Network Working Group Request for Comments: 3727 Category: Standards Track S. Legg Adacel Technologies February 2004

ASN.1 Module Definition for the LDAP and X.500 Component Matching Rules

Status of this Memo

This document specifies an Internet standards track protocol for the Internet community, and requests discussion and suggestions for improvements. Please refer to the current edition of the "Internet Official Protocol Standards" (STD 1) for the standardization state and status of this protocol. Distribution of this memo is unlimited.

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Abstract

This document updates the specification of the component matching rules for Lightweight Directory Access Protocol (LDAP) and X.500 directories (RFC3687) by collecting the Abstract Syntax Notation One (ASN.1) definitions of the component matching rules into an appropriately identified ASN.1 module so that other specifications may reference the component matching rule definitions from within their own ASN.1 modules.

1. Introduction

The structure or data type of data held in an attribute of a Lightweight Directory Access Protocol (LDAP) [LDAP] or X.500 [X500] directory is described by the attribute's syntax. Attribute syntaxes range from simple data types, such as text string, integer, or boolean, to complex data types, for example, the syntaxes of the directory schema operational attributes. RFC 3687 [CMR] defines a generic way of matching user selected components in a directory attribute value of any arbitrarily complex attribute syntax.

This document updates RFC 3687 by collecting the Abstract Syntax Notation One (ASN.1) [ASN1] definitions of RFC 3687 into an appropriately identified ASN.1 module so that other specifications may reference these definitions from within their own ASN.1 modules.

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2. Module Definition for Component Matching

```
ComponentMatching
    {iso(1) 2 36 79672281 xed(3) module(0) component-matching(4)}
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DEFINITIONS
EXPLICIT TAGS
EXTENSIBILITY IMPLIED ::= BEGIN
IMPORTS
    MATCHING-RULE,
    RelativeDistinguishedName
        FROM InformationFramework
            {joint-iso-itu-t ds(5) module(1)
                informationFramework(1) 4};
{\tt ComponentAssertion} \ ::= \ {\tt SEQUENCE} \ \big\{
    component ComponentReference (SIZE(1..MAX)) OPTIONAL, useDefaultValues BOOLEAN DEFAULT TRUE,
    rule
                      MATCHING-RULE.&id,
    value
                      MATCHING-RULE.&AssertionType }
ComponentReference ::= UTF8String
ComponentFilter ::= CHOICE {
    item [0] ComponentAssertion,
         [1] SEQUENCE OF ComponentFilter,
         [2] SEQUENCE OF ComponentFilter,
    not [3] ComponentFilter }
componentFilterMatch MATCHING-RULE ::= {
    SYNTAX ComponentFilter
           { 1 2 36 79672281 1 13 2 } }
allComponentsMatch MATCHING-RULE ::= {
    ID { 1 2 36 79672281 1 13 6 } }
directoryComponentsMatch MATCHING-RULE ::= {
    ID { 1 2 36 79672281 1 13 7 } }
-- Additional Useful Matching Rules --
rdnMatch MATCHING-RULE ::= {
```

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```
SYNTAX RelativeDistinguishedName
ID { 1 2 36 79672281 1 13 3 } }

presentMatch MATCHING-RULE ::= {
    SYNTAX NULL
    ID { 1 2 36 79672281 1 13 5 } }
```

END

The InformationFramework ASN.1 module from which the MATCHING-RULE and RelativeDistinguishedName definitions are imported is defined in X.501 [X501].

The object identifiers used in this document have been assigned for use in specifying the component matching rules by Adacel Technologies, under an arc assigned to Adacel by Standards Australia.

3. Security Considerations

This document collects together the ASN.1 definitions of the component matching rules into an ASN.1 module, but does not modify those definitions in any way. See RFC 3687 [CMR] for the security considerations of using the component matching rules.

4. References

4.1. Normative References

- [CMR] Legg, S., "Lightweight Directory Access Protocol (LDAP) and X.500 Component Matching Rules", RFC 3687, February 2004.
- [ASN1] ITU-T Recommendation X.680 (07/02) | ISO/IEC 8824-1:2002, Information technology - Abstract Syntax Notation One (ASN.1): Specification of basic notation

4.2. Informative References

- [LDAP] Hodges, J. and R. Morgan, "Lightweight Directory Access Protocol (v3): Technical Specification", RFC 3377, September 2002.

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Acknowledgement

Funding for the RFC Editor function is currently provided by the Internet Society.