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Definitions of Managed Objects for IEEE 802.3 Medium Attachment Units (MAUs) using SMIv2

Status of this Memo

This document specifies an Internet standards track protocol for the Internet community, and requests discussion and suggestions for improvements. Please refer to the current edition of the "Internet Official Protocol Standards" (STD 1) for the standardization state and status of this protocol. Distribution of this memo is unlimited.

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Abstract

This memo defines an portion of the Management Information Base (MIB) for use with network management protocols in the Internet community. In particular, it defines objects for managing 10 and 100 Mb/second Medium Attachment Units (MAUs) based on IEEE Std 802.3 Section 30, "10 & 100 Mb/s Management," October 26, 1995.

1. The SNMPv2 Network Management Framework

The SNMPv2 Network Management Framework presently consists of three major components. They are:

- o the SMI, described in RFC 1902 [6] the mechanisms used for describing and naming objects for the purpose of management.
- o the MIB-II, STD 17, RFC 1213 [5] the core set of managed objects for the Internet suite of protocols.
- o the protocol, STD 15, RFC 1157 [10] and/or RFC 1905 [9] the protocol used for accessing managed information.

Textual conventions are defined in RFC 1903 [7], and conformance statements are defined in RFC 1904 [8].

The Framework permits new objects to be defined for the purpose of experimentation and evaluation.

1.1. Object Definitions

Managed objects are accessed via a virtual information store, termed the Management Information Base or MIB. Objects in the MIB are defined using the subset of Abstract Syntax Notation One (ASN.1) defined in the SMI. In particular, each object type is named by an OBJECT IDENTIFIER, an administratively assigned name. The object type together with an object instance serves to uniquely identify a specific instantiation of the object. For human convenience, we often use a textual string, termed the descriptor, to refer to the object type.

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2. Overview

2.1. Relationship to RFC 1515

This MIB is intended to be a superset of that defined by RFC 1515 [11], which will go to historic status. This MIB includes all of the objects contained in that MIB, plus several new ones which provide additional capabilities. Implementors are encouraged to support all applicable conformance groups in order to make the best use of the new functionality provided by this MIB. The new objects provide management support for:

- o management of 100 Mb/s devices
- o auto-negotiation on interface MAUs
- o jack management

2.2. MAU Management

Instances of these object types represent attributes of an IEEE 802.3 MAU. Several types of MAUs are defined in the IEEE 802.3 CSMA/CD standard [1] and [2]. These MAUs may be connected to IEEE 802.3 repeaters or to 802.3 (Ethernet-like) interfaces. For convenience this document refers to these devices as "repeater MAUs" and "interface MAUs."

The definitions presented here are based on Section 30.5, "Layer Management for 10 & 100 Mb/s Medium Attachment Units (MAUs)", and Annex 30A, "GDMO Specifications for 802.3 managed objects" of IEEE Std 802.3u-1995. That specification includes definitions for both 10Mb/s and 100Mb/s devices, and is essentially a superset of the 10Mb/s definitions given by IEEE 802.3 Section 20. This specification is intended to serve the same purpose: to provide for management of both 10Mb/s and 100Mb/s MAUs.

2.3. Relationship to Other MIBs

It is assumed that an agent implementing this MIB will also implement (at least) the 'system' group defined in MIB-II [5]. The following sections identify other MIBs that such an agent should implement.

2.3.1. Relationship to the MIB-II 'interfaces' group

The sections of this document that define interface MAU-related objects specify an extension to the 'interfaces' group of MIB-II. An agent implementing these interface-MAU related objects must also

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implement the 'interfaces' group of MIB-II. The value of the object ifMauIfIndex is the same as the value of 'ifIndex' used to instantiate the interface to which the given MAU is connected.

It is expected that an agent implementing the interface-MAU related objects in this MIB will also implement the Ethernet- like Interfaces MIB, RFC 1650.

(Note that repeater ports are not represented as interfaces in the sense of MIB-II's 'interfaces' group.)

2.3.2. Relationship to the 802.3 Repeater MIB

The section of this document that defines repeater MAU-related objects specifies an extension to the 802.3 Repeater MIB defined in [4]. An agent implementing these repeater-MAU related objects must also implement the 802.3 Repeater MIB.

The values of 'rpMauGroupIndex' and 'rpMauPortIndex' used to instantiate a repeater MAU variable shall be the same as the values of 'rptrPortGroupIndex' and 'rptrPortIndex' used to instantiate the port to which the given MAU is connected.

2.4. Management of Internal MAUs

In some situations, a MAU can be "internal" -- i.e., its functionality is implemented entirely within a device. For example, a managed repeater may contain an internal repeater- MAU and/or an internal interface-MAU through which management communications originating on one of the repeater's external ports pass in order to reach the management agent associated with the repeater. Such internal MAUs may or may not be managed. If they are managed, objects describing their attributes should appear in the appropriate MIB subtree:

dot3RpMauBasicGroup for internal repeater-MAUs and dot3IfMauBasicGroup for internal interface-MAUs.

3. Definitions

MAU-MIB DEFINITIONS ::= BEGIN

IMPORTS

Counter32, Integer32, OBJECT-TYPE, MODULE-IDENTITY, NOTIFICATION-TYPE, OBJECT-IDENTITY, mib-2 FROM SNMPv2-SMI TruthValue, TEXTUAL-CONVENTION

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```
FROM SNMPv2-TC
    OBJECT-GROUP, MODULE-COMPLIANCE, NOTIFICATION-GROUP
       FROM SNMPv2-CONF;
mauMod MODULE-IDENTITY
   LAST-UPDATED "9710310000Z"
    ORGANIZATION "IETF HUB MIB Working Group"
    CONTACT-INFO
        "WG E-mail: hubmib@hprnd.rose.hp.com
             Chair: Dan Romascanu
            Postal: Madge Networks (Israel) Ltd.
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                    118 Turnpike Rd.
                    Southborough, MA 01772
                    USA
               Tel: (508)229-1627
               Fax: (508)490-5882
            E-mail: kdegraaf@isd.3com.com"
    DESCRIPTION
            "Management information for 802.3 MAUs.
            The following references are used throughout this
            MIB module:
            [IEEE 802.3 Std]
               refers to IEEE 802.3/ISO 8802-3 Information
               processing systems - Local area networks -
               Part 3: Carrier sense multiple access with
               collision detection (CSMA/CD) access method
               and physical layer specifications (1993),
               and to IEEE Std 802.3u-1995, Supplement to
               IEEE Std 802.3, clauses 22 through 29.
            [IEEE 802.3 Mgt]
               refers to IEEE 802.3u-1995, - 10 Mb/s \&
               100 Mb/s Management, Section 30 -
               Supplement to IEEE Std 802.3."
    ::= { snmpDot3MauMgt 6 }
```

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snmpDot3MauMgt OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { mib-2 26 } -- textual conventions JackType ::= TEXTUAL-CONVENTION STATUS current DESCRIPTION "Common enumeration values for repeater and interface MAU jack types." SYNTAX INTEGER { other(1), rj45(2), rj45S(3), -- rj45 shielded db9(4), bnc(5), fAUI(6), -- female aui
mAUI(7), -- male aui fiberSC(8), fiberMIC(9), fiberST(10), telco(11) } dot3RpMauBasicGroupOBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { snmpDot3MauMgt 1 }dot3IfMauBasicGroupOBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { snmpDot3MauMgt 2 }dot3BroadMauBasicGroupOBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { snmpDot3MauMgt 3 } dot3IfMauAutoNegGroup OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { snmpDot3MauMgt 5 } -- object identities for MAU types -- (see rpMauType and ifMauType for usage) dot3MauType OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { snmpDot3MauMgt 4 } dot3MauTypeAUI OBJECT-IDENTITY STATUS current DESCRIPTION "no internal MAU, view from AUI" ::= { dot3MauType 1 } dot3MauType10Base5 OBJECT-IDENTITY STATUS current DESCRIPTION "thick coax MAU (per 802.3 section 8)" ::= { dot3MauType 2 }

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dot3MauTypeFoirl OBJECT-IDENTITY STATUS current DESCRIPTION "FOIRL MAU (per 802.3 section 9.9)" ::= { dot3MauType 3 } dot3MauType10Base2 OBJECT-IDENTITY STATUS current DESCRIPTION "thin coax MAU (per 802.3 section 10)" ::= { dot3MauType 4 } dot3MauType10BaseT OBJECT-IDENTITY STATUS current DESCRIPTION "UTP MAU (per 802.3 section 14)" ::= { dot3MauType 5 } dot3MauType10BaseFP OBJECT-IDENTITY STATUS current DESCRIPTION "passive fiber MAU (per 802.3 section 16)" ::= { dot3MauType 6 } dot3MauType10BaseFB OBJECT-IDENTITY STATUS current DESCRIPTION "sync fiber MAU (per 802.3 section 17)" ::= { dot3MauType 7 } dot3MauType10BaseFL OBJECT-IDENTITY STATUS current DESCRIPTION "async fiber MAU (per 802.3 section 18)" ::= { dot3MauType 8 } dot3MauType10Broad36 OBJECT-IDENTITY STATUS current DESCRIPTION "broadband DTE MAU (per 802.3 section 11). Note that 10BROAD36 MAUs can be attached to interfaces but not to repeaters." ::= { dot3MauType 9 } ----- new since RFC 1515: dot3MauType10BaseTHD OBJECT-IDENTITY STATUS current

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```
DESCRIPTION
            "UTP MAU (per 802.3 section 14), half duplex mode"
    ::= { dot3MauType 10 }
dot3MauType10BaseTFD OBJECT-IDENTITY
    STATUS
           current
    DESCRIPTION
            "UTP MAU (per 802.3 section 14), full duplex mode"
    ::= { dot3MauType 11 }
dot3MauType10BaseFLHD OBJECT-IDENTITY
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
            "async fiber MAU (per 802.3 section 18), half
            duplex mode"
    ::= { dot3MauType 12 }
dot3MauType10BaseFLFD OBJECT-IDENTITY
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
            "async fiber MAU (per 802.3 section 18), full
            duplex mode"
    ::= { dot3MauType 13 }
dot3MauType100BaseT4 OBJECT-IDENTITY
    STATUS
           current
    DESCRIPTION
           "4 pair categ. 3 UTP (per 802.3 section 23)"
    ::= { dot3MauType 14 }
dot3MauType100BaseTXHD OBJECT-IDENTITY
   STATUS
            current
   DESCRIPTION
            "2 pair categ. 5 UTP (per 802.3 section 25), half
            duplex mode"
    ::= { dot3MauType 15 }
dot3MauType100BaseTXFD OBJECT-IDENTITY
    STATUS
            current
    DESCRIPTION
            "2 pair categ. 5 UTP (per 802.3 section 25), full
            duplex mode"
    ::= { dot3MauType 16 }
dot3MauType100BaseFXHD OBJECT-IDENTITY
    STATUS
           current
    DESCRIPTION
            "X fiber over PMT (per 802.3 section 26), half
```

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```
duplex mode"
    ::= { dot3MauType 17 }
dot3MauType100BaseFXFD OBJECT-IDENTITY
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
           "X fiber over PMT (per 802.3 section 26), full
           duplex mode"
    ::= { dot3MauType 18 }
dot3MauType100BaseT2HD OBJECT-IDENTITY
    STATUS
             current
   DESCRIPTION
           "2 pair categ. 3 UTP (per 802.3 section 32), half
            duplex mode"
    ::= { dot3MauType 19 }
dot3MauType100BaseT2FD OBJECT-IDENTITY
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
            "2 pair categ. 3 UTP (per 802.3 section 32), full
           duplex mode"
    ::= { dot3MauType 20 }
-- The Basic Repeater MAU Table
rpMauTable OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF RpMauEntry
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS
           current
   DESCRIPTION
            "Table of descriptive and status information about
            the MAU(s) attached to the ports of a repeater."
    ::= { dot3RpMauBasicGroup 1 }
rpMauEntry OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX RpMauEntry
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
           "An entry in the table, containing information
            about a single MAU."
    INDEX
            { rpMauGroupIndex, rpMauPortIndex, rpMauIndex }
    ::= { rpMauTable 1 }
```

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```
RpMauEntry ::=
   SEQUENCE {
       rpMauGroupIndex
          Integer32,
       rpMauPortIndex
           Integer32,
       rpMauIndex
           Integer32,
       rpMauType
           OBJECT IDENTIFIER,
       rpMauStatus
           INTEGER,
        rpMauMediaAvailable
           INTEGER,
        rpMauMediaAvailableStateExits
           Counter32,
       rpMauJabberState
           INTEGER,
       rpMauJabberingStateEnters
           Counter32,
       rpMauFalseCarriers
           Counter32
    }
rpMauGroupIndex OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX Integer32 (1..2147483647)
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
           "This variable uniquely identifies the group
           containing the port to which the MAU described by
           this entry is connected.
           Note: In practice, a group will generally be a
           field-replaceable unit (i.e., module, card, or
           board) that can fit in the physical system
           enclosure, and the group number will correspond to
           a number marked on the physical enclosure.
           The group denoted by a particular value of this
            object is the same as the group denoted by the
            same value of rptrGroupIndex."
    ::= { rpMauEntry 1 }
rpMauPortIndex OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Integer32 (1..2147483647)
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
```

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```
DESCRIPTION
            "This variable uniquely identifies the repeater
            port within group rpMauGroupIndex to which the MAU
            described by this entry is connected."
    REFERENCE
            "Reference RFC 1516, rptrPortIndex."
    ::= { rpMauEntry 2 }
rpMauIndex OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX Integer32 (1..2147483647)
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
            "This variable uniquely identifies the MAU
            described by this entry from among other MAUs
            connected to the same port (rpMauPortIndex)."
    REFERENCE
            "[IEEE 802.3 Mgt], 30.5.1.1.1, aMAUID."
    ::= { rpMauEntry 3 }
rpMauType OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX OBJECT IDENTIFIER
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
            "This object identifies the 10 or 100 Mb/s
            baseband MAU type. An initial set of MAU types
are defined above. The assignment of OBJECT
            IDENTIFIERs to new types of MAUs is managed by the
            IANA. If the MAU type is unknown, the object
            identifier
            unknownMauType OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { 0 0 }
            is returned. Note that unknownMauType is a
            syntactically valid object identifier, and any
            conformant implementation of ASN.1 and the BER
            must be able to generate and recognize this
            value."
    REFERENCE
            "[IEEE 802.3 Mgt], 30.5.1.1.2, aMAUType."
    ::= { rpMauEntry 4 }
rpMauStatus OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX INTEGER {
                   other(1),
                   unknown(2),
                   operational(3),
```

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standby(4), shutdown(5), reset(6) } MAX-ACCESS read-write STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The current state of the MAU. This object may be implemented as a read-only object by those agents and MAUs that do not implement software control of the MAU state. Some agents may not support setting the value of this object to some of the enumerated values. The value other(1) is returned if the MAU is in a state other than one of the states 2 through 6. The value unknown(2) is returned when the MAU's true state is unknown; for example, when it is being initialized. A MAU in the operational(3) state is fully functional, operates, and passes signals to its attached DTE or repeater port in accordance to its specification. A MAU in standby(4) state forces DI and CI to idle and the media transmitter to idle or fault, if supported. Standby(4) mode only applies to link type MAUs. The state of rpMauMediaAvailable is unaffected. A MAU in shutdown(5) state assumes the same condition on DI, CI, and the media transmitter as though it were powered down or not connected. The MAU may return other(1) value for the rpMauJabberState and rpMauMediaAvailable objects when it is in this state. For an AUI, this state will remove power from the AUI. Setting this variable to the value reset(6) resets the MAU in the same manner as a power-off, poweron cycle of at least one-half second would. The agent is not required to return the value reset (6). Setting this variable to the value operational(3), standby(4), or shutdown(5) causes the MAU to

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```
assume the respective state except that setting a
            mixing-type MAU or an AUI to standby(4) will cause
            the MAU to enter the shutdown state."
    REFERENCE
            "[IEEE 802.3 Mgt], 30.5.1.1.7, aMAUAdminState,
            30.5.1.2.2, acMAUAdminControl, and 30.5.1.2.1,
            acRESETMAU."
    ::= { rpMauEntry 5 }
rpMauMediaAvailable OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
             INTEGER {
                   other(1),
                   unknown(2),
                   available(3),
                   notAvailable(4),
                   remoteFault(5),
                   invalidSignal(6),
                   remoteJabber(7),
                   remoteLinkLoss(8),
                   remoteTest(9)
               }
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
            current
    DESCRIPTION
            "If the MAU is a link or fiber type (FOIRL,
            10BASE-T, 10BASE-F) then this is equivalent to the
            link test fail state/low light function. For an
            AUI or a coax (including broadband) MAU this
            indicates whether or not loopback is detected on
            the DI circuit. The value of this attribute
           persists between packets for MAU types AUI,
            10BASE5, 10BASE2, 10BROAD36, and 10BASE-FP.
            The value other(1) is returned if the
            mediaAvailable state is not one of 2 through 6.
            The value unknown(2) is returned when the MAU's
            true state is unknown; for example, when it is
           being initialized. At power-up or following a
            reset, the value of this attribute will be unknown
            for AUI, coax, and 10BASE-FP MAUS. For these MAUS
            loopback will be tested on each transmission
            during which no collision is detected. If DI is
            receiving input when DO returns to IDL after a
            transmission and there has been no collision
            during the transmission then loopback will be
            detected. The value of this attribute will only
            change during non-collided transmissions for AUI,
```

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coax, and 10BASE-FP MAUs.

For 100BASE-T4, 100BASE-TX and 100BASE-FX the enumerations match the states within the respective link integrity state diagrams, fig 23-12 and 24-15 of sections 23 and 24 of [2]. Any MAU which implements management of autonegotiation will map remote fault indication to remote fault.

The value available(3) indicates that the link, light, or loopback is normal. The value notAvailable(4) indicates link loss, low light, or no loopback.

The value remoteFault(5) indicates that a fault has been detected at the remote end of the link. This value applies to 10BASE-FB, 100BASE-T4 Far End Fault Indication and non-specified remote faults from a system running auto-negotiation. The values remoteJabber(7), remoteLinkLoss(8), and remoteTest(9) should be used instead of remoteFault(5) where the reason for remote fault is identified in the remote signaling protocol.

The value invalidSignal(6) indicates that an invalid signal has been received from the other end of the link. InvalidSignal(6) applies only to MAUs of type 10BASE-FB.

Where an IEEE Std 802.3u-1995 clause 22 MII is
present, a logic one in the remote fault bit
(reference section 22.2.4.2.8 of that document)
maps to the value remoteFault(5), and a logic zero
in the link status bit (reference section
22.2.4.2.10 of that document) maps to the value
notAvailable(4). The value notAvailable(4) takes
precedence over the value remoteFault(5)."
REFERENCE
 "[IEEE 802.3 Mgt], 30.5.1.1.4, aMediaAvailable."
::= { rpMauEntry 6 }

rpMauMediaAvailableStateExits OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Counter32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "A count of the number of times that

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```
rpMauMediaAvailable for this MAU instance leaves
            the state available(3)."
    REFERENCE
            "[IEEE 802.3 Mgt], 30.5.1.1.5, aLoseMediaCounter."
    ::= { rpMauEntry 7 }
rpMauJabberState OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX INTEGER {
                  other(1),
                  unknown(2),
                  noJabber(3),
                   jabbering(4)
               }
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
           current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The value other(1) is returned if the jabber
            state is not 2, 3, or 4. The agent must always
           return other(1) for MAU type dot3MauTypeAUI.
           The value unknown(2) is returned when the MAU's
            true state is unknown; for example, when it is
            being initialized.
            If the MAU is not jabbering the agent returns
            noJabber(3). This is the 'normal' state.
            If the MAU is in jabber state the agent returns
           the jabbering(4) value."
    REFERENCE
            "[IEEE 802.3 Mgt], 30.5.1.1.6,
            aJabber.jabberFlag."
    ::= { rpMauEntry 8 }
rpMauJabberingStateEnters OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
            Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
            "A count of the number of times that
            mauJabberState for this MAU instance enters the
            state jabbering(4). For MAUs of type
            dot3MauTypeAUI, dot3MauType100BaseT4,
            dot3MauType100BaseTX, and dot3MauType100BaseFX,
           this counter will always indicate zero."
    REFERENCE
            "[IEEE 802.3 Mgt], 30.5.1.1.6,
            aJabber.jabberCounter."
```

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```
::= { rpMauEntry 9 }
rpMauFalseCarriers OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
           "A count of the number of false carrier events
           during IDLE in 100BASE-X links. This counter does
           not increment at the symbol rate. It can
           increment after a valid carrier completion at a
           maximum rate of once per 100 ms until the next
           carrier event.
           This counter increments only for MAUs of type
           dot3MauType100BaseT4, dot3MauType100BaseTX, and
           dot3MauType100BaseFX. For all other MAU types,
           this counter will always indicate zero.
           The approximate minimum time for rollover of this
           counter is 7.4 hours."
   REFERENCE
            "[IEEE 802.3 Mgt], 30.5.1.1.10, aFalseCarriers."
    ::= { rpMauEntry 10 }
-- The rpJackTable applies to MAUs attached to repeaters
-- which have one or more external jacks (connectors).
rpJackTable OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF RpJackEntry
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS
           current
   DESCRIPTION
            "Information about the external jacks attached to
           MAUs attached to the ports of a repeater."
    ::= { dot3RpMauBasicGroup 2 }
rpJackEntry OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX
            RpJackEntry
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
           "An entry in the table, containing information
           about a particular jack."
          { rpMauGroupIndex,
    INDEX
              rpMauPortIndex,
```

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rpMauIndex, rpJackIndex } ::= { rpJackTable 1 } RpJackEntry ::= SEQUENCE { rpJackIndex Integer32, rpJackType JackType } rpJackIndex OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Integer32 (1..2147483647) MAX-ACCESS not-accessible STATUS current DESCRIPTION "This variable uniquely identifies the jack described by this entry from among other jacks attached to the same MAU (rpMauIndex)." ::= { rpJackEntry 1 } rpJackType OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX JackType MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The jack connector type, as it appears on the outside of the system." ::= { rpJackEntry 2 } -- The Basic Interface MAU Table _ _ ifMauTable OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF IfMauEntry MAX-ACCESS not-accessible STATUS current DESCRIPTION "Table of descriptive and status information about MAU(s) attached to an interface." ::= { dot3IfMauBasicGroup 1 } ifMauEntry OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX If MauEntry

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```
MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
           current
   DESCRIPTION
           "An entry in the table, containing information
            about a single MAU."
           { ifMauIfIndex, ifMauIndex }
    INDEX
    ::= { ifMauTable 1 }
IfMauEntry ::=
    SEQUENCE {
       ifMauIfIndex
           Integer32,
        ifMauIndex
           Integer32,
        ifMauType
           OBJECT IDENTIFIER,
        ifMauStatus
           INTEGER,
        ifMauMediaAvailable
           INTEGER,
        ifMauMediaAvailableStateExits
           Counter32,
        ifMauJabberState
           INTEGER,
        ifMauJabberingStateEnters
           Counter32,
        ifMauFalseCarriers
           Counter32,
        ifMauTypeList
           Integer32,
        ifMauDefaultType
           OBJECT IDENTIFIER,
        ifMauAutoNegSupported
           TruthValue
    }
ifMaulfIndex OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX Integer32 (1..2147483647)
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
            "This variable uniquely identifies the interface
           to which the MAU described by this entry is
           connected."
   REFERENCE
           "RFC 1213, ifIndex"
    ::= { ifMauEntry 1 }
```

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```
ifMauIndex OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX
           Integer32 (1..2147483647)
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
           "This variable uniquely identifies the MAU
           described by this entry from among other MAUs
           connected to the same interface (ifMauIfIndex)."
   REFERENCE
           "[IEEE 802.3 Mgt], 30.5.1.1.1, aMAUID."
    ::= { ifMauEntry 2 }
ifMauType OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX OBJECT IDENTIFIER
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
           "This object identifies the 10 or 100 Mb/s
           baseband or broadband MAU type. An initial set of
           MAU types are defined above. The assignment of
           OBJECT IDENTIFIERs to new types of MAUs is managed
           by the IANA. If the MAU type is unknown, the
           object identifier
           unknownMauType OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { 0 0 }
           is returned. Note that unknownMauType is a
           syntactically valid object identifier, and any
           conformant implementation of ASN.1 and the BER
           must be able to generate and recognize this value.
           This object represents the operational type of the
           MAU, as determined by either (1) the result of the
           auto-negotiation function or (2) if auto-
           negotiation is not enabled or is not implemented
           for this MAU, by the value of the object
           ifMauDefaultType. In case (2), a set to the
           object ifMauDefaultType will force the MAU into
           the new operating mode."
   REFERENCE
           "[IEEE 802.3 Mgt], 30.5.1.1.2, aMAUType."
    ::= { ifMauEntry 3 }
ifMauStatus OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX INTEGER {
                  other(1),
                  unknown(2),
                  operational(3),
```

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standby(4), shutdown(5), reset(6) } MAX-ACCESS read-write STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The current state of the MAU. This object may be implemented as a read-only object by those agents and MAUs that do not implement software control of the MAU state. Some agents may not support setting the value of this object to some of the enumerated values. The value other(1) is returned if the MAU is in a state other than one of the states 2 through 6. The value unknown(2) is returned when the MAU's true state is unknown; for example, when it is being initialized. A MAU in the operational(3) state is fully functional, operates, and passes signals to its attached DTE or repeater port in accordance to its specification. A MAU in standby(4) state forces DI and CI to idle and the media transmitter to idle or fault, if supported. Standby(4) mode only applies to link type MAUs. The state of ifMauMediaAvailable is unaffected. A MAU in shutdown(5) state assumes the same condition on DI, CI, and the media transmitter as though it were powered down or not connected. The MAU may return other(1) value for the ifMauJabberState and ifMauMediaAvailable objects when it is in this state. For an AUI, this state will remove power from the AUI. Setting this variable to the value reset(6) resets the MAU in the same manner as a power-off, poweron cycle of at least one-half second would. The agent is not required to return the value reset (6). Setting this variable to the value operational(3),

standby(4), or shutdown(5) causes the MAU to

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```
assume the respective state except that setting a
           mixing-type MAU or an AUI to standby(4) will cause
           the MAU to enter the shutdown state."
   REFERENCE
            "[IEEE 802.3 Mgt], 30.5.1.1.7, aMAUAdminState,
            30.5.1.2.2, acMAUAdminControl, and 30.5.1.2.1,
           acRESETMAU."
    ::= { ifMauEntry 4 }
ifMauMediaAvailable OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX
            INTEGER {
                  other(1),
                  unknown(2),
                  available(3),
                  notAvailable(4),
                  remoteFault(5),
                  invalidSignal(6),
                  remoteJabber(7),
                  remoteLinkLoss(8),
                  remoteTest(9)
              }
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS
           current
   DESCRIPTION
           "If the MAU is a link or fiber type (FOIRL,
            10BASE-T, 10BASE-F) then this is equivalent to the
           link test fail state/low light function. For an
           AUI or a coax (including broadband) MAU this
           indicates whether or not loopback is detected on
           the DI circuit. The value of this attribute
           persists between packets for MAU types AUI,
           10BASE5, 10BASE2, 10BROAD36, and 10BASE-FP.
           The value other(1) is returned if the
           mediaAvailable state is not one of 2 through 6.
           The value unknown(2) is returned when the MAU's
           true state is unknown; for example, when it is
           being initialized. At power-up or following a
           reset, the value of this attribute will be unknown
           for AUI, coax, and 10BASE-FP MAUS. For these MAUS
           loopback will be tested on each transmission
           during which no collision is detected. If DI is
           receiving input when DO returns to IDL after a
           transmission and there has been no collision
           during the transmission then loopback will be
           detected. The value of this attribute will only
           change during non-collided transmissions for AUI,
```

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coax, and 10BASE-FP MAUs.

For 100BASE-T4, 100BASE-TX and 100BASE-FX the enumerations match the states within the respective link integrity state diagrams, fig 23-12 and 24-15 of sections 23 and 24 of [2]. Any MAU which implements management of autonegotiation will map remote fault indication to remote fault.

The value available(3) indicates that the link, light, or loopback is normal. The value notAvailable(4) indicates link loss, low light, or no loopback.

The value remoteFault(5) indicates that a fault has been detected at the remote end of the link. This value applies to 10BASE-FB, 100BASE-T4 Far End Fault Indication and non-specified remote faults from a system running auto-negotiation. The values remoteJabber(7), remoteLinkLoss(8), and remoteTest(9) should be used instead of remoteFault(5) where the reason for remote fault is identified in the remote signaling protocol.

The value invalidSignal(6) indicates that an invalid signal has been received from the other end of the link. InvalidSignal(6) applies only to MAUs of type 10BASE-FB.

Where an IEEE Std 802.3u-1995 clause 22 MII is
present, a logic one in the remote fault bit
(reference section 22.2.4.2.8 of that document)
maps to the value remoteFault(5), and a logic zero
in the link status bit (reference section
22.2.4.2.10 of that document) maps to the value
notAvailable(4). The value notAvailable(4) takes
precedence over the value remoteFault(5)."
REFERENCE
 "[IEEE 802.3 Mgt], 30.5.1.1.4, aMediaAvailable."
::= { ifMauEntry 5 }

ifMauMediaAvailableStateExits OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Counter32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "A count of the number of times that

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```
ifMauMediaAvailable for this MAU instance leaves
            the state available(3)."
   REFERENCE
           "[IEEE 802.3 Mgt], 30.5.1.1.5, aLoseMediaCounter."
    ::= { ifMauEntry 6 }
ifMauJabberState OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX INTEGER {
                  other(1),
                  unknown(2),
                  noJabber(3),
                  jabbering(4)
               }
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
           current
   DESCRIPTION
            "The value other(1) is returned if the jabber
           state is not 2, 3, or 4. The agent must always
           return other(1) for MAU type dot3MauTypeAUI.
           The value unknown(2) is returned when the MAU's
           true state is unknown; for example, when it is
           being initialized.
           If the MAU is not jabbering the agent returns
           noJabber(3). This is the 'normal' state.
           If the MAU is in jabber state the agent returns
           the jabbering(4) value."
   REFERENCE
           "[IEEE 802.3 Mgt], 30.5.1.1.6,
           aJabber.jabberFlag."
    ::= { ifMauEntry 7 }
ifMauJabberingStateEnters OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
           Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
            "A count of the number of times that
           mauJabberState for this MAU instance enters the
           state jabbering(4). For MAUs of type
           dot3MauTypeAUI, dot3MauType100BaseT4,
           dot3MauType100BaseTX, and dot3MauType100BaseFX,
           this counter will always indicate zero."
   REFERENCE
           "[IEEE 802.3 Mgt], 30.5.1.1.6,
           aJabber.jabberCounter."
```

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```
::= { ifMauEntry 8 }
ifMauFalseCarriers OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
           "A count of the number of false carrier events
           during IDLE in 100BASE-X links. This counter does
           not increment at the symbol rate. It can
           increment after a valid carrier completion at a
           maximum rate of once per 100 ms until the next
           carrier event.
           This counter increments only for MAUs of type
           dot3MauType100BaseT4, dot3MauType100BaseTX, and
           dot3MauType100BaseFX. For all other MAU types,
           this counter will always indicate zero.
           The approximate minimum time for rollover of this
           counter is 7.4 hours."
   REFERENCE
           "[IEEE 802.3 Mgt], 30.5.1.1.10, aFalseCarriers."
    ::= { ifMauEntry 9 }
ifMauTypeList OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Integer32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
           "A value that uniquely identifies the set of
           possible IEEE 802.3 types that the MAU could be.
           The value is a sum which initially takes the value
           zero. Then, for each type capability of this MAU,
           2 raised to the power noted below is added to the
           sum. For example, a MAU which has the capability
           to be only 10BASE-T would have a value of 512
           (2**9). In contrast, a MAU which supports both
           10Base-T (full duplex) and 100BASE-TX (full
           duplex) would have a value of ((2**11) + (2**16))
           or 67584.
           The powers of 2 assigned to the capabilities are
           these:
           Power Capability
             0 other or unknown
             1
                    AUI
```

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2 10BASE-5 3 FOIRL 4 10BASE-2 10BASE-T duplex mode unknown 5 6 10BASE-FP 10BASE-FB 7 8 10BASE-FL duplex mode unknown 9 10broad36 10BASE-T half duplex mode 10BASE-T full duplex mode 10 11 12 10BASE-FL half duplex mode 13 10BASE-FL full duplex mode 14 100BASE-T4 100BASE-TX half duplex mode 15 16 100BASE-TX full duplex mode 17 100BASE-FX half duplex mode 100BASE-FX full duplex mode 18 19 100BASE-T2 half duplex mode 20 100BASE-T2 full duplex mode If auto-negotiation is present on this MAU, this object will map to ifMauAutoNegCapability." ::= { ifMauEntry 10 } ifMauDefaultType OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX OBJECT IDENTIFIER MAX-ACCESS read-write STATUS current DESCRIPTION "This object identifies the default administrative 10 or 100 Mb/s baseband MAU type, to be used in conjunction with the operational MAU type denoted by ifMauType. The set of possible values for this object is the same as the set defined for the ifMauType object. This object represents the administrativelyconfigured type of the MAU. If auto-negotiation is not enabled or is not implemented for this MAU, the value of this object determines the operational type of the MAU. In this case, a set to this object will force the MAU into the specified operating mode. If auto-negotiation is implemented and enabled for this MAU, the operational type of the MAU is

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determined by auto-negotiation, and the value of this object denotes the type to which the MAU will automatically revert if/when auto-negotiation is later disabled. NOTE TO IMPLEMENTORS: It may be necessary to provide for underlying hardware implementations which do not follow the exact behavior specified above. In particular, when ifMauAutoNeqAdminStatus transitions from enabled to disabled, the agent implementation must ensure that the operational type of the MAU (as reported by ifMauType) correctly transitions to the value specified by this object, rather than continuing to operate at the value earlier determined by the auto-negotiation function." REFERENCE "[IEEE 802.3 Mgt], 30.5.1.1.1, aMAUID, and [IEEE 802.3 Std], 22.2.4.1.4." ::= { ifMauEntry 11 } ifMauAutoNegSupported OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX TruthValue MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "This object indicates whether or not autonegotiation is supported on this MAU." ::= { ifMauEntry 12 } -- The ifJackTable applies to MAUs attached to interfaces -- which have one or more external jacks (connectors). ifJackTable OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF IfJackEntry MAX-ACCESS not-accessible STATUS current DESCRIPTION "Information about the external jacks attached to MAUs attached to an interface." ::= { dot3IfMauBasicGroup 2 } ifJackEntry OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX IfJackEntry MAX-ACCESS not-accessible STATUS current

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```
DESCRIPTION
            "An entry in the table, containing information
            about a particular jack."
            { ifMauIfIndex,
    TNDEX
              ifMauIndex,
              ifJackIndex }
    ::= { ifJackTable 1 }
IfJackEntry ::=
   SEQUENCE {
       ifJackIndex
           Integer32,
        ifJackType
           JackType
    }
ifJackIndex OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Integer32 (1..2147483647)
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
            "This variable uniquely identifies the jack
           described by this entry from among other jacks
           attached to the same MAU."
    ::= { ifJackEntry 1 }
ifJackType OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX JackType
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
            "The jack connector type, as it appears on the
            outside of the system."
    ::= { ifJackEntry 2 }
-- The ifMauAutoNegTable applies to systems in which
-- auto-negotiation is supported on one or more MAUs
-- attached to interfaces. Note that if auto-negotiation
-- is present and enabled, the ifMauType object reflects
-- the result of the auto-negotiation function.
ifMauAutoNegTable OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF IfMauAutoNegEntry
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS
           current
   DESCRIPTION
```

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```
"Configuration and status objects for the auto-
            negotiation function of MAUs attached to
            interfaces."
    ::= { dot3IfMauAutoNegGroup 1 }
ifMauAutoNegEntry OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX IfMauAutoNegEntry
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
           "An entry in the table, containing configuration
           and status information for the auto-negotiation
           function of a particular MAU."
                { ifMauIfIndex, ifMauIndex }
        INDEX
    ::= { ifMauAutoNegTable 1 }
IfMauAutoNegEntry ::=
   SEQUENCE {
        ifMauAutoNegAdminStatus
           INTEGER,
        ifMauAutoNegRemoteSignaling
           INTEGER,
        ifMauAutoNegConfig
           INTEGER,
        ifMauAutoNegCapability
           Integer32,
        ifMauAutoNegCapAdvertised
           Integer32,
        ifMauAutoNegCapReceived
           Integer32,
        ifMauAutoNegRestart
           INTEGER
    }
ifMauAutoNegAdminStatus OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX
             INTEGER {
                  enabled(1),
                  disabled(2)
              }
   MAX-ACCESS read-write
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
            "Setting this object to enabled(1) will cause the
            interface which has the auto-negotiation signaling
           ability to be enabled.
```

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```
If the value of this object is disabled(2) then
            the interface will act as it would if it had no
            auto-negotiation signaling. Under these
            conditions, an IEEE 802.3 MAU will immediately be
            forced to the state indicated by the value of the
            object ifMauDefaultType.
            NOTE TO IMPLEMENTORS: When
            ifMauAutoNegAdminStatus transitions from enabled
            to disabled, the agent implementation must ensure
            that the operational type of the MAU (as reported
            by ifMauType) correctly transitions to the value
            specified by the ifMauDefaultType object, rather
            than continuing to operate at the value earlier
            determined by the auto-negotiation function."
   REFERENCE
            "[IEEE 802.3 Mgt], 30.6.1.1.2, aAutoNegAdminState
            and 30.6.1.2.2, acAutoNegAdminControl."
    ::= { ifMauAutoNegEntry 1 }
ifMauAutoNegRemoteSignaling OBJECT-TYPE
              INTEGER {
    SYNTAX
                   detected(1),
                  notdetected(2)
               }
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS
           current
   DESCRIPTION
            "A value indicating whether the remote end of the
            link is using auto-negotiation signaling. It takes
            the value detected(1) if and only if, during the
           previous link negotiation, FLP Bursts were
           received."
   REFERENCE
            "[IEEE 802.3 Mgt], 30.6.1.1.3,
            aAutoNegRemoteSignaling."
    ::= { ifMauAutoNegEntry 2 }
ifMauAutoNegConfig OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX
              INTEGER {
                  other(1),
                   configuring(2),
                   complete(3),
                   disabled(4),
                   parallelDetectFail(5)
               }
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
           current
```

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```
DESCRIPTION
           "A value indicating the current status of the
           auto-negotiation process. The enumeration
           parallelDetectFail(5) maps to a failure in
           parallel detection as defined in 28.2.3.1 of [IEEE
           802.3 Std]."
   REFERENCE
           "[IEEE 802.3 Mgt], 30.6.1.1.4,
           aAutoNegAutoConfig."
    ::= { ifMauAutoNegEntry 4 }
ifMauAutoNegCapability OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Integer32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
           "A value that uniquely identifies the set of
           capabilities of the local auto-negotiation entity.
           The value is a sum which initially takes the value
           zero. Then, for each capability of this
           interface, 2 raised to the power noted below is
           added to the sum. For example, an interface which
           has the capability to support only 100Base-TX half
           duplex would have a value of 32768 (2**15). In
           contrast, an interface which supports both
           100Base-TX half duplex and and 100Base-TX full
           duplex would have a value of 98304 ((2**15) +
           (2**16)).
           The powers of 2 assigned to the capabilities are
           these:
           Power Capability
                   other or unknown
            0
            (1-9)
                    (reserved)
            10
                    10BASE-T half duplex mode
                    10BASE-T full duplex mode
            11
            12
                    (reserved)
            13
                     (reserved)
                    100BASE-T4
            14
            15
                    100BASE-TX half duplex mode
            16
                    100BASE-TX full duplex mode
                     (reserved)
            17
            18
                     (reserved)
            19
                    100BASE-T2 half duplex mode
            20
                    100BASE-T2 full duplex mode
           Note that interfaces that support this MIB may
```

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```
have capabilities that extend beyond the scope of
           this MIB."
   REFERENCE
           "[IEEE 802.3 Mgt], 30.6.1.1.5,
           aAutoNegLocalTechnologyAbility."
    ::= { ifMauAutoNegEntry 5 }
ifMauAutoNegCapAdvertised OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Integer32
   MAX-ACCESS read-write
   STATUS
           current
   DESCRIPTION
           "A value that uniquely identifies the set of
           capabilities advertised by the local auto-
           negotiation entity. Refer to
           ifMauAutoNegCapability for a description of the
           possible values of this object.
           Capabilities in this object that are not available
           in ifMauAutoNegCapability cannot be enabled."
   REFERENCE
           "[IEEE 802.3 Mgt], 30.6.1.1.6,
           aAutoNegAdvertisedTechnologyAbility."
    ::= { ifMauAutoNegEntry 6 }
ifMauAutoNegCapReceived OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Integer32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
           "A value that uniquely identifies the set of
           capabilities received from the remote auto-
           negotiation entity. Refer to
           ifMauAutoNegCapability for a description of the
           possible values of this object.
           Note that interfaces that support this MIB may be
           attached to remote auto-negotiation entities which
           have capabilities beyond the scope of this MIB."
   REFERENCE
           "[IEEE 802.3 Mgt], 30.6.1.1.7,
           aAutoNegReceivedTechnologyAbility."
    ::= { ifMauAutoNegEntry 7 }
ifMauAutoNegRestart OBJECT-TYPE
           INTEGER {
   SYNTAX
                  restart(1),
                  norestart(2)
```

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```
}
   MAX-ACCESS read-write
    STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
           "If the value of this object is set to restart(1)
           then this will force auto-negotiation to begin
           link renegotiation. If auto-negotiation signaling
           is disabled, a write to this object has no effect.
           Setting the value of this object to norestart(2)
           has no effect."
   REFERENCE
            "[IEEE 802.3 Mgt], 30.6.1.2.1,
           acAutoNegRestartAutoConfig."
    ::= { ifMauAutoNegEntry 8 }
_ _
-- The Basic Broadband MAU Table
broadMauBasicTable OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF BroadMauBasicEntry
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS
           current
   DESCRIPTION
            "Table of descriptive and status information about
            the broadband MAUs connected to interfaces."
    ::= { dot3BroadMauBasicGroup 1 }
broadMauBasicEntry OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX BroadMauBasicEntry
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
           "An entry in the table, containing information
           about a single broadband MAU."
    INDEX
          { broadMauIfIndex, broadMauIndex }
    ::= { broadMauBasicTable 1 }
BroadMauBasicEntry ::=
   SEQUENCE {
       broadMauIfIndex
           Integer32,
       broadMauIndex
           Integer32,
       broadMauXmtRcvSplitType
           INTEGER,
```

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```
broadMauXmtCarrierFreq
              Integer32,
          broadMauTranslationFreq
              Integer32
       }
  broadMaulfIndex OBJECT-TYPE
      SYNTAX Integer32 (1..2147483647)
      MAX-ACCESS read-only
      STATUS current
      DESCRIPTION
               "This variable uniquely identifies the interface
               to which the MAU described by this entry is
              connected."
      REFERENCE
               "Reference RFC 1213, ifIndex."
       ::= { broadMauBasicEntry 1 }
  broadMauIndex OBJECT-TYPE
      SYNTAX Integer32 (1..2147483647)
      MAX-ACCESS read-only
      STATUS current
      DESCRIPTION
               "This variable uniquely identifies the MAU
               connected to interface broadMauIfIndex that is
              described by this entry."
      REFERENCE
              "Reference IEEE 802.3 MAU Mgt, 20.2.3.2, aMAUID."
       ::= { broadMauBasicEntry 2 }
  broadMauXmtRcvSplitType OBJECT-TYPE
      SYNTAX
                 INTEGER {
                     other(1),
                     single(2),
                     dual(3)
                  }
      MAX-ACCESS read-only
      STATUS
              current
      DESCRIPTION
               "This object indicates the type of frequency
              multiplexing/cabling system used to separate the
               transmit and receive paths for the 10BROAD36 MAU.
              The value other(1) is returned if the split type
               is not either single or dual.
              The value single(2) indicates a single cable
               system. The value dual(3) indicates a dual cable
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```

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```
system, offset normally zero."
    REFERENCE
           "Reference IEEE 802.3 MAU Mgt, 20.2.3.2,
            aBbMAUXmitRcvSplitType."
    ::= { broadMauBasicEntry 3 }
broadMauXmtCarrierFreq OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX Integer32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
            "This variable indicates the transmit carrier
            frequency of the 10BROAD36 MAU in MHz/4; that is,
            in units of 250 kHz."
   REFERENCE
            "Reference IEEE 802.3 MAU Mgt, 20.2.3.2,
            aBroadbandFrequencies.xmitCarrierFrequency."
    ::= { broadMauBasicEntry 4 }
broadMauTranslationFreq OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX Integer32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
           current
    DESCRIPTION
            "This variable indicates the translation offset
            frequency of the 10BROAD36 MAU in MHz/4; that is,
           in units of 250 kHz."
    REFERENCE
            "Reference IEEE 802.3 MAU Mgt, 20.2.3.2,
            aBroadbandFrequencies.translationFrequency."
    ::= { broadMauBasicEntry 5 }
-- Notifications for use by 802.3 MAUs
rpMauJabberTrap NOTIFICATION-TYPE
    OBJECTS { rpMauJabberState }
    STATUS
               current
   DESCRIPTION
            "This trap is sent whenever a managed repeater MAU
            enters the jabber state.
            The agent must throttle the generation of
            consecutive rpMauJabberTraps so that there is at
            least a five-second gap between them."
    REFERENCE
            "[IEEE 802.3 Mgt], 30.5.1.3.1, nJabber
```

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notification." ::= { snmpDot3MauMgt 0 1 } ifMauJabberTrap NOTIFICATION-TYPE OBJECTS { ifMauJabberState } STATUS current DESCRIPTION "This trap is sent whenever a managed interface MAU enters the jabber state. The agent must throttle the generation of consecutive if MauJabberTraps so that there is at least a five-second gap between them." REFERENCE "[IEEE 802.3 Mgt], 30.5.1.3.1, nJabber notification." ::= { snmpDot3MauMgt 0 2 } -- Conformance information mauModConf OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { mauMod 1 } mauModCompls OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { mauModConf 1 } mauModObjGrps OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { mauModConf 2 } mauModNotGrps OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { mauModConf 3 } -- Object groups mauRpGrpBasic OBJECT-GROUP OBJECTS { rpMauGroupIndex, rpMauPortIndex, rpMauIndex, rpMauType, rpMauStatus, rpMauMediaAvailable, rpMauMediaAvailableStateExits, rpMauJabberState, rpMauJabberingStateEnters } STATUS current DESCRIPTION "Basic conformance group for MAUs attached to repeater ports. This group is also the conformance specification for RFC 1515

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implementations." ::= { mauModObjGrps 1 } mauRpGrp100Mbs OBJECT-GROUP OBJECTS { rpMauFalseCarriers } STATUS current DESCRIPTION "Conformance group for MAUs attached to repeater ports with 100 Mb/s capability." ::= { mauModObjGrps 2 } mauRpGrpJack OBJECT-GROUP OBJECTS { rpJackType } STATUS current DESCRIPTION "Conformance group for MAUs attached to repeater ports with managed jacks." ::= { mauModObjGrps 3 } maulfGrpBasic OBJECT-GROUP OBJECTS { ifMauIfIndex, ifMauIndex, ifMauType, ifMauStatus, ifMauMediaAvailable, ifMauMediaAvailableStateExits, ifMauJabberState, ifMauJabberingStateEnters } STATUS current DESCRIPTION "Basic conformance group for MAUs attached to interfaces. This group also provides a conformance specification for RFC 1515 implementations." ::= { mauModObjGrps 4 } maulfGrp100Mbs OBJECT-GROUP OBJECTS { ifMauFalseCarriers, ifMauTypeList, ifMauDefaultType, ifMauAutoNegSupported } STATUS current DESCRIPTION "Conformance group for MAUs attached to interfaces with 100 Mb/s capability." ::= { mauModObjGrps 5 } maulfGrpJack OBJECT-GROUP

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OBJECTS { ifJackType } STATUS current DESCRIPTION "Conformance group for MAUs attached to interfaces with managed jacks." ::= { mauModObjGrps 6 } maulfGrpAutoNeg OBJECT-GROUP { ifMauAutoNegAdminStatus, OBJECTS ifMauAutoNeqRemoteSignaling, ifMauAutoNegConfig, ifMauAutoNegCapability, ifMauAutoNegCapAdvertised, ifMauAutoNegCapReceived, ifMauAutoNegRestart } STATUS current DESCRIPTION "Conformance group for MAUs attached to interfaces with managed auto-negotiation." ::= { mauModObjGrps 7 } mauBroadBasic OBJECT-GROUP OBJECTS { broadMaulfIndex, broadMauIndex, broadMauXmtRcvSplitType, broadMauXmtCarrierFreq, broadMauTranslationFreq } STATUS current DESCRIPTION "Conformance group for broadband MAUs attached to interfaces. This group provides a conformance specification for RFC 1515 implementations." ::= { mauModObjGrps 8 } -- Notification groups rpMauNotifications NOTIFICATION-GROUP NOTIFICATIONS { rpMauJabberTrap } STATUS current DESCRIPTION "Notifications for repeater MAUs." ::= { mauModNotGrps 1 } ifMauNotifications NOTIFICATION-GROUP NOTIFICATIONS { ifMauJabberTrap } STATUS current DESCRIPTION

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```
"Notifications for interface MAUs."
    ::= { mauModNotGrps 2 }
-- Compliances
mauModRpCompl MODULE-COMPLIANCE
    STATUS
              current
   DESCRIPTION
        "Compliance for MAUs attached to repeater ports."
    MODULE -- this module
       MANDATORY-GROUPS { mauRpGrpBasic }
        GROUP mauRpGrp100Mbs
        DESCRIPTION
            "Implementation of this optional group is
            recommended for MAUs which have 100Mb/s
            capability."
        GROUP mauRpGrpJack
        DESCRIPTION
            "Implementation of this optional group is
            recommended for MAUs which have one or more
            external jacks."
        GROUP rpMauNotifications
        DESCRIPTION
            "Implementation of this group is
            recommended for MAUs attached to repeater
            ports."
    ::= { mauModCompls 1 }
mauModIfCompl MODULE-COMPLIANCE
    STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
        "Compliance for MAUs attached to interfaces."
    MODULE -- this module
       MANDATORY-GROUPS { maulfGrpBasic }
        GROUP maulfGrp100Mbs
        DESCRIPTION
            "Implementation of this optional group is
            recommended for MAUs which have 100Mb/s
            capability."
```

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```
GROUP maulfGrpJack
   DESCRIPTION
        "Implementation of this optional group is
        recommended for MAUs which have one or more
        external jacks."
   GROUP maulfGrpAutoNeg
   DESCRIPTION
        "Implementation of this group is
        mandatory for MAUs which support
        managed auto-negotiation."
   GROUP mauBroadBasic
   DESCRIPTION
        "Implementation of this group is
        mandatory for broadband MAUs."
    GROUP ifMauNotifications
   DESCRIPTION
        "Implementation of this group is
        recommended for MAUs attached to
        interfaces."
::= { mauModCompls 2 }
```

```
END
```

4. Acknowledgements

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Chuck Black John Flick Jeff Johnson Leon Leong Mike Lui Dave Perkins Geoff Thompson Maurice Turcotte Paul Woodruff

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6. Security Considerations

Certain management information defined in this MIB may be considered sensitive in some network environments. Therefore, authentication of received SNMP requests and controlled access to management information should be employed in such environments. The method for this authentication is a function of the SNMP Administrative Framework, and has not been expanded by this MIB.

Several objects in this MIB allow write access. Setting these objects can have a serious effect on the operation of the network, including enabling or disabling a MAU, changing a MAU's default type, enabling, disabling or restarting autonegotiation, or modifying the capabilities that a MAU advertizes during autonegotiation. It is recommended that implementers seriously consider whether set operations should be allowed without providing, at a minimum, authentication of request origin.

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