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Host Resources MIB

Status of this Memo

This document specifies an Internet standards track protocol for the Internet community, and requests discussion and suggestions for improvements. Please refer to the current edition of the "Internet Official Protocol Standards" (STD 1) for the standardization state and status of this protocol. Distribution of this memo is unlimited.

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Abstract

This memo defines a portion of the Management Information Base (MIB) for use with network management protocols in the Internet community. This memo obsoletes RFC 1514, the "Host Resources MIB". This memo extends that specification by clarifying changes based on implementation and deployment experience and documenting the Host Resources MIB in SMIv2 format while remaining semantically identical to the existing SMIv1-based MIB.

This memo defines a MIB for use with managing host systems. The term "host" is construed to mean any computer that communicates with other similar computers attached to the internet and that is directly used by one or more human beings. Although this MIB does not necessarily apply to devices whose primary function is communications services (e.g., terminal servers, routers, bridges, monitoring equipment), such relevance is not explicitly precluded. This MIB instruments attributes common to all internet hosts including, for example, both personal computers and systems that run variants of Unix.

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1. The SNMP Management Framework

The SNMP Management Framework presently consists of five major components:

- o An overall architecture, described in RFC 2571 [RFC2571].
- Mechanisms for describing and naming objects and events for the purpose of management. The first version of this Structure of Management Information (SMI) is called SMIv1 and described in STD 16, RFC 1155 [RFC1155], STD 16, RFC 1212 [RFC1212] and RFC 1215 [RFC1215]. The second version, called SMIv2, is described in STD 58, RFC 2578 [RFC2578], RFC 2579 [RFC2579] and RFC 2580 [RFC2580].
- Message protocols for transferring management information. The first version of the SNMP message protocol is called SNMPv1 and described in STD 15, RFC 1157 [RFC1157]. A second version of the SNMP message protocol, which is not an Internet standards track protocol, is called SNMPv2c and described in RFC 1901 [RFC1901] and RFC 1906 [RFC1906]. The third version of the message protocol is called SNMPv3 and described in RFC 1906 [RFC1906], RFC 2572 [RFC2572] and RFC 2574 [RFC2574].

- o Protocol operations for accessing management information. The first set of protocol operations and associated PDU formats is described in STD 15, RFC 1157 [RFC1157]. A second set of protocol operations and associated PDU formats is described in RFC 1905 [RFC1905].
- o A set of fundamental applications described in RFC 2573 [RFC2573] and the view-based access control mechanism described in RFC 2575 [RFC2575].

A more detailed introduction to the current SNMP Management Framework can be found in RFC 2570 [RFC2570].

Managed objects are accessed via a virtual information store, termed the Management Information Base or MIB. Objects in the MIB are defined using the mechanisms defined in the SMI.

This memo specifies a MIB module that is compliant to the SMIv2. A MIB conforming to the SMIv1 can be produced through the appropriate translations. The resulting translated MIB must be semantically equivalent, except where objects or events are omitted because no translation is possible (use of Counter64). Some machine readable information in SMIv2 will be converted into textual descriptions in SMIv1 during the translation process. However, this loss of machine readable information is not considered to change the semantics of the MIB.

2. Host Resources MIB

The Host Resources MIB defines a uniform set of objects useful for the management of host computers. Host computers are independent of the operating system, network services, or any software application.

The Host Resources MIB defines objects which are common across many computer system architectures.

In addition, there are objects in the SNMPv2-MIB [RFC1907] and IF-MIB [RFC2233] which also provide host management functionality. Implementation of the System and Interfaces groups is mandatory for implementors of the Host Resources MIB.

The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in [RFC2119].

3. IANA Considerations

This MIB contains type definitions for storage types, device types, and file system types for use as values for the hrStorageType, hrDeviceType, and hrFSType objects, respectively. As new computing technologies are developed, new types need to be registered for these technologies. The IANA (Internet Assigned Numbers Authority) is designated as the registration authority for new registrations beyond those published in this document. The IANA will maintain the HOST-RESOURCES-TYPES module as new registrations are added and publish new versions of this module.

Given the large number of such technologies and potential confusion in naming of these technologies (such as a technology known by two names or a name and an acronym), there is a real danger that more than one registration might be created for what is essentially the same technology. In order to ensure that future type registrations are performed correctly, applications for new types will be reviewed by a Designated Expert appointed by the IESG.

4. Definitions

HOST-RESOURCES-MIB DEFINITIONS ::= BEGIN

TMPORTS

MODULE-IDENTITY, OBJECT-TYPE, mib-2,

Integer32, Counter32, Gauge32, TimeTicks FROM SNMPv2-SMI

TEXTUAL-CONVENTION, DisplayString,

TruthValue, DateAndTime, AutonomousType FROM SNMPv2-TC

MODULE-COMPLIANCE, OBJECT-GROUP FROM SNMPv2-CONF

InterfaceIndexOrZero FROM IF-MIB;

hostResourcesMibModule MODULE-IDENTITY

LAST-UPDATED "200003060000Z" -- 6 March 2000 ORGANIZATION "IETF Host Resources MIB Working Group" CONTACT-INFO

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In addition, the Host Resources MIB mailing list is dedicated to discussion of this MIB. To join the mailing list, send a request message to hostmib-request@andrew.cmu.edu. The mailing list address is hostmib@andrew.cmu.edu."

DESCRIPTION

"This MIB is for use in managing host systems. The term 'host' is construed to mean any computer that communicates with other similar computers attached to the internet and that is directly used by one or more human beings. Although this MIB does not necessarily apply to devices whose primary function is communications services (e.g., terminal servers, routers, bridges, monitoring equipment), such relevance is not explicitly precluded. This MIB instruments attributes common to all internet hosts including, for example, both personal computers and systems that run variants of Unix."

REVISION "200003060000Z" -- 6 March 2000 DESCRIPTION

"Clarifications and bug fixes based on implementation experience. This revision was also reformatted in the SMIv2 format. The revisions made were:

New RFC document standards:

Added Copyright notice, updated introduction to SNMP Framework, updated references section, added reference to RFC 2119, and added a meaningful Security Considerations section.

New IANA considerations section for registration of new types

Conversion to new SMIv2 syntax for the following types and macros:

Counter32, Integer32, Gauge32, MODULE-IDENTITY, OBJECT-TYPE, TEXTUAL-CONVENTION, OBJECT-IDENTITY, MODULE-COMPLIANCE, OBJECT-GROUP

Used new Textual Conventions:
 TruthValue, DateAndTime, AutonomousType,
 InterfaceIndexOrZero

Fixed typo in hrPrinterStatus.

Added missing error bits to hrPrinterDetectedErrorState and clarified confusion resulting from suggested mappings to hrPrinterStatus.

Clarified that size of objects of type InternationalDisplayString is number of octets, not number of encoded symbols. Clarified the use of the following objects based on implementation experience:

hrSystemInitialLoadDevice, hrSystemInitialLoadParameters, hrMemorySize, hrStorageSize, hrStorageAllocationFailures, hrDeviceErrors, hrProcessorLoad, hrNetworkIfIndex, hrDiskStorageCapacity, hrSWRunStatus, hrSWRunPerfCPU, and hrSWInstalledDate.

Clarified implementation technique for hrSWInstalledTable.

Used new AUGMENTS clause for hrSWRunPerfTable.

Added Internationalization Considerations section.

This revision published as RFC2790."

```
REVISION "9910202200Z" -- 20 October, 1999
    DESCRIPTION
         "The original version of this MIB, published as
        RFC1514."
    ::= { hrMIBAdminInfo 1 }
host OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { mib-2 25 }
hrStorage OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { host 1 } hrStorage OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { host 2 } hrDevice OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { host 3 } hrSWRun OBJECT IDENTIFIER
hrswRunPerf OBJECT IDENTIFIER :- { host 5 }
hrSWInstalled OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { host 6
hrMIBAdminInfo OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { host 7 }
-- textual conventions
KBytes ::= TEXTUAL-CONVENTION
     STATUS current
```

DESCRIPTION

"Storage size, expressed in units of 1024 bytes." SYNTAX Integer32 (0..2147483647)

ProductID ::= TEXTUAL-CONVENTION STATUS current DESCRIPTION

"This textual convention is intended to identify the

manufacturer, model, and version of a specific hardware or software product. It is suggested that these OBJECT IDENTIFIERs are allocated such that all products from a particular manufacturer are registered under a subtree distinct to that manufacturer. In addition, all versions of a product should be registered under a subtree distinct to that product. With this strategy, a management station may uniquely determine the manufacturer and/or model of a product whose productID is unknown to the management station. Objects of this type may be useful for inventory purposes or for automatically detecting incompatibilities or version mismatches between various hardware and software components on a system.

For example, the product ID for the ACME 4860 66MHz clock doubled processor might be: enterprises.acme.acmeProcessors.a4860DX2.MHz66

A software product might be registered as: enterprises.acme.acmeOperatingSystems.acmeDOS.six(6).one(1)

SYNTAX OBJECT IDENTIFIER

-- unknownProduct will be used for any unknown ProductID
-- unknownProduct OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { 0 0 }

InternationalDisplayString ::= TEXTUAL-CONVENTION
 STATUS current
 DESCRIPTION

"This data type is used to model textual information in some character set. A network management station should use a local algorithm to determine which character set is in use and how it should be displayed. Note that this character set may be encoded with more than one octet per symbol, but will most often be NVT ASCII. When a size clause is specified for an object of this type, the size refers to the length in octets, not the number of symbols." SYNTAX OCTET STRING

-- The Host Resources System Group

hrsystemUptime OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX TimeTicks
MAX-ACCESS read-only
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION

```
"The amount of time since this host was last
        initialized. Note that this is different from
        sysUpTime in the SNMPv2-MIB [RFC1907] because
        sysUpTime is the uptime of the network management
       portion of the system."
    ::= { hrSystem 1 }
hrSystemDate OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX DateAndTime
   MAX-ACCESS read-write
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
        "The host's notion of the local date and time of day."
    ::= { hrSystem 2 }
hrSystemInitialLoadDevice OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Integer32 (1..2147483647)
   MAX-ACCESS read-write
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
        "The index of the hrDeviceEntry for the device from
       which this host is configured to load its initial
        operating system configuration (i.e., which operating
        system code and/or boot parameters).
       Note that writing to this object just changes the
        configuration that will be used the next time the
        operating system is loaded and does not actually cause
        the reload to occur."
    ::= { hrSystem 3 }
hrSystemInitialLoadParameters OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX InternationalDisplayString (SIZE (0..128))
   MAX-ACCESS read-write
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
        "This object contains the parameters (e.g. a pathname
        and parameter) supplied to the load device when
        requesting the initial operating system configuration
        from that device.
    Note that writing to this object just changes the
    configuration that will be used the next time the
    operating system is loaded and does not actually cause
     the reload to occur."
    ::= { hrSystem 4 }
hrSystemNumUsers OBJECT-TYPE
```

```
SYNTAX
             Gauge32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
       "The number of user sessions for which this host is
       storing state information. A session is a collection
       of processes requiring a single act of user
       authentication and possibly subject to collective job
       control."
    ::= { hrSystem 5 }
hrSystemProcesses OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Gauge32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
       "The number of process contexts currently loaded or
       running on this system."
    ::= { hrSystem 6 }
hrSystemMaxProcesses OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX Integer32 (0..2147483647)
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
       "The maximum number of process contexts this system
       can support. If there is no fixed maximum, the value
       should be zero. On systems that have a fixed maximum,
       this object can help diagnose failures that occur when
       this maximum is reached."
    ::= { hrSystem 7 }
-- The Host Resources Storage Group
-- Registration point for storage types, for use with hrStorageType.
-- These are defined in the HOST-RESOURCES-TYPES module.
hrStorageTypes
                      OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { hrStorage 1 }
hrMemorySize OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX KBytes
   UNITS
             "KBytes"
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
       "The amount of physical read-write main memory,
       typically RAM, contained by the host."
    ::= { hrStorage 2 }
```

hrStorageTable OBJECT-TYPE

```
SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF HrStorageEntry
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
        "The (conceptual) table of logical storage areas on
        the host.
        An entry shall be placed in the storage table for each
        logical area of storage that is allocated and has
        fixed resource limits. The amount of storage
        represented in an entity is the amount actually usable
       by the requesting entity, and excludes loss due to
        formatting or file system reference information.
       These entries are associated with logical storage
       areas, as might be seen by an application, rather than
       physical storage entities which are typically seen by
       an operating system. Storage such as tapes and
        floppies without file systems on them are typically
       not allocated in chunks by the operating system to
       requesting applications, and therefore shouldn't
       appear in this table. Examples of valid storage for
        this table include disk partitions, file systems, ram
        (for some architectures this is further segmented into
       regular memory, extended memory, and so on), backing
        store for virtual memory ('swap space').
       This table is intended to be a useful diagnostic for
        'out of memory' and 'out of buffers' types of
        failures. In addition, it can be a useful performance
       monitoring tool for tracking memory, disk, or buffer
       usage."
    ::= { hrStorage 3 }
hrStorageEntry OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX HrStorageEntry
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
        "A (conceptual) entry for one logical storage area on
        the host. As an example, an instance of the
       hrStorageType object might be named hrStorageType.3"
    INDEX { hrStorageIndex }
    ::= { hrStorageTable 1 }
HrStorageEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
       hrStorageIndex
                                    Integer32,
```

```
hrStorageType
                                      AutonomousType,
        hrStorageDescr
                                     DisplayString,
        hrStorageAllocationUnits
                                      Integer32,
        hrStorageSize
                                      Integer32,
        hrStorageUsed
                                      Integer32,
        hrStorageAllocationFailures Counter32
    }
hrStorageIndex OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX Integer32 (1..2147483647)
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
        "A unique value for each logical storage area
        contained by the host."
    ::= { hrStorageEntry 1 }
hrStorageType OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX AutonomousType
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The type of storage represented by this entry."
    ::= { hrStorageEntry 2 }
hrStorageDescr OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX DisplayString
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
        "A description of the type and instance of the storage
        described by this entry."
    ::= { hrStorageEntry 3 }
hrStorageAllocationUnits OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX Integer32 (1..2147483647)
   UNITS "Bytes"
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
        "The size, in bytes, of the data objects allocated
        from this pool. If this entry is monitoring sectors, blocks, buffers, or packets, for example, this number
        will commonly be greater than one. Otherwise this
        number will typically be one."
    ::= { hrStorageEntry 4 }
hrStorageSize OBJECT-TYPE
```

```
Integer32 (0..2147483647)
   MAX-ACCESS read-write
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
        "The size of the storage represented by this entry, in
        units of hrStorageAllocationUnits. This object is
       writable to allow remote configuration of the size of
        the storage area in those cases where such an
       operation makes sense and is possible on the
       underlying system. For example, the amount of main
       memory allocated to a buffer pool might be modified or
        the amount of disk space allocated to virtual memory
       might be modified."
    ::= { hrStorageEntry 5 }
hrStorageUsed OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Integer32 (0..2147483647)
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
        "The amount of the storage represented by this entry
        that is allocated, in units of
       hrStorageAllocationUnits."
    ::= { hrStorageEntry 6 }
hrStorageAllocationFailures OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
        "The number of requests for storage represented by
        this entry that could not be honored due to not enough
        storage. It should be noted that as this object has a
        SYNTAX of Counter32, that it does not have a defined
        initial value. However, it is recommended that this
        object be initialized to zero, even though management
       stations must not depend on such an initialization."
    ::= { hrStorageEntry 7 }
-- The Host Resources Device Group
-- The device group is useful for identifying and diagnosing the
-- devices on a system. The hrDeviceTable contains common
-- information for any type of device. In addition, some devices
-- have device-specific tables for more detailed information. More
-- such tables may be defined in the future for other device types.
-- Registration point for device types, for use with hrDeviceType.
```

```
-- These are defined in the HOST-RESOURCES-TYPES module.
hrDeviceTypes
                           OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { hrDevice 1 }
hrDeviceTable OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF HrDeviceEntry
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
         "The (conceptual) table of devices contained by the
    ::= { hrDevice 2 }
hrDeviceEntry OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX HrDeviceEntry
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
         "A (conceptual) entry for one device contained by the
        host. As an example, an instance of the hrDeviceType
        object might be named hrDeviceType.3"
    INDEX { hrDeviceIndex }
::= { hrDeviceTable 1 }
HrDeviceEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
        hrDeviceIndex Integer32,
hrDeviceType AutonomousType,
hrDeviceDescr DisplayString,
hrDeviceID ProductID,
hrDeviceStatus INTEGER,
hrDeviceErrors Counter32
    }
hrDeviceIndex OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX Integer32 (1..2147483647)
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
         "A unique value for each device contained by the host.
        The value for each device must remain constant at
        least from one re-initialization of the agent to the
        next re-initialization."
    ::= { hrDeviceEntry 1 }
hrDeviceType OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX AutonomousType
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
```

```
"An indication of the type of device.
        If this value is
        `hrDeviceProcessor { hrDeviceTypes 3 }' then an entry
        exists in the hrProcessorTable which corresponds to
        this device.
       If this value is
        'hrDeviceNetwork { hrDeviceTypes 4 }', then an entry
        exists in the hrNetworkTable which corresponds to this
       device.
       If this value is
        'hrDevicePrinter { hrDeviceTypes 5 }', then an entry
        exists in the hrPrinterTable which corresponds to this
       device.
        If this value is
        'hrDeviceDiskStorage { hrDeviceTypes 6 }', then an
       entry exists in the hrDiskStorageTable which
       corresponds to this device."
    ::= { hrDeviceEntry 2 }
hrDeviceDescr OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX DisplayString (SIZE (0..64))
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
        "A textual description of this device, including the
       device's manufacturer and revision, and optionally,
       its serial number."
    ::= { hrDeviceEntry 3 }
hrDeviceID OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX ProductID
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
       "The product ID for this device."
    ::= { hrDeviceEntry 4 }
hrDeviceStatus OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX INTEGER {
                  unknown(1),
                  running(2),
                  warning(3),
                   testing(4),
                   down(5)
```

```
MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
        "The current operational state of the device described
       by this row of the table. A value unknown(1)
        indicates that the current state of the device is
       unknown. running(2) indicates that the device is up
       and running and that no unusual error conditions are
       known. The warning(3) state indicates that agent has
       been informed of an unusual error condition by the
       operational software (e.g., a disk device driver) but
        that the device is still 'operational'. An example
       would be a high number of soft errors on a disk. A
       value of testing(4), indicates that the device is not
       available for use because it is in the testing state.
       The state of down(5) is used only when the agent has
       been informed that the device is not available for any
       use."
    ::= { hrDeviceEntry 5 }
hrDeviceErrors OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
        "The number of errors detected on this device. It
        should be noted that as this object has a SYNTAX of
       Counter32, that it does not have a defined initial
       value. However, it is recommended that this object be
       initialized to zero, even though management stations
       must not depend on such an initialization."
    ::= { hrDeviceEntry 6 }
hrProcessorTable OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF HrProcessorEntry
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
        "The (conceptual) table of processors contained by the
       host.
       Note that this table is potentially sparse: a
        (conceptual) entry exists only if the correspondent
        value of the hrDeviceType object is
        'hrDeviceProcessor'."
    ::= { hrDevice 3 }
```

```
hrProcessorEntry OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX HrProcessorEntry
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
       "A (conceptual) entry for one processor contained by
       the host. The hrDeviceIndex in the index represents
       the entry in the hrDeviceTable that corresponds to the
       hrProcessorEntry.
       As an example of how objects in this table are named,
       an instance of the hrProcessorFrwID object might be
       named hrProcessorFrwID.3"
    INDEX { hrDeviceIndex }
    ::= { hrProcessorTable 1 }
HrProcessorEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
       hrProcessorFrwID
                                   ProductID,
       hrProcessorLoad
                                  Integer32
hrProcessorFrwID OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX ProductID
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
       "The product ID of the firmware associated with the
       processor."
    ::= { hrProcessorEntry 1 }
hrProcessorLoad OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Integer32 (0..100)
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
       "The average, over the last minute, of the percentage
       of time that this processor was not idle.
       Implementations may approximate this one minute
       smoothing period if necessary."
    ::= { hrProcessorEntry 2 }
hrNetworkTable OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF HrNetworkEntry
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
       "The (conceptual) table of network devices contained
       by the host.
```

```
Note that this table is potentially sparse: a
       (conceptual) entry exists only if the correspondent
       value of the hrDeviceType object is
       `hrDeviceNetwork'."
    ::= { hrDevice 4 }
hrNetworkEntry OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX HrNetworkEntry
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
       "A (conceptual) entry for one network device contained
       by the host. The hrDeviceIndex in the index
       represents the entry in the hrDeviceTable that
       corresponds to the hrNetworkEntry.
       As an example of how objects in this table are named,
       an instance of the hrNetworkIfIndex object might be
       named hrNetworkIfIndex.3"
   INDEX { hrDeviceIndex }
    ::= { hrNetworkTable 1 }
HrNetworkEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
       hrNetworkIfIndex OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX InterfaceIndexOrZero
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
       "The value of ifIndex which corresponds to this
       network device. If this device is not represented in
       the ifTable, then this value shall be zero."
    ::= { hrNetworkEntry 1 }
hrPrinterTable OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF HrPrinterEntry
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
       "The (conceptual) table of printers local to the host.
       Note that this table is potentially sparse: a
       (conceptual) entry exists only if the correspondent
       value of the hrDeviceType object is
       'hrDevicePrinter'."
    ::= { hrDevice 5 }
```

```
hrPrinterEntry OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX HrPrinterEntry
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
       "A (conceptual) entry for one printer local to the
       host. The hrDeviceIndex in the index represents the
       entry in the hrDeviceTable that corresponds to the
       hrPrinterEntry.
       As an example of how objects in this table are named,
       an instance of the hrPrinterStatus object might be
       named hrPrinterStatus.3"
    INDEX { hrDeviceIndex }
    ::= { hrPrinterTable 1 }
HrPrinterEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
       hrPrinterStatus
                                   INTEGER,
       hrPrinterDetectedErrorState OCTET STRING
    }
hrPrinterStatus OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX INTEGER {
                  other(1),
                  unknown(2),
                  idle(3),
                  printing(4),
                  warmup(5)
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
       "The current status of this printer device."
    ::= { hrPrinterEntry 1 }
hrPrinterDetectedErrorState OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX OCTET STRING
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
       "This object represents any error conditions detected
       by the printer. The error conditions are encoded as
       bits in an octet string, with the following
       definitions:
            Condition
                            Bit #
            lowPaper
```

noPaper	1
lowToner	2
noToner	3
doorOpen	4
jammed	5
offline	6
serviceRequested	7
inputTrayMissing	8
outputTrayMissing	9
markerSupplyMissing	10
outputNearFull	11
outputFull	12
inputTrayEmpty	13
overduePreventMaint	14

Bits are numbered starting with the most significant bit of the first byte being bit 0, the least significant bit of the first byte being bit 7, the most significant bit of the second byte being bit 8, and so on. A one bit encodes that the condition was detected, while a zero bit encodes that the condition was not detected.

This object is useful for alerting an operator to specific warning or error conditions that may occur, especially those requiring human intervention."

::= { hrPrinterEntry 2 }

```
hrDiskStorageTable OBJECT-TYPE
```

SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF HrDiskStorageEntry
MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION

"The (conceptual) table of long-term storage devices contained by the host. In particular, disk devices accessed remotely over a network are not included here.

Note that this table is potentially sparse: a (conceptual) entry exists only if the correspondent value of the hrDeviceType object is 'hrDeviceDiskStorage'."

::= { hrDevice 6 }

hrDiskStorageEntry OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX HrDiskStorageEntry MAX-ACCESS not-accessible

STATUS current

```
DESCRIPTION
        "A (conceptual) entry for one long-term storage device
        contained by the host. The hrDeviceIndex in the index
        represents the entry in the hrDeviceTable that
        corresponds to the hrDiskStorageEntry. As an example,
        an instance of the hrDiskStorageCapacity object might
       be named hrDiskStorageCapacity.3"
    INDEX { hrDeviceIndex }
    ::= { hrDiskStorageTable 1 }
HrDiskStorageEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
       hrDiskStorageAccess
                                  INTEGER,
                                  INTEGER,
       hrDiskStorageMedia
       hrDiskStorageRemoveble TruthValue, hrDiskStorageCapacity KBytes
    }
hrDiskStorageAccess OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX INTEGER {
                  readWrite(1),
                  readOnly(2)
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
        "An indication if this long-term storage device is
        readable and writable or only readable. This should
        reflect the media type, any write-protect mechanism,
        and any device configuration that affects the entire
        device."
    ::= { hrDiskStorageEntry 1 }
hrDiskStorageMedia OBJECT-TYPE
              INTEGER {
                  other(1),
                   unknown(2),
                   hardDisk(3),
                   floppyDisk(4),
                   opticalDiskROM(5),
                   opticalDiskWORM(6), -- Write Once Read Many
                   opticalDiskRW(7),
                   ramDisk(8)
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
        "An indication of the type of media used in this long-
        term storage device."
```

```
::= { hrDiskStorageEntry 2 }
hrDiskStorageRemoveble OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX TruthValue
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
        "Denotes whether or not the disk media may be removed
       from the drive."
    ::= { hrDiskStorageEntry 3 }
hrDiskStorageCapacity OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX KBytes UNITS "KBytes"
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
        "The total size for this long-term storage device. If
       the media is removable and is currently removed, this
       value should be zero."
    ::= { hrDiskStorageEntry 4 }
hrPartitionTable OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF HrPartitionEntry
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
        "The (conceptual) table of partitions for long-term
        storage devices contained by the host. In particular,
       partitions accessed remotely over a network are not
       included here."
    ::= { hrDevice 7 }
hrPartitionEntry OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX HrPartitionEntry
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
        "A (conceptual) entry for one partition. The
       hrDeviceIndex in the index represents the entry in the
       hrDeviceTable that corresponds to the
       hrPartitionEntry.
       As an example of how objects in this table are named,
        an instance of the hrPartitionSize object might be
       named hrPartitionSize.3.1"
    INDEX { hrDeviceIndex, hrPartitionIndex }
    ::= { hrPartitionTable 1 }
```

```
HrPartitionEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
       hrPartitionIndex
                                      Integer32,
       hrPartitionLabel
                                      InternationalDisplayString,
                                     OCTET STRING,
       hrPartitionID
       hrPartitionSize
                                     KBytes,
       hrPartitionFSIndex
                                      Integer32
    }
hrPartitionIndex OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Integer32 (1..2147483647)
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
       "A unique value for each partition on this long-term
       storage device. The value for each long-term storage
       device must remain constant at least from one re-
       initialization of the agent to the next re-
       initialization."
    ::= { hrPartitionEntry 1 }
hrPartitionLabel OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX InternationalDisplayString (SIZE (0..128))
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
       "A textual description of this partition."
    ::= { hrPartitionEntry 2 }
hrPartitionID OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX OCTET STRING
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
       "A descriptor which uniquely represents this partition
       to the responsible operating system. On some systems,
       this might take on a binary representation."
    ::= { hrPartitionEntry 3 }
hrPartitionSize OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX KBytes
   UNITS
             "KBytes"
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
       "The size of this partition."
    ::= { hrPartitionEntry 4 }
hrPartitionFSIndex OBJECT-TYPE
```

```
Integer32 (0..2147483647)
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
        "The index of the file system mounted on this
       partition. If no file system is mounted on this
       partition, then this value shall be zero. Note that
       multiple partitions may point to one file system,
       denoting that that file system resides on those
       partitions. Multiple file systems may not reside on
       one partition."
    ::= { hrPartitionEntry 5 }
-- The File System Table
-- Registration point for popular File System types,
-- for use with hrFSType. These are defined in the
-- HOST-RESOURCES-TYPES module.
hrFSTypes
                      OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { hrDevice 9 }
hrFSTable OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF HrFSEntry
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
        "The (conceptual) table of file systems local to this
       host or remotely mounted from a file server. File
       systems that are in only one user's environment on a
       multi-user system will not be included in this table."
    ::= { hrDevice 8 }
hrFSEntry OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX HrFSEntry
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
        "A (conceptual) entry for one file system local to
        this host or remotely mounted from a file server.
       File systems that are in only one user's environment
       on a multi-user system will not be included in this
       table.
       As an example of how objects in this table are named,
       an instance of the hrFSMountPoint object might be
       named hrFSMountPoint.3"
    INDEX { hrFSIndex }
    ::= { hrFSTable 1 }
```

```
HrFSEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
        hrFSIndex Integer32,
hrFSMountPoint InternationalDisplayString,
hrFSRemoteMountPoint InternationalDisplayString,
hrFSType AutonomousType,
                                     INTEGER,
        hrFSAccess
        hrFSBootable
                                    TruthValue,
        hrFSStorageIndex Integer32,
hrFSLastFullBackupDate DateAndTime,
        hrFSLastPartialBackupDate DateAndTime
    }
hrFSIndex OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX Integer32 (1..2147483647)
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
        "A unique value for each file system local to this
        host. The value for each file system must remain
        constant at least from one re-initialization of the
        agent to the next re-initialization."
    ::= { hrFSEntry 1 }
hrFSMountPoint OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX InternationalDisplayString (SIZE(0..128))
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The path name of the root of this file system."
    ::= { hrFSEntry 2 }
hrFSRemoteMountPoint OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX InternationalDisplayString (SIZE(0..128))
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
        "A description of the name and/or address of the
        server that this file system is mounted from. This
        may also include parameters such as the mount point on
        the remote file system. If this is not a remote file
        system, this string should have a length of zero."
    ::= { hrFSEntry 3 }
hrfSType OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX AutonomousType
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
```

```
"The value of this object identifies the type of this
        file system."
    ::= { hrFSEntry 4 }
hrFSAccess OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX INTEGER {
               readWrite(1),
                  readOnly(2)
              }
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
        "An indication if this file system is logically
        configured by the operating system to be readable and
       writable or only readable. This does not represent
       any local access-control policy, except one that is
        applied to the file system as a whole."
    ::= { hrFSEntry 5 }
hrFSBootable OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX TruthValue
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
        "A flag indicating whether this file system is
       bootable."
    ::= { hrFSEntry 6 }
hrFSStorageIndex OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Integer32 (0..2147483647)
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
        "The index of the hrStorageEntry that represents
        information about this file system. If there is no
        such information available, then this value shall be
        zero. The relevant storage entry will be useful in
        tracking the percent usage of this file system and
       diagnosing errors that may occur when it runs out of
       space."
    ::= { hrFSEntry 7 }
hrFSLastFullBackupDate OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX DateAndTime
   MAX-ACCESS read-write
    STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
        "The last date at which this complete file system was
```

```
copied to another storage device for backup.
        information is useful for ensuring that backups are
       being performed regularly.
        If this information is not known, then this variable
        shall have the value corresponding to January 1, year
        0000, 00:00:00.0, which is encoded as
        (hex)'00 00 01 01 00 00 00 00'."
    ::= { hrFSEntry 8 }
hrFSLastPartialBackupDate OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX DateAndTime
   MAX-ACCESS read-write
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
        "The last date at which a portion of this file system
       was copied to another storage device for backup. This
        information is useful for ensuring that backups are
       being performed regularly.
        If this information is not known, then this variable
        shall have the value corresponding to January 1, year
        0000, 00:00:00.0, which is encoded as
        (hex)'00 00 01 01 00 00 00 00'."
    ::= { hrFSEntry 9 }
-- The Host Resources Running Software Group
-- The hrSWRunTable contains an entry for each distinct piece of
-- software that is running or loaded into physical or virtual
-- memory in preparation for running. This includes the host's
-- operating system, device drivers, and applications.
hrSWOSIndex OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Integer32 (1..2147483647)
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
        "The value of the hrSWRunIndex for the hrSWRunEntry
        that represents the primary operating system running
        on this host. This object is useful for quickly and
       uniquely identifying that primary operating system."
    ::= { hrSWRun 1 }
hrSWRunTable OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF HrSWRunEntry
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS current
```

```
DESCRIPTION
        "The (conceptual) table of software running on the
        host."
    ::= { hrSWRun 2 }
hrSWRunEntry OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX HrSWRunEntry
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
        "A (conceptual) entry for one piece of software
        running on the host Note that because the installed
        software table only contains information for software
        stored locally on this host, not every piece of
        running software will be found in the installed
        software table. This is true of software that was
        loaded and run from a non-local source, such as a
        network-mounted file system.
        As an example of how objects in this table are named,
        an instance of the hrSWRunName object might be named
        hrSWRunName.1287"
    INDEX { hrSWRunIndex }
    ::= { hrSWRunTable 1 }
HrSWRunEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
        hrSWRunIndex Integer32,
hrSWRunName InternationalDisplayString,
        hrSWRunName
        hrSWRunID ProductID,
hrSWRunPath InternationalDisplayString,
hrSWRunParameters InternationalDisplayString,
        hrSWRunType INTEGER,
hrSWRunStatus INTEGER
    }
hrSWRunIndex OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX Integer32 (1..2147483647)
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
        "A unique value for each piece of software running on
        the host. Wherever possible, this should be the
        system's native, unique identification number."
    ::= { hrSWRunEntry 1 }
hrSWRunName OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX InternationalDisplayString (SIZE (0..64))
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
```

```
STATUS
              current
   DESCRIPTION
        "A textual description of this running piece of
        software, including the manufacturer, revision, and
        the name by which it is commonly known. If this
        software was installed locally, this should be the
       same string as used in the corresponding
       hrSWInstalledName."
    ::= { hrSWRunEntry 2 }
hrSWRunID OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX ProductID
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
        "The product ID of this running piece of software."
    ::= { hrSWRunEntry 3 }
hrSWRunPath OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX InternationalDisplayString (SIZE(0..128))
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
        "A description of the location on long-term storage
        (e.g. a disk drive) from which this software was
        loaded."
    ::= { hrSWRunEntry 4 }
hrSWRunParameters OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX InternationalDisplayString (SIZE(0..128))
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
        "A description of the parameters supplied to this
       software when it was initially loaded."
    ::= { hrSWRunEntry 5 }
hrSWRunType OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX INTEGER {
                  unknown(1),
                  operatingSystem(2),
                  deviceDriver(3),
                  application(4)
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
        "The type of this software."
```

```
::= { hrSWRunEntry 6 }
hrSWRunStatus OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX INTEGER {
                 running(1),
                  runnable(2), -- waiting for resource
                                 -- (i.e., CPU, memory, IO)
                  notRunnable(3), -- loaded but waiting for event
                             -- not loaded
                  invalid(4)
              }
   MAX-ACCESS read-write
    STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
        "The status of this running piece of software.
        Setting this value to invalid(4) shall cause this
        software to stop running and to be unloaded. Sets to
       other values are not valid."
    ::= { hrSWRunEntry 7 }
-- The Host Resources Running Software Performance Group
-- The hrSWRunPerfTable contains an entry corresponding to
-- each entry in the hrSWRunTable.
hrSWRunPerfTable OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF HrSWRunPerfEntry
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
       "The (conceptual) table of running software
       performance metrics."
    ::= { hrSWRunPerf 1 }
hrSWRunPerfEntry OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX HrSWRunPerfEntry
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
        "A (conceptual) entry containing software performance
       metrics. As an example, an instance of the
       hrSWRunPerfCPU object might be named
       hrSWRunPerfCPU.1287"
   AUGMENTS { hrSWRunEntry } -- This table augments information in
                              -- the hrSWRunTable.
    ::= { hrSWRunPerfTable 1 }
HrSWRunPerfEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
       hrSWRunPerfCPU
                               Integer32,
```

```
hrSWRunPerfMem
                               KBytes
hrSWRunPerfCPU OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Integer32 (0..2147483647)
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
        "The number of centi-seconds of the total system's CPU
       resources consumed by this process. Note that on a
        multi-processor system, this value may increment by
        more than one centi-second in one centi-second of real
        (wall clock) time."
    ::= { hrswRunPerfEntry 1 }
hrSWRunPerfMem OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX KBytes UNITS "KBytes"
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
        "The total amount of real system memory allocated to
        this process."
    ::= { hrSWRunPerfEntry 2 }
-- The Host Resources Installed Software Group
-- The hrSWInstalledTable contains an entry for each piece
-- of software installed in long-term storage (e.g. a disk
-- drive) locally on this host. Note that this does not
-- include software loadable remotely from a network
-- server.
-- Different implementations may track software in varying
-- ways. For example, while some implementations may track
-- executable files as distinct pieces of software, other
-- implementations may use other strategies such as keeping
-- track of software "packages" (e.g., related groups of files)
-- or keeping track of system or application "patches".
-- This table is useful for identifying and inventorying
-- software on a host and for diagnosing incompatibility
-- and version mismatch problems between various pieces
-- of hardware and software.
hrSWInstalledLastChange OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX TimeTicks
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
```

```
STATUS
              current
   DESCRIPTION
        "The value of sysUpTime when an entry in the
       hrSWInstalledTable was last added, renamed, or
       deleted. Because this table is likely to contain many
        entries, polling of this object allows a management
       station to determine when re-downloading of the table
       might be useful."
    ::= { hrSWInstalled 1 }
hrSWInstalledLastUpdateTime OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX TimeTicks
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
        "The value of sysUpTime when the hrSWInstalledTable
       was last completely updated. Because caching of this
       data will be a popular implementation strategy,
       retrieval of this object allows a management station
       to obtain a guarantee that no data in this table is
       older than the indicated time."
    ::= { hrSWInstalled 2 }
hrSWInstalledTable OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF HrSWInstalledEntry
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
        "The (conceptual) table of software installed on this
       host."
    ::= { hrSWInstalled 3 }
hrSWInstalledEntry OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX HrSWInstalledEntry
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
       "A (conceptual) entry for a piece of software
        installed on this host.
       As an example of how objects in this table are named,
       an instance of the hrSWInstalledName object might be
       named hrSWInstalledName.96"
    INDEX { hrSWInstalledIndex }
    ::= { hrSWInstalledTable 1 }
HrSWInstalledEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
       hrSWInstalledIndex
                                Integer32,
```

```
hrSWInstalledName
                               InternationalDisplayString,
       hrSWInstalledID
                              ProductID,
       {	t hrSWInstalledType}
       hrSWInstalledDate
                               INTEGER,
                              DateAndTime
}
hrSWInstalledIndex OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Integer32 (1..2147483647)
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
       "A unique value for each piece of software installed
       on the host. This value shall be in the range from 1
       to the number of pieces of software installed on the
       host."
    ::= { hrSWInstalledEntry 1 }
hrSWInstalledName OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX InternationalDisplayString (SIZE (0..64))
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
        "A textual description of this installed piece of
       software, including the manufacturer, revision, the
       name by which it is commonly known, and optionally,
       its serial number."
    ::= { hrSWInstalledEntry 2 }
hrSWInstalledID OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX ProductID
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
       "The product ID of this installed piece of software."
    ::= { hrSWInstalledEntry 3 }
hrSWInstalledType OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX
             INTEGER {
                  unknown(1),
                  operatingSystem(2),
                  deviceDriver(3),
                  application(4)
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
       "The type of this software."
    ::= { hrSWInstalledEntry 4 }
```

```
hrSWInstalledDate OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX DateAndTime
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
        "The last-modification date of this application as it
        would appear in a directory listing.
        If this information is not known, then this variable
        shall have the value corresponding to January 1, year
        0000, 00:00:00.0, which is encoded as
        (hex)'00 00 01 01 00 00 00 00'."
    ::= { hrSWInstalledEntry 5 }
-- Conformance information
hrMIBCompliances OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { hrMIBAdminInfo 2 }
hrMIBGroups OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { hrMIBAdminInfo 3 }
-- Compliance Statements
hrMIBCompliance MODULE-COMPLIANCE
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The requirements for conformance to the Host Resources MIB."
    MODULE -- this module
     MANDATORY-GROUPS { hrSystemGroup, hrStorageGroup,
                         hrDeviceGroup }
      OBJECT hrSystemDate
          MIN-ACCESS read-only
          DESCRIPTION
              "Write access is not required."
      OBJECT hrSystemInitialLoadDevice
         MIN-ACCESS read-only
          DESCRIPTION
              "Write access is not required."
      {\tt OBJECT\ hr System Initial Load Parameters}
          MIN-ACCESS read-only
          DESCRIPTION
              "Write access is not required."
      OBJECT hrStorageSize
         MIN-ACCESS read-only
          DESCRIPTION
              "Write access is not required."
```

```
OBJECT hrFSLastFullBackupDate
      MIN-ACCESS read-only
     DESCRIPTION
          "Write access is not required."
  OBJECT hrFSLastPartialBackupDate
     MIN-ACCESS read-only
      DESCRIPTION
          "Write access is not required."
  GROUP hrSWRunGroup
      DESCRIPTION
          "The Running Software Group. Implementation
          of this group is mandatory only when the
          hrSWRunPerfGroup is implemented."
  OBJECT hrSWRunStatus
     MIN-ACCESS read-only
      DESCRIPTION
          "Write access is not required."
  GROUP hrSWRunPerfGroup
      DESCRIPTION
          "The Running Software Performance Group.
          Implementation of this group is at the discretion
          of the implementor."
  GROUP hrSWInstalledGroup
      DESCRIPTION
          "The Installed Software Group.
          Implementation of this group is at the discretion
          of the implementor."
::= { hrMIBCompliances 1 }
hrSystemGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS {
       hrSystemUptime, hrSystemDate,
       hrSystemInitialLoadDevice,
       hrSystemInitialLoadParameters,
       hrSystemNumUsers, hrSystemProcesses,
       hrSystemMaxProcesses
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The Host Resources System Group."
    ::= { hrMIBGroups 1 }
```

```
hrStorageGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS {
       hrMemorySize, hrStorageIndex, hrStorageType,
        hrStorageDescr, hrStorageAllocationUnits,
        hrStorageSize, hrStorageUsed,
        hrStorageAllocationFailures
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The Host Resources Storage Group."
    ::= { hrMIBGroups 2 }
hrDeviceGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS {
        hrDeviceIndex, hrDeviceType, hrDeviceDescr,
        hrDeviceID, hrDeviceStatus, hrDeviceErrors,
        hrProcessorFrwID, hrProcessorLoad,
        hrNetworkIfIndex, hrPrinterStatus,
        hrPrinterDetectedErrorState,
        hrDiskStorageAccess, hrDiskStorageMedia,
        hrDiskStorageRemoveble, hrDiskStorageCapacity,
        hrPartitionIndex, hrPartitionLabel,
        hrPartitionID, hrPartitionSize,
        hrPartitionFSIndex, hrFSIndex, hrFSMountPoint,
        hrFSRemoteMountPoint, hrFSType, hrFSAccess,
        hrFSBootable, hrFSStorageIndex,
        hrFSLastFullBackupDate,
       hrFSLastPartialBackupDate
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The Host Resources Device Group."
    ::= { hrMIBGroups 3 }
hrsWRunGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS {
       hrSWOSIndex, hrSWRunIndex, hrSWRunName,
        hrSWRunID, hrSWRunPath, hrSWRunParameters,
       hrSWRunType, hrSWRunStatus
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The Host Resources Running Software Group."
    ::= { hrMIBGroups 4 }
hrSWRunPerfGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS { hrsWRunPerfCPU, hrsWRunPerfMem }
    STATUS current
```

```
DESCRIPTION
               "The Host Resources Running Software
               Performance Group."
           ::= { hrMIBGroups 5 }
       hrSWInstalledGroup OBJECT-GROUP
           OBJECTS {
               hrSWInstalledLastChange,
               hrSWInstalledLastUpdateTime,
               hrSWInstalledIndex, hrSWInstalledName,
               hrSWInstalledID, hrSWInstalledType,
               hrSWInstalledDate
           STATUS current
           DESCRIPTION
               "The Host Resources Installed Software Group."
           ::= { hrMIBGroups 6 }
   END
5. Type Definitions
   HOST-RESOURCES-TYPES DEFINITIONS ::= BEGIN
   IMPORTS
    MODULE-IDENTITY, OBJECT-IDENTITY FROM SNMPv2-SMI hrMIBAdminInfo, hrStorage, hrDevice FROM HOST-RESOURCES-MIB;
   hostResourcesTypesModule MODULE-IDENTITY
     LAST-UPDATED "200003060000Z" -- 6 March, 2000
     ORGANIZATION "IETF Host Resources MIB Working Group"
     CONTACT-INFO
         "Steve Waldbusser
         Postal: Lucent Technologies, Inc.
                 1213 Innsbruck Dr.
                 Sunnyvale, CA 94089
                 USA
         Phone: 650-318-1251
         Fax: 650-318-1633
         Email: waldbusser@ins.com
         In addition, the Host Resources MIB mailing list is dedicated
         to discussion of this MIB. To join the mailing list, send a
         request message to hostmib-request@andrew.cmu.edu. The mailing
         list address is hostmib@andrew.cmu.edu."
     DESCRIPTION
         "This MIB module registers type definitions for
         storage types, device types, and file system types.
```

```
After the initial revision, this module will be
     maintained by IANA."
  REVISION "200003060000Z"
                             -- 6 March 2000
  DESCRIPTION
      "The original version of this module, published as RFC
      2790 "
  ::= { hrMIBAdminInfo 4 }
-- Registrations for some storage types, for use with hrStorageType
                        OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { hrStorage 1 }
hrStorageTypes
hrStorageOther OBJECT-IDENTITY
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
        "The storage type identifier used when no other defined
        type is appropriate."
    ::= { hrStorageTypes 1 }
hrStorageRam OBJECT-IDENTITY
    STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
        "The storage type identifier used for RAM."
    ::= { hrStorageTypes 2 }
hrStorageVirtualMemory OBJECT-IDENTITY
    STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
        "The storage type identifier used for virtual memory,
        temporary storage of swapped or paged memory."
    ::= { hrStorageTypes 3 }
hrStorageFixedDisk OBJECT-IDENTITY
   STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The storage type identifier used for non-removable
        rigid rotating magnetic storage devices."
    ::= { hrStorageTypes 4 }
hrStorageRemovableDisk OBJECT-IDENTITY
    STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
        "The storage type identifier used for removable rigid
        rotating magnetic storage devices."
    ::= { hrStorageTypes 5 }
hrStorageFloppyDisk OBJECT-IDENTITY
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
```

```
"The storage type identifier used for non-rigid rotating
        magnetic storage devices."
    ::= { hrStorageTypes 6 }
hrStorageCompactDisc OBJECT-IDENTITY
    STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
        "The storage type identifier used for read-only rotating
        optical storage devices."
    ::= { hrStorageTypes 7 }
hrStorageRamDisk OBJECT-IDENTITY
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
        "The storage type identifier used for a file system that
        is stored in RAM."
    ::= { hrStorageTypes 8 }
hrStorageFlashMemory OBJECT-IDENTITY
    STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
        "The storage type identifier used for flash memory."
    ::= { hrStorageTypes 9 }
hrStorageNetworkDisk OBJECT-IDENTITY
    STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
        "The storage type identifier used for a
       networked file system."
    ::= { hrStorageTypes 10 }
-- Registrations for some device types, for use with hrDeviceType
                    OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { hrDevice 1 }
hrDeviceTypes
hrDeviceOther OBJECT-IDENTITY
    STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
        "The device type identifier used when no other defined
        type is appropriate."
    ::= { hrDeviceTypes 1 }
hrDeviceUnknown OBJECT-IDENTITY
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
        "The device type identifier used when the device type is
       unknown."
    ::= { hrDeviceTypes 2 }
```

```
hrDeviceProcessor OBJECT-IDENTITY
    STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
        "The device type identifier used for a CPU."
    ::= { hrDeviceTypes 3 }
hrDeviceNetwork OBJECT-IDENTITY
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
        "The device type identifier used for a network interface."
    ::= { hrDeviceTypes 4 }
hrDevicePrinter OBJECT-IDENTITY
    STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
        "The device type identifier used for a printer."
    ::= { hrDeviceTypes 5 }
hrDeviceDiskStorage OBJECT-IDENTITY
    STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
        "The device type identifier used for a disk drive."
    ::= { hrDeviceTypes 6 }
hrDeviceVideo OBJECT-IDENTITY
    STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
        "The device type identifier used for a video device."
    ::= { hrDeviceTypes 10 }
hrDeviceAudio OBJECT-IDENTITY
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
        "The device type identifier used for an audio device."
    ::= { hrDeviceTypes 11 }
hrDeviceCoprocessor OBJECT-IDENTITY
    STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
        "The device type identifier used for a co-processor."
    ::= { hrDeviceTypes 12 }
hrDeviceKeyboard OBJECT-IDENTITY
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
        "The device type identifier used for a keyboard device."
    ::= { hrDeviceTypes 13 }
```

```
hrDeviceModem OBJECT-IDENTITY
    STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
        "The device type identifier used for a modem."
    ::= { hrDeviceTypes 14 }
hrDeviceParallelPort OBJECT-IDENTITY
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
        "The device type identifier used for a parallel port."
    ::= { hrDeviceTypes 15 }
hrDevicePointing OBJECT-IDENTITY
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
        "The device type identifier used for a pointing device
        (e.g., a mouse)."
    ::= { hrDeviceTypes 16 }
hrDeviceSerialPort OBJECT-IDENTITY
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The device type identifier used for a serial port."
    ::= { hrDeviceTypes 17 }
hrDeviceTape OBJECT-IDENTITY
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
        "The device type identifier used for a tape storage device."
    ::= { hrDeviceTypes 18 }
hrDeviceClock OBJECT-IDENTITY
   STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The device type identifier used for a clock device."
    ::= { hrDeviceTypes 19 }
hrDeviceVolatileMemory OBJECT-IDENTITY
    STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
        "The device type identifier used for a volatile memory
        storage device."
    ::= { hrDeviceTypes 20 }
hrDeviceNonVolatileMemory OBJECT-IDENTITY
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The device type identifier used for a non-volatile memory
```

```
storage device."
    ::= { hrDeviceTypes 21 }
-- Registrations for some popular File System types,
-- for use with hrFSType.
                        OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { hrDevice 9 }
hrFSTypes
hrFSOther OBJECT-IDENTITY
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
        "The file system type identifier used when no other
        defined type is appropriate."
    ::= { hrFSTypes 1 }
hrFSUnknown OBJECT-IDENTITY
    STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
        "The file system type identifier used when the type of
        file system is unknown."
    ::= { hrFSTypes 2 }
hrFSBerkeleyFFS OBJECT-IDENTITY
   STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The file system type identifier used for the
        Berkeley Fast File System."
    ::= { hrFSTypes 3 }
hrFSSys5FS OBJECT-IDENTITY
    STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
        "The file system type identifier used for the
        System V File System."
    ::= { hrFSTypes 4 }
hrFSFat OBJECT-IDENTITY
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
        "The file system type identifier used for
        DOS's FAT file system."
    ::= { hrFSTypes 5 }
hrfSHPFS OBJECT-IDENTITY
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
        "The file system type identifier used for OS/2's
        High Performance File System."
    ::= { hrFSTypes 6 }
```

```
hrFSHFS OBJECT-IDENTITY
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
        "The file system type identifier used for the
       Macintosh Hierarchical File System."
    ::= { hrFSTypes 7 }
hrFSMFS OBJECT-IDENTITY
   STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The file system type identifier used for the
       Macintosh File System."
    ::= { hrFSTypes 8 }
hrFSNTFS OBJECT-IDENTITY
    STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
        "The file system type identifier used for the
       Windows NT File System."
    ::= { hrFSTypes 9 }
hrFSVNode OBJECT-IDENTITY
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The file system type identifier used for the
        VNode File System."
    ::= { hrFSTypes 10 }
hrFSJournaled OBJECT-IDENTITY
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
        "The file system type identifier used for the
        Journaled File System."
    ::= { hrFSTypes 11 }
hrFSiso9660 OBJECT-IDENTITY
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
        "The file system type identifier used for the
        ISO 9660 File System for CD's."
    ::= { hrFSTypes 12 }
hrFSRockRidge OBJECT-IDENTITY
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
        "The file system type identifier used for the
       RockRidge File System for CD's."
    ::= { hrFSTypes 13 }
```

```
hrFSNFS OBJECT-IDENTITY
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
        "The file system type identifier used for the
       NFS File System."
    ::= { hrFSTypes 14 }
hrFSNetware OBJECT-IDENTITY
   STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The file system type identifier used for the
       Netware File System."
    ::= { hrFSTypes 15 }
hrFSAFS OBJECT-IDENTITY
    STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
        "The file system type identifier used for the
        Andrew File System."
    ::= { hrFSTypes 16 }
hrFSDFS OBJECT-IDENTITY
   STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The file system type identifier used for the
        OSF DCE Distributed File System."
    ::= { hrFSTypes 17 }
hrFSAppleshare OBJECT-IDENTITY
    STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
        "The file system type identifier used for the
       AppleShare File System."
    ::= { hrFSTypes 18 }
hrfSRFS OBJECT-IDENTITY
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
        "The file system type identifier used for the
       RFS File System."
    ::= { hrFSTypes 19 }
hrFSDGCFS OBJECT-IDENTITY
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
        "The file system type identifier used for the
       Data General DGCFS."
    ::= { hrFSTypes 20 }
```

```
hrFSBFS OBJECT-IDENTITY
    STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
        "The file system type identifier used for the
        SVR4 Boot File System."
    ::= { hrFSTypes 21 }
hrFSFAT32 OBJECT-IDENTITY
   STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The file system type identifier used for the
        Windows FAT32 File System."
    ::= { hrFSTypes 22 }
hrFSLinuxExt2 OBJECT-IDENTITY
    STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
        "The file system type identifier used for the
        Linux EXT2 File System."
    ::= { hrFSTypes 23 }
END
```

6. Internationalization Considerations

This MIB has many objects that identify file-system pathnames on the managed host. Many file systems allow pathnames to be encoded in a variety of character sets (other than ASCII), but do not support the encoding of the actual character set used with the pathname. The implementation strategy is that user interfaces (i.e. character-based shells or graphical applications) will have configuration options that control with which character set they will interpret and display all pathnames. This is often a per-user configuration (e.g. an environment variable), so that users using different languages and character sets on a multi-user system may each work effectively with their preferred character set. A human usually controls this configuration. If an application is not configured or is configured incorrectly, it will often have trouble displaying pathnames in the intended character set.

This situation made it important for this MIB to handle two issues:

1) Pathname objects must be able to transfer a variety of character sets with potentially multi-byte encodings; and,

2) HostMIB agents will generally not be correctly configured for the appropriate character set to be used for all files on the system, particularly on a system with multiple users using different character sets. It was thus impossible to mandate that the agent tag pathnames with the character set in use.

These issues were solved with the introduction of the InternationalDisplayString textual convention, which supports multibyte encodings. Network management stations should use a local algorithm to determine which character set is in use and how it should be displayed. It is expected that network management station applications will rely on human configuration to choose which character set in which to interpret InternationalDisplayString objects, much like an application running locally on that host.

7. Security Considerations

There are a number of management objects defined in this MIB that have a MAX-ACCESS clause of read-write. Such objects may be considered sensitive or vulnerable in some network environments. The support for SET operations in a non-secure environment without proper protection can have a negative effect on system operations.

There are a number of managed objects in this MIB that may contain sensitive information. The objects in the Running Software Group list information about running software on the system (including the operating system software and version). Some may wish not to disclose to others what software they are running. Further, an inventory of the running software and versions may be helpful to an attacker who hopes to exploit software bugs in certain applications. The same issues exist for the objects in the Installed Software Group.

It is thus important to control even GET access to these objects and possibly to even encrypt the values of these object when sending them over the network via SNMP. Not all versions of SNMP provide features for such a secure environment.

SNMPv1 by itself is not a secure environment. Even if the network itself is secure (for example by using IPSec), even then, there is no control as to who on the secure network is allowed to access and GET/SET (read/change/create/delete) the objects in this MIB.

It is recommended that the implementers consider the security features as provided by the SNMPv3 framework. Specifically, the use of the User-based Security Model RFC 2574 [RFC2574] and the View-based Access Control Model RFC 2575 [RFC2575] is recommended.

It is then a customer/user responsibility to ensure that the SNMP entity giving access to an instance of this MIB, is properly configured to give access to the objects only to those principals (users) that have legitimate rights to indeed GET or SET (change/create/delete) them.

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