the same interface." SYNTAX Integer32 frnetservObjects OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { frnetservMIB 1 } frnetservTraps OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { frnetservMIB 2 } -- The Frame Relay Service Logical Port Group -- the Frame Relay Logical Port Group

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```
-- This table is an interface specific addendum
-- to the generic ifTable from MIB-II.
frLportTable OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF FrlportEntry
MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
        "The Frame Relay Logical Port Information table."
 ::= { frnetservObjects 1 }
frLportEntry OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX FrLportEntry
MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
         "An entry in the Frame Relay Logical Port
         Information table."
INDEX { ifIndex }
 ::= { frLportTable 1 }
FrLportEntry ::=
 SEQUENCE {
     frLportNumPlan
         INTEGER,
      frLportContact
         DisplayString,
      frLportLocation
         DisplayString,
      frLportType
         INTEGER,
      frLportAddrDLCILen
         INTEGER,
      frLportVCSigProtocol
         INTEGER,
      frLportVCSigPointer
         OBJECT IDENTIFIER
 }
 frLportNumPlan OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX INTEGER {
              other(1),
              e164(2),
              x121(3),
              none(4)
             }
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
```

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```
STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
           "The value of this object identifies the network
           address numbering plan for this UNI/NNI logical
           port. The network address is the object
           ifPhysAddress. The value none implies that there
           is no ifPhysAddress. The SNMP proxy-agent will
           return an octet string of zero length for
           ifPhysAddress. The value other means that an
           address has been assigned to this interface, but
           the numbering plan is not enumerated here."
    ::= { frLportEntry 1 }
frLportContact OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX DisplayString (SIZE(0..255))
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
            "The value of this object identifies the network
           contact for this UNI/NNI logical port."
    ::= { frLportEntry 2 }
frLportLocation OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX DisplayString (SIZE(0..255))
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
           "The value of this object identifies the Frame
           Relay network location for this UNI/NNI logical
           port."
    ::= { frLportEntry 3 }
frLportType OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX INTEGER {
             uni(1),
             nni(2)
           }
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
            "The value of this object identifies the type of
           network interface for this logical port."
    ::= { frLportEntry 4 }
frLportAddrDLCILen OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX INTEGER {
    twoOctets10Bits(1)
    threeOctets10Bits(2),
```

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```
threeOctets16Bits(3),
    fourOctets17Bits(4),
    fourOctets23Bits(5)
   }
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
            "The value of this object identifies the Q.922
            Address field length and DLCI length for this
            UNI/NNI logical port."
    ::= { frLportEntry 5 }
frLportVCSigProtocol OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX INTEGER {
             none(1),
             lmi(2),
             ansiT1617D(3),
             ansiT1617B(4),
             ccittQ933A(5)
            }
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
            "The value of this object identifies the Local
            In-Channel Signaling Protocol that is used for
            this frame relay UNI/NNI logical port."
    ::= { frLportEntry 6 }
frLportVCSigPointer OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX OBJECT IDENTIFIER
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
            "The value of this object is used as a pointer to
            the table that contains the Local In-Channel
            Signaling Protocol parameters and errors for this
            UNI/NNI logical port. See the Frame Relay
           Management VC Signaling Parameters and Errors
            Group."
    ::= { frLportEntry 7 }
-- the Frame Relay Management VC Signaling Group
-- This Group contains managed objects for the
-- Local In-Channel Signaling Parameters and
```

```
-- for signaling errors.
```

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frMgtVCSigTable OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF FrMgtVCSigEntry MAX-ACCESS not-accessible STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The Frame Relay Management VC Signaling Parameters and Errors table." ::= { frnetservObjects 2 } frMgtVCSigEntry OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX FrMgtVCSigEntry MAX-ACCESS not-accessible STATUS current DESCRIPTION "An entry in the Frame Relay Management VC Signaling Parameters Errors table." INDEX { ifIndex } ::= { frMgtVCSigTable 1 } FrMgtVCSigEntry ::= SEQUENCE { frMqtVCSiqProced INTEGER, frMgtVCSigUserN391 INTEGER, frMgtVCSigUserN392 INTEGER, frMgtVCSigUserN393 INTEGER, frMgtVCSigUserT391 INTEGER, frMgtVCSigNetN392 INTEGER, frMgtVCSigNetN393 INTEGER, frMgtVCSigNetT392 INTEGER, frMgtVCSigNetnN4 INTEGER, frMgtVCSigNetnT3 INTEGER, frMgtVCSigUserLinkRelErrors Counter32, frMgtVCSigUserProtErrors Counter32, frMgtVCSigUserChanInactive Counter32, frMgtVCSigNetLinkRelErrors

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```
Counter32,
        frMgtVCSigNetProtErrors
           Counter32,
        frMgtVCSigNetChanInactive
           Counter32
}
frMgtVCSigProced OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX INTEGER {
             u2nnet(1),
             bidirect(2)
            }
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
            "The value of this object identifies the Local
            In-Channel Signaling Procedure that is used for
            this UNI/NNI logical port. The UNI/NNI logical
            port can be performing only user-to-network
            network-side procedures or bidirectional
            procedures."
    ::= { frMgtVCSigEntry 1 }
frMgtVCSigUserN391 OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX INTEGER (1..255)
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
            "The value of this object identifies the User-side
           N391 full status polling cycle value for this
           UNI/NNI logical port. If the logical port is not
           performing user-side procedures, then this value
           is equal to noSuchName. This object applies to
           Q.933 Annex A and T1.617 Annex D."
   DEFVAL \{ 6 \}
    ::= { frMgtVCSigEntry 2 }
frMgtVCSigUserN392 OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX INTEGER (1..10)
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
            "The value of this object identifies the User-side
            N392 error threshold value for this UNI/NNI
            logical port. If the logical port is not
            performing user-side procedures, then this value
            is equal to noSuchName. This object applies to
```

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```
Q.933 Annex A and T1.617 Annex D."
   DEFVAL \{3\}
    ::= { frMgtVCSigEntry 3 }
frMgtVCSigUserN393 OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX INTEGER (1..10)
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
            "The value of this object identifies the User-side
           N393 monitored events count value for this UNI/NNI
           logical port. If the logical port is not
           performing user-side procedures, then this value
           is equal to noSuchName. This object applies to
           Q.933 Annex A and T1.617 Annex D."
    DEFVAL \{4\}
    ::= { frMgtVCSigEntry 4 }
frMgtVCSigUserT391 OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX INTEGER (5..30)
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
            "The value of this object identifies the User-side
           T391 link integrity verification polling timer
           value for this UNI/NNI logical port. If the
           logical port is not performing user-side
           procedures, then this value is equal to
           noSuchName. This object applies to Q.933 Annex A
           and T1.617 Annex D."
   DEFVAL { 10 }
    ::= { frMgtVCSigEntry 5 }
frMqtVCSiqNetN392 OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX INTEGER (1..10)
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
            "The value of this object identifies the Network-
            side N392 error threshold value (nN2 for LMI) for
           this UNI/NNI logical port. If the logical port is
           not performing network-side procedures, then this
           value is equal to noSuchName. This object applies
           to Q.933 Annex A, T1.617 Annex D and LMI."
   DEFVAL \{3\}
    ::= { frMgtVCSigEntry 6 }
frMgtVCSigNetN393 OBJECT-TYPE
```

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```
SYNTAX INTEGER (1..10)
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The value of this object identifies the Network-
            side N393 monitored events count value (nN3 for
            LMI) for this UNI/NNI logical port. If the
            logical port is not performing network-side
            procedures, then this value is equal to
            noSuchName. This object applies to Q.933 Annex A,
            T1.617 Annex D and LMI."
    DEFVAL \{4\}
    ::= { frMgtVCSigEntry 7 }
frMgtVCSigNetT392 OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX INTEGER (5..30)
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The value of this object identifies the Network-
            side T392 polling verification timer value (nT2
            for LMI) for this UNI/NNI logical port. If the
            logical port is not performing network-side
            procedures, then this value is equal to noSuchName. This object applies to Q.933 Annex A,
            T1.617 Annex D and LMI."
    DEFVAL { 15 }
    ::= { frMgtVCSigEntry 8 }
frMgtVCSigNetnN4 OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX INTEGER (5..5)
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The value of this object identifies the Network-
            side nN4 maximum status enquires received value
            for this UNI/NNI logical port. If the logical
            port is not performing network-side procedures or
            is not performing LMI procedures, then this value
            is equal to noSuchName. This object applies only
            to LMI and always has a value of 5."
    ::= { frMgtVCSigEntry 9 }
frMgtVCSigNetnT3 OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX INTEGER (5 | 10 | 15 | 20 | 25 | 30)
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
```

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```
"The value of this object identifies the Network-
           side nT3 timer (for nN4 status enquires received)
           value for this UNI/NNI logical port. If the
            logical port is not performing network-side
           procedures or is not performing LMI procedures,
           then this value is equal to noSuchName. This
           object applies only to LMI."
   DEFVAL \{20\}
    ::= { frMgtVCSigEntry 10 }
frMgtVCSigUserLinkRelErrors OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
            "The number of user-side local in-channel
           signaling link reliability errors (i.e., non-
           receipt of Status/Status Enquiry messages or
           invalid sequence numbers in a Link Integrity
           Verification Information Element) for this UNI/NNI
           logical port. If the logical port is not
           performing user-side procedures, then this value
            is equal to noSuchName."
    ::= { frMgtVCSigEntry 11 }
frMgtVCSigUserProtErrors OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
            "The number of user-side local in-channel
           signaling protocol errors (i.e., protocol
           discriminator, message type, call reference, and
           mandatory information element errors) for this
           UNI/NNI logical port. If the logical port is not
           performing user-side procedures, then this value
           is equal to noSuchName."
    ::= { frMgtVCSigEntry 12 }
frMgtVCSigUserChanInactive OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
            "The number of times the user-side channel was
           declared inactive (i.e., N392 errors in N393
            events) for this UNI/NNI logical port. If the
            logical port is not performing user-side
```

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```
procedures, then this value is equal to
           noSuchName.'
    ::= { frMgtVCSigEntry 13 }
frMgtVCSigNetLinkRelErrors OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
           "The number of network-side local in-channel
           signaling link reliability errors (i.e., non-
           receipt of Status/Status Enquiry messages or
           invalid sequence numbers in a Link Integrity
           Verification Information Element) for this UNI/NNI
           logical port. If the logical port is not
           performing network-side procedures, then this
           value is equal to noSuchName."
    ::= { frMgtVCSigEntry 14 }
frMqtVCSiqNetProtErrors OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
            "The number of network-side local in-channel
           signaling protocol errors (i.e., protocol
           discriminator, message type, call reference, and
           mandatory information element errors) for this
           UNI/NNI logical port. If the logical port is not
           performing network-side procedures, then this
           value is equal to noSuchName."
    ::= { frMgtVCSigEntry 15 }
frMqtVCSiqNetChanInactive OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
            "The number of times the network-side channel was
           declared inactive (i.e., N392 errors in N393
           events) for this UNI/NNI logical port. If the
           logical port is not performing network-side
           procedures, then this value is equal to
           noSuchName."
    ::= { frMgtVCSigEntry 16 }
```

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-- The PVC End-Point Group -- This table is used to identify the traffic parameters -- for a bi-directional PVC segment end-point, and it also -- provides statistics for a PVC segment -- end-point. -- A PVC segment end-point is identified by a UNI/NNI -- logical port index value and DLCI index value. -- If the Frame Relay service provider allows -- the Frame Relay CNM subscriber to create, modify -- or delete PVCs using SNMP, then this table is used to identify -- and reserve -- the requested traffic parameters of each -- PVC segment end-point. The Connection table -- is used to "connect" the end-points together. -- Not all implementations will support the -- capability of creating/modifying/deleting -- PVCs using SNMP as a feature of Frame Relay -- CNM service. -- Uni-directional PVCs are modeled with zero -- valued traffic parameters in one of the -- directions (In or Out direction) in this table. -- To create a PVC, the following procedures -- shall be followed: -- 1). Create the entries for the PVC segment endpoints in the frPVCEndptTable by specifying the traffic parameters _ _ for the bi-directional PVC segment endpoints. _ _ _ _ As shown in the figure, a point-to-point PVC has -two endpoints, thus two entries in this table. Uni-directional PVCs are modeled _ _ ___ with zero valued traffic parameters in one _ _ direction; all the 'In' direction parameters for one Frame Relay PVC End-point or _ _ _ _ all the 'Out' direction _ _ parameters for the other Frame Relay PVC End-point. _ _

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In Out ___ _ _ >>>>>> >>>>>>>> --_ Frame Relay Network _ _ Out In _ _ <<<<< <<<<<< _ _ _ _ Frame Relay PVC Frame Relay _ _ End-point PVC End-point -- 2). Go to the Frame Relay Connection Group. _ _ -- The Frame Relay PVC End-point Table frPVCEndptTable OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF FrPVCEndptEntry MAX-ACCESS not-accessible STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The Frame Relay PVC End-Point table. This table is used to model a PVC end-point. This table contains the traffic parameters and statistics for a PVC end-point." ::= { frnetservObjects 3 } frPVCEndptEntry OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX FrPVCEndptEntry MAX-ACCESS not-accessible STATUS current DESCRIPTION "An entry in the Frame Relay PVC Endpoint table." INDEX { ifIndex, frPVCEndptDLCIIndex } ::= { frPVCEndptTable 1 } FrPVCEndptEntry ::= SEQUENCE { frPVCEndptDLCIIndex Integer32, frPVCEndptInMaxFrameSize Integer32, frPVCEndptInBc Integer32, frPVCEndptInBe Integer32, frPVCEndptInCIR Integer32, frPVCEndptOutMaxFrameSize Integer32,

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frPVCEndptOutBc Integer32, frPVCEndptOutBe Integer32, frPVCEndptOutCIR Integer32, frPVCEndptConnectIdentifier Integer32, frPVCEndptRowStatus RowStatus, frPVCEndptRcvdSigStatus INTEGER, frPVCEndptInFrames Counter32, frPVCEndptOutFrames Counter32, frPVCEndptInDEFrames Counter32, frPVCEndptInExcessFrames Counter32, frPVCEndptOutExcessFrames Counter32, frPVCEndptInDiscards Counter32, frPVCEndptInOctets Counter32, frPVCEndptOutOctets Counter32 } frPVCEndptDLCIIndex OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Integer32 MAX-ACCESS not-accessible STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The value of this object is equal to the DLCI value for this PVC end-point." ::= { frPVCEndptEntry 1 } frPVCEndptInMaxFrameSize OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Integer32 MAX-ACCESS read-create STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The value of this object is the size in octets of the largest frame relay information field for this PVC end-point in the ingress direction (into the

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frame relay network). The value of frPVCEndptInMaxFrameSize must be less than or equal to the corresponding ifMtu for this Frame Relay UNI/NNI logical port." ::= { frPVCEndptEntry 2 } frPVCEndptInBc OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Integer32 MAX-ACCESS read-create STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The value of this object is equal to the committed burst size (Bc) parameter (measured in bits) for this PVC end-point in the ingress direction (into the frame relay network)." ::= { frPVCEndptEntry 3 } frPVCEndptInBe OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Integer32 MAX-ACCESS read-create STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The value of this object is equal to the excess burst size (Be) parameter (measured in bits) for this PVC end-point in the ingress direction (into the frame relay network)." ::= { frPVCEndptEntry 4 } frPVCEndptInCIR OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Integer32 MAX-ACCESS read-create STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The value of this object is equal to the committed information rate (CIR) parameter (measured in bits per second) for this PVC endpoint in the ingress direction (into the frame relay network)." ::= { frPVCEndptEntry 5 } frPVCEndptOutMaxFrameSize OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Integer32 MAX-ACCESS read-create STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The value of this object is the size in octets of the largest frame relay information field for this PVC end-point in the egress direction (out of the

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frame relay network). The value of frPVCEndptOutMaxFrameSize must be less than or equal to the corresponding ifMtu for this Frame Relay UNI/NNI logical port." ::= { frPVCEndptEntry 6 } frPVCEndptOutBc OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Integer32 MAX-ACCESS read-create STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The value of this object is equal to the committed burst size (Bc) parameter (measured in bits) for this PVC end-point in the egress direction (out of the frame relay network)." ::= { frPVCEndptEntry 7 } frPVCEndptOutBe OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Integer32 MAX-ACCESS read-create STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The value of this object is equal to the excess burst size (Be) parameter (measured in bits) for this PVC end-point in the egress direction (out of the frame relay network)." ::= { frPVCEndptEntry 8 } frPVCEndptOutCIR OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Integer32 MAX-ACCESS read-create STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The value of this object is equal to the committed information rate (CIR) parameter (measured in bits per second) for this PVC endpoint in the egress direction (out of the frame relay network)." ::= { frPVCEndptEntry 9 } frPVCEndptConnectIdentifier OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Integer32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "This object is used to associate PVC end-points as being part of one PVC segment connection. This value of this object is equal to the value of

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```
frPVCConnectIndex, which is used as one of the
            indices into the frPVCConnectTable. The value of
            this object is provided by the agent, after the
            associated entries in the frPVCConnectTable have
            been created."
    ::= { frPVCEndptEntry 10 }
frPVCEndptRowStatus OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX RowStatus
   MAX-ACCESS read-create
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
            "This object is used to create new rows in this
            table, modify existing rows, and to delete
            existing rows. To create a new PVC, the entries
            for the PVC segment end-points in the
            frPVCEndptTable must first be created. Next, the
            frPVCConnectTable is used to associate the Frame
            Relay PVC segment end-points. In order for the
            manager to have the necessary error diagnostics,
            the frPVCEndptRowStatus object must initially be
            set to `createAndWait'. While the
            frPVCEndptRowStatus object is in the
            `createAndWait' state, the manager can set each
            columnar object and get the necessary error
            diagnostics. The frPVCEndptRowStatus object may
           not be set to 'active' unless the following columnar objects exist in this row:
            frPVCEndptInMaxFrameSize, frPVCEndptInBc,
            frPVCEndptInBe, frPVCEndptInCIR,
            frPVCEndptOutMaxFrameSize, frPVCEndptOutBc,
            frPVCEndptOutBe, and frPVCEndptOutCIR."
    ::= { frPVCEndptEntry 11 }
frPVCEndptRcvdSigStatus OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX INTEGER {
              deleted(1),
              active(2),
             inactive(3),
             none(4)
            }
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
            "The value of this object identifies the PVC
            status received via the local in-channel signaling
            procedures for this PVC end-point. This object is
            only pertinent for interfaces that perform the
```

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bidirectional procedures. For user-to-network network side procedures, the value of this object should be none." ::= { frPVCEndptEntry 12 } frPVCEndptInFrames OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Counter32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The number of frames received by the network (ingress) for this PVC end-point. This includes any frames discarded by the network due to submitting more than Bc + Be data or due to any network congestion recovery procedures." ::= { frPVCEndptEntry 13 } frPVCEndptOutFrames OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Counter32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The number of frames sent by the network (egress) regardless of whether they are Bc or Be frames for this PVC end-point." ::= { frPVCEndptEntry 14 } frPVCEndptInDEFrames OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Counter32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The number of frames received by the network (ingress) with the DE bit set to (1) for this PVC end-point." ::= { frPVCEndptEntry 15 } frPVCEndptInExcessFrames OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Counter32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The number of frames received by the network (ingress) for this PVC end-point which were treated as excess traffic. Frames which are sent to the network with DE set to zero are treated as excess when more than Bc bits are submitted to the network during the Committed Information Rate

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Measurement Interval (Tc). Excess traffic may or may not be discarded at the ingress if more than Bc + Be bits are submitted to the network during Tc. Traffic discarded at the ingress is not recorded in frPVCEndptInExcessFrames. Frames which are sent to the network with DE set to one are also treated as excess traffic." ::= { frPVCEndptEntry 16 } frPVCEndptOutExcessFrames OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Counter32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The number of frames sent by the network (egress) for this PVC end-point which were treated as excess traffic. (The DE bit may be set to one.)" ::= { frPVCEndptEntry 17 } frPVCEndptInDiscards OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Counter32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The number of frames received by the the network (ingress) that were discarded due to traffic enforcement for this PVC end-point." ::= { frPVCEndptEntry 18 } frPVCEndptInOctets OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Counter32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The number of octets received by the network (ingress) for this PVC end-point. This counter should only count octets from the beginning of the frame relay header field to the end of user data. If the network supporting Frame Relay can not count octets, then this count should be an approximation." ::= { frPVCEndptEntry 19 } frPVCEndptOutOctets OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Counter32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION

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"The number of octets sent by the network (egress) for this PVC end-point. This counter should only count octets from the beginning of the frame relay header field to the end of user data. If the network supporting Frame Relay can not count octets, then this count should be an approximation." ::= { frPVCEndptEntry 20 } -- The Frame Relay PVC Connection Group -- The Frame Relay PVC Connection Group -- is used to model the bi-directional -- PVC segment flows; -- point-to-point PVCs, point-to-multipoint -- PVCs, and multipoint-to-multipoint -- PVCs. -- This table has read-create access and -- is used to associate PVC end-points -- together as belonging to one connection. -- The frPVCConnectIndex is used to associate -- all the bi-directional flows. -- Not all implementations will support the -- capability of creating/modifying/deleting -- PVCs using SNMP as a feature of Frame Relay -- CNM service. -- Once the entries in the frPVCEndptTable -- are created, the following step are used -- to associate the PVC end-points as belonging -- to one PVC connection: -- 1). Obtain a unique frPVCConnectIndex ___ using the frPVCConnectIndexValue object. -- 2). Connect the PVC segment endpoints together ___ with the applicable frPVCConnectIndex value _ _ obtained via _ _ frPVCConnectIndexValue. The entries in this table are created by using _ _ the frPVCConnectRowStatus object. _ _ -- 3). The agent will provide the value of the corresponding instances of _ _ ___ frPVCEndptConnectIdentifier with the the frPVCConnectIndex value. _ _ -- 4). Set frPVCConnectAdminStatus to 'active' in all rows for this PVC segment to ___ turn the PVC on. _ _

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-- For example, the Frame Relay PVC Connection Group -- models a bi-directional, point-to-point PVC segment -- as one entry in this table. -- Frame Relay Network Frame Relay Network -- Low Port _____ High Port _ _ >> from low to high PVC flow >> _ _ << from high to low PVC flow <<</pre> _ _ _ _ _ _ -- The terms low and high are chosen to represent numerical -- ordering of a PVC segment's endpoints for representation -- in this table. That is, the endpoint with the lower value -- of ifIndex is termed 'low', while the opposite endpoint -- of the segment is termed 'high'. -- This terminology is to provide directional information; -- for example the frPVCConnectL2hOperStatus and -- frPVCConnectH2lOperStatus as illustrated above. -- If the Frame Relay Connection table is used to model -- a unidirectional PVC, then one direction (either from low to high -- or from high to low) has its Operational Status equal to down. -- A PVC segment is a portion of a PVC -- that traverses one Frame Relay Network, and -- a PVC segment is identified -- by its two end-points (UNI/NNI logical port index -- value and DLCI index value) -- through one Frame Relay Network. frPVCConnectIndexValue OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX INTEGER (0..2147483647) MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "This object contains an appropriate value to be used for frPVCConnectIndex when creating entries in the frPVCConnectTable. The value 0 indicates that no unassigned entries are available. To obtain the frPVCConnectIndex value for a new entry, the manager issues a management protocol retrieval operation to obtain the current value of this object. After each retrieval, the agent should modify the value to the next unassigned index."

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::= { frnetservObjects 4 }

-- The Frame Relay PVC Connection Table frPVCConnectTable OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF FrPVCConnectEntry MAX-ACCESS not-accessible STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The Frame Relay PVC Connect table. A bidirectional PVC segment is modeled as one entry in this table." ::= { frnetservObjects 5 } frPVCConnectEntry OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX FrPVCConnectEntry MAX-ACCESS not-accessible STATUS current DESCRIPTION "An entry in the Frame Relay PVC Connect table. This entry is used to model a PVC segment in two directions." INDEX { frPVCConnectIndex, frPVCConnectLowIfIndex, frPVCConnectLowDLCIIndex, frPVCConnectHighIfIndex, frPVCConnectHighDLCIIndex } ::= { frPVCConnectTable 1 } FrPVCConnectEntry ::= SEQUENCE { frPVCConnectIndex Integer32, frPVCConnectLowIfIndex IfIndex, frPVCConnectLowDLCIIndex Integer32, frPVCConnectHighIfIndex IfIndex, frPVCConnectHighDLCIIndex Integer32, frPVCConnectAdminStatus INTEGER, frPVCConnectL2h0perStatus INTEGER, frPVCConnectH2lOperStatus INTEGER, frPVCConnectL2hLastChange TimeStamp, frPVCConnectH2lLastChange

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TimeStamp, frPVCConnectRowStatus RowStatus } frPVCConnectIndex OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Integer32 MAX-ACCESS not-accessible STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The value of this object is equal to the frPVCConnectIndexValue obtained to uniquely identify this PVC segment connection." ::= { frPVCConnectEntry 1 } frPVCConnectLowIfIndex OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX IfIndex MAX-ACCESS not-accessible STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The value of this object is equal to MIB II's ifIndex value of the UNI/NNI logical port for this PVC segment. The term low implies that this PVC segment end-point has the numerically lower ifIndex value than the connected/associated PVC segment end-point. If the value is equal to zero, then this logical port is not a Frame Relay UNI/NNI logical port." ::= { frPVCConnectEntry 2 } frPVCConnectLowDLCIIndex OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Integer32 MAX-ACCESS not-accessible STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The value of this object is equal to the DLCI value for this end-point of the PVC segment. If the value is equal to zero, then this endpoint of the PVC segment is not a Frame Relay connection." ::= { frPVCConnectEntry 3 } frPVCConnectHighIfIndex OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX IfIndex MAX-ACCESS not-accessible STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The value of this object is equal to MIB II's ifIndex value for the UNI/NNI logical port for

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```
this PVC segment. The term high implies that this
           PVC segment end-point has the numerically higher
            ifIndex value than the connected/associated PVC
            segment end-point."
    ::= { frPVCConnectEntry 4 }
frPVCConnectHighDLCIIndex OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Integer32
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
            "The value of this object is equal to the egress
           DLCI value for this end-point of the PVC segment."
    ::= { frPVCConnectEntry 5 }
frPVCConnectAdminStatus OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX INTEGER {
             active(1),
             inactive(2),
             testing(3)
            }
   MAX-ACCESS read-create
    STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
            "The value of this object identifies the desired
            administrative status of this bi-directional PVC
            segment. The active state means the PVC segment
            is currently operational; the inactive state means
           the PVC segment is currently not operational; the
           testing state means the PVC segment is currently
           undergoing a test. This state is set by an
           administrative entity. This value affects the PVC
           status indicated across the ingress NNI/UNI of
           both end-points of the bi-directional PVC segment.
           When a PVC segment connection is created using
           this table, this object is initially set to
            'inactive'. After the frPVCConnectRowStatus
           object is set to 'active' (and the
            corresponding/associated entries in the
            frPVCEndptTable have their frPVCEndptRowStatus
           object set to 'active'), the
            frPVCConnectAdminStatus object may be set to
            'active' to turn on the PVC segment connection."
    ::= { frPVCConnectEntry 6 }
frPVCConnectL2hOperStatus OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX INTEGER {
```

active(1),

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```
inactive(2),
             testing(3),
             unknown(4)
            }
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
            "The value of this object identifies the current
           operational status of the PVC segment connection
            in one direction; (i.e., in the low to high
           direction). The active state means it is
           currently operational; the inactive state means it
           is currently not operational; the testing state
           means it is currently undergoing a test; the
           unknown state means the status of it currently can
           not be determined. This value affects the PVC
           status indicated across the ingress NNI/UNI (low
            side) of the PVC segment."
    ::= { frPVCConnectEntry 7 }
frPVCConnectH2lOperStatus OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX INTEGER {
             active(1),
             inactive(2),
             testing(3),
             unknown(4)
            }
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
            "The value of this object identifies the current
           operational status of the PVC segment connection
           in one direction; (i.e., in the high to low
           direction). The active state means it is
           currently operational; the inactive state means it
           is currently not operational; the testing state
           means it is currently undergoing a test; the
           unknown state means the status of it currently can
           not be determined. This value affects the PVC
           status indicated across the ingress NNI/UNI (high
           side) of the PVC segment."
    ::= { frPVCConnectEntry 8 }
frPVCConnectL2hLastChange OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX TimeStamp
```

MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION

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"The value of MIB II's sysUpTime object at the time this PVC segment entered its current operational state in the low to high direction. If the current state was entered prior to the last re-initialization of the proxy-agent, then this object contains a zero value." ::= { frPVCConnectEntry 9 } frPVCConnectH2lLastChange OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX TimeStamp MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The value of MIB II's sysUpTime object at the time this PVC segment entered its current operational state in the high to low direction. If the current state was entered prior to the last re-initialization of the proxy-agent, then this object contains a zero value.' ::= { frPVCConnectEntry 10 } frPVCConnectRowStatus OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX RowStatus MAX-ACCESS read-create STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The status of this entry in the frPVCConnectTable. This variable is used to create new connections for the PVC end-points and to change existing connections of the PVC endpoints. This object must be initially set to 'createAndWait'. In this state, the agent checks the parameters in the associated entries in the frPVCEndptTable to verify that the PVC end-points can be connected (i.e., the In parameters for one PVC end-point are equal to the Out parameters for the other PVC end-point). This object can not be set to 'active' unless the following columnar object exist in this row: frPVCConnectAdminStatus. The agent also supplies the associated value of frPVCConnectIndex for the frPVCEndptConnectIdentifier instances. To turn on a PVC segment connection, the frPVCConnectAdminStatus is set to 'active'." ::= { frPVCConnectEntry 11 }

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-- The Frame Relay Accounting Groups -- The groups are the following: -- Accounting on a PVC basis -- Accounting on an Interface/Logical Port basis -- The Accounting on a Frame Relay PVC basis Group -- The accounting information is collected for a PVC -- segment end-point. frAccountPVCTable OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF FrAccountPVCEntry MAX-ACCESS not-accessible STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The Frame Relay Accounting PVC table. This table is used to perform accounting on a PVC segment end-point basis." ::= { frnetservObjects 6 } frAccountPVCEntry OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX FrAccountPVCEntry MAX-ACCESS not-accessible STATUS current DESCRIPTION "An entry in the Frame Relay Accounting PVC table." INDEX { ifIndex, frAccountPVCDLCIIndex } ::= { frAccountPVCTable 1 } FrAccountPVCEntry ::= SEQUENCE { frAccountPVCDLCIIndex Integer32, frAccountPVCSegmentSize Integer32, frAccountPVCInSegments Counter32, frAccountPVCOutSegments Counter32 } frAccountPVCDLCIIndex OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Integer32 MAX-ACCESS not-accessible STATUS current

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DESCRIPTION "The value of this object is equal to the DLCI value for this PVC segment end-point." ::= { frAccountPVCEntry 1 } frAccountPVCSegmentSize OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Integer32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The value of this object is equal to the Segment Size for this PVC segment end-point." ::= { frAccountPVCEntry 2 } frAccountPVCInSegments OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Counter32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The value of this object is equal to the number of segments received by this PVC segment endpoint." ::= { frAccountPVCEntry 3 } frAccountPVCOutSegments OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Counter32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The value of this object is equal to the number of segments sent by this PVC segment end-point." ::= { frAccountPVCEntry 4 } -- The Accounting on a Frame Relay Logical Port basis Group frAccountLportTable OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF FrAccountLportEntry MAX-ACCESS not-accessible STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The Frame Relay Accounting Logical Port table. This table is used to perform accounting on a UNI/NNI Logical Port basis." ::= { frnetservObjects 7 } frAccountLportEntry OBJECT-TYPE

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```
SYNTAX FrAccountLportEntry
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
           "An entry in the Frame Relay Accounting Logical
           Port table."
    INDEX { ifIndex }
    ::= { frAccountLportTable 1 }
FrAccountLportEntry ::=
    SEQUENCE {
        frAccountLportSegmentSize
           Integer32,
        frAccountLportInSegments
           Counter32,
        frAccountLportOutSegments
           Counter32
    }
frAccountLportSegmentSize OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX Integer32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The value of this object is equal to the Segment
            Size for this UNI/NNI logical port."
    ::= { frAccountLportEntry 1 }
frAccountLportInSegments OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The value of this object is equal to the number
            of segments received by this UNI/NNI logical
           port."
    ::= { frAccountLportEntry 2 }
frAccountLportOutSegments OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The value of this object is equal to the number
            of segments sent by this UNI/NNI logical port."
    ::= { frAccountLportEntry 3 }
```

```
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```

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```
-- Frame Relay Network Service TRAPS
frPVCConnectStatusChange NOTIFICATION-TYPE
    OBJECTS { frPVCConnectIndex,
              frPVCConnectLowIfIndex, frPVCConnectLowDLCIIndex,
              frPVCConnectHighIfIndex, frPVCConnectHighDLCIIndex,
              frPVCConnectL2hOperStatus, frPVCConnectH2lOperStatus,
             frPVCEndptRcvdSigStatus }
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
            "This trap indicates that the indicated PVC has
            changed state. This trap is not sent if an FR-UNI
            changes state; a linkDown or linkUp trap should be
            sent instead."
    ::= { frnetservTraps 1 }
-- Conformance Information
frnetservConformance OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { frnetservMIB 3 }
                 OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { frnetservConformance 1 }
frnetservGroups
frnetservCompliances OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { frnetservConformance 2 }
-- Compliance Statements
frnetservCompliance MODULE-COMPLIANCE
      STATUS current
     DESCRIPTION
        "The compliance statement for SNMPv2 entities
       which have Frame Relay Network Service Interfaces."
      MODULE -- this module
         MANDATORY-GROUPS { frnetservLportGroup,
                             frnetservMqtVCSiqGroup,
                             frnetservPVCEndptGroup,
                             frnetservPVCConnectGroup }
          GROUP
                     frnetservAccountPVCGroup
          DESCRIPTION
                "This group is optional for Frame Relay interfaces.
                It is
                mandatory if and only if accounting is performed
                on a PVC
                basis this
               Frame Relay interface."
                     frnetservAccountLportGroup
          GROUP
```

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DESCRIPTION "This group is optional for Frame Relay interfaces. It is mandatory if and only if accounting is performed on a logical port basis this Frame Relay interface." OBJECT frPVCEndptInMaxFrameSize SYNTAX Integer32 MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." OBJECT frPVCEndptInBc SYNTAX Integer32 MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." OBJECT frPVCEndptInBe SYNTAX Integer32 MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." OBJECT frPVCEndptInCIR SYNTAX Integer32 MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." OBJECT frPVCEndptOutMaxFrameSize SYNTAX Integer32 MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." OBJECT frPVCEndptOutBc SYNTAX Integer32 MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." OBJECT frPVCEndptOutBe SYNTAX Integer32 SYNTAX Integer32 MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION

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```
"Write access is not required."
              frPVCEndptOutCIR
   OBJECT
SYNTAX
              Integer32
   MIN-ACCESS read-only
   DESCRIPTION
         "Write access is not required."
   OBJECT frPVCEndptConnectIdentifier
SYNTAX Integer32
   MIN-ACCESS read-only
   DESCRIPTION
         "Write access is not required."
   OBJECT frPVCEndptRowStatus
SYNTAX INTEGER { active(1)
              INTEGER { active(1) } -- subset of RowStatus
   MIN-ACCESS read-only
   DESCRIPTION
         "Write access is not required, and only one of the
         six enumerated values for the RowStatus textual
         convention need be supported, specifically:
         active(1)."
   OBJECT
              frPVCConnectAdminStatus
   SYNTAX
              INTEGER {
                active(1),
                 inactive(2),
                 testing(3)
                }
   MIN-ACCESS read-only
   DESCRIPTION
         "Write access is not required."
   OBJECT
              frPVCConnectRowStatus
   SYNTAX INTEGER { active(1) } -- subset of RowStatus
   MIN-ACCESS read-only
   DESCRIPTION
         "Write access is not required."
   OBJECT
              frPVCConnectRowStatus
   SYNTAXINTEGER { active(1) } -- subset of RowStatus
   MIN-ACCESS read-only
   DESCRIPTION
          "Write access is not required, and only one of the
         six enumerated values for the RowStatus textual
         convention need be supported, specifically:
         active(1)."
::= { frnetservCompliances 1 }
```

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-- Units of Conformance

frnetservLportGroup OBJECT-GROUP OBJECTS { frLportNumPlan, frLportContact, frLportLocation, frLportType, frLportAddrDLCILen, frLportVCSigProtocol, frLportVCSigPointer } STATUS current DESCRIPTION "A collection of objects providing information applicable to a Frame Relay Logical Port." ::= { frnetservGroups 1 } frnetservMgtVCSigGroup OBJECT-GROUP OBJECTS { frMgtVCSigProced, frMgtVCSigUserN391, frMgtVCSigUserN392, frMgtVCSigUserN393, frMgtVCSigUserT391, frMgtVCSigNetN392, frMgtVCSigNetN393, frMgtVCSigNetT392, frMgtVCSigNetnN4, frMgtVCSigNetnT3, frMgtVCSigUserLinkRelErrors, frMgtVCSigUserProtErrors, frMgtVCSigUserChanInactive, frMgtVCSigNetLinkRelErrors, frMgtVCSigNetProtErrors, frMgtVCSigNetChanInactive } STATUS current DESCRIPTION "A collection of objects providing information applicable to the Local In-Channel Signaling Procedures used for a UNI/NNI logical port." ::= { frnetservGroups 2 } frnetservPVCEndptGroup OBJECT-GROUP OBJECTS { frPVCConnectIndexValue, frPVCEndptInMaxFrameSize, frPVCEndptInBc, frPVCEndptInBe, frPVCEndptInCIR, frPVCEndptOutMaxFrameSize, frPVCEndptOutBc, frPVCEndptOutBe, frPVCEndptOutCIR, frPVCEndptConnectIdentifier, frPVCEndptRowStatus, frPVCEndptRcvdSigStatus, frPVCEndptInFrames, frPVCEndptOutFrames, frPVCEndptInDEFrames, frPVCEndptInExcessFrames, frPVCEndptOutExcessFrames,

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```
frPVCEndptInDiscards,
                frPVCEndptInOctets, frPVCEndptOutOctets }
      STATUS current
     DESCRIPTION
            "A collection of objects providing information application
            to a Frame Relay PVC end-point."
      ::= { frnetservGroups 3 }
frnetservPVCConnectGroup OBJECT-GROUP
     OBJECTS { frPVCConnectAdminStatus, frPVCConnectL2hOperStatus,
               frPVCConnectH2lOperStatus, frPVCConnectL2hLastChange,
               frPVCConnectH2lLastChange,
               frPVCConnectRowStatus }
     STATUS current
     DESCRIPTION
            "A collection of objects providing information applicable
            to a Frame Relay PVC connection."
      ::= { frnetservGroups 4 }
frnetservAccountPVCGroup OBJECT-GROUP
     OBJECTS { frAccountPVCSegmentSize, frAccountPVCInSegments,
               frAccountPVCOutSegments }
      STATUS current
     DESCRIPTION
            "A collection of objects providing accounting
            information application
            to a Frame Relay PVC end-point."
      ::= { frnetservGroups 5 }
frnetservAccountLportGroup OBJECT-GROUP
     OBJECTS { frAccountLportSegmentSize, frAccountLportInSegments,
               frAccountLportOutSegments }
     STATUS current
      DESCRIPTION
            "A collection of objects providing accounting
            information application
            to a Frame Relay logical port."
      ::= { frnetservGroups 6 }
```

END

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7. Acknowledgments

This document was produced jointly by the Frame Relay Forum Technical Committee MIB Working Group and the Frame Relay Service MIB Working Group.

- 8. References
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9. Security Considerations

Security issues are not discussed in this memo.

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