Network Working Group Request for Comments: 3970 Category: Standards Track K. Kompella Juniper Networks January 2005

A Traffic Engineering (TE) MIB

Status of This Memo

This document specifies an Internet standards track protocol for the Internet community, and requests discussion and suggestions for improvements. Please refer to the current edition of the "Internet Official Protocol Standards" (STD 1) for the standardization state and status of this protocol. Distribution of this memo is unlimited.

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Abstract

This memo defines a portion of the Management Information Base (MIB) for use with network management protocols in the Internet community. In particular, it describes managed objects for Traffic Engineered (TE) Tunnels; for example, Multi-Protocol Label Switched Paths.

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	Introduction

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1. Introduction

This memo defines a portion of the Management Information Base (MIB) for use with network management protocols in the Internet community. In particular, it describes managed objects for Traffic Engineered (TE) Tunnels; for example, Multi-Protocol Label Switched Paths ([7], [8]). The MIB module defined by this memo allows one to configure TE Tunnels, to assign one or more paths to a Tunnel, and to monitor operational aspects of the Tunnel, such as the number of octets and packets that have passed through the Tunnel.

As it stands, this MIB module can only be used to configure or monitor a TE Tunnel at its ingress. The ingress is then expected to use some protocol (such as RSVP-TE) to signal the other routers in the path the information they need to set up the tunnel. The extension of this module for use at other points of a Tunnel is for further study.

1.1. Specification of Requirements

The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in RFC 2119 [1].

2. The Internet-Standard Management Framework

For a detailed overview of the documents that describe the current Internet-Standard Management Framework, please refer to Section 7 of RFC 3410 [8].

Managed objects are accessed via a virtual information store, termed the Management Information Base or MIB. MIB objects are generally accessed through the Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP). Objects in the MIB are defined using the mechanisms defined in the Structure of Management Information (SMI). This memo specifies a MIB module that is compliant to the SMIv2, which is described in STD 58, RFC 2578 [2], STD 58, RFC 2579 [3] and STD 58, RFC 2580 [4].

3. Overview of the MIB Module

The Traffic Engineering MIB module consists of four parts:

1) Traffic Engineering information,

- 2) a table of Traffic Engineering Tunnels,
- 3) a table of Paths that tunnels take, and
- 4) a table of Hops that make up a tunnel path.

The MIB module also has statements for minimal and full compliance.

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The following subsections give an overview of each part. All objects are mandatory. For minimal compliance, all objects MAY be implemented read-only; for full compliance, all objects must be implemented to their stated MAX-ACCESS capabilities. Notifications are optional.

3.1. Traffic Engineering Information

This part contains information about the Link State Protocols used to carry TE information, the signaling protocols used to set up Traffic Tunnels, the number of Traffic Tunnels that have been configured and that are operational, and a mapping of Administrative Group (called Resource Classes in [7]) numbers to names.

3.2. Traffic Tunnel Information

This part contains a table of Traffic Tunnels and information about each one. This information includes the Tunnel name, its configuration information, its operational information, and the active path(s) that the Tunnel takes.

Configuration information includes the end points of the Traffic Tunnel, and the number of configured paths for the Traffic Tunnel.

Operational information includes the current state (up/down), the count of octets and packets sent on the Traffic Tunnel, how long it has been up, and how many state transitions the Traffic Tunnel has had.

Operational path information includes the number of operational paths, the number of path changes, and when the last path change was.

3.3. Path Information

A Tunnel is a logical entity. An instantiation of a Tunnel is one or more Paths; each Path has a route (also called Explicit Route) or sequence of hops. A Path is indexed by a dual index: The primary index is that of the Tunnel to which the Path belongs; the secondary index is that of the Path itself.

The configured information for a Path consists of the constraints for the Path and a configured route.

The operational information consists of the Path status, the computed route (i.e., the route that was computed to satisfy the constraints), and the actual path as recorded by the signaling protocol.

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3.4. Hop Information

A path consists of a sequence of hops. A hop can be loose (meaning that the path eventually traverses the specified node) or strict (meaning that the specified node and possibly the link must be the next node in the path). A hop can be specified as an IPv4 address, an IPv6 address, an Autonomous System number or an unnumbered interface index [5].

The Hop Table contains all hops for all paths on a given router. It is organized as follows. There is a primary index that identifies a list of hops and a secondary index that identifies individual hops. Thus, to get the sequence of recorded hops for a path, one looks up the path's tePathRecordedRoute, which is a primary index into the Hop Table. Then to get the list of actual hops in order for the recorded path, one uses a secondary index of 1, 2,

3.5. Relationship with Other MIB Modules

A TE Tunnel can extend objects from two other MIB modules; one is the Interfaces MIB [10], and the other is the IP Tunnel MIB [11]. The mechanism for doing so is to assign the TE Tunnel index (teTunnelIndex) with a valid ifIndex value in ifTable.

If a TE Tunnel is deemed an interface, a new interface object is created and assigned an ifIndex value in ifTable. Then a TE Tunnel object is created, setting teTunnelIndex to the same value as the interface index.

If (and only if) a TE Tunnel is considered an interface, it may also be considered an IP tunnel (if the encapsulation of the TE Tunnel is IP). In that case, the interface associated with the TE Tunnel should have its ifType set to tunnel(131).

If a TE Tunnel is not considered an interface, then the TE Tunnel index (teTunnelIndex) SHOULD be set to a value at least 2^24, so that it is distinct from normal interfaces.

4. Creating, Modifying, and Deleting a TE Tunnel

To create a TE Tunnel, one first obtains a free Tunnel index by using the object teNextTunnelIndex. One then creates the Tunnel, including all parameters, either as createAndGo or createAndWait. Then, TE Paths for this Tunnel can be created by using the teTunnelNextPathIndex object, again as createAndGo or createAndWait. A particular Path is computed and signaled when both the Path and the enclosing Tunnel have RowStatus 'active'.

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To build a Path's configured route, one first gets a free PathHop index by using teNextPathHopIndex, and then builds the route hop-byhop using the secondary index, setting the AddrType, Address, and HopType for each Hop. Finally, one sets the tePathConfiguredRoute in the Path to the PathHop index obtained.

Modifying certain properties of a TE Tunnel or a TE Path may require setting the RowStatus of the Tunnel (or Path) to 'notInService' before making the changes and then setting the RowStatus of the Tunnel (or Path) back to 'active' to re-signal all Paths of the Tunnel (or the modified Path).

A TE Tunnel and all its Paths can be deleted by setting the Tunnel's RowStatus to 'destroy'. A specific Path within a Tunnel can be destroyed by setting that Path's RowStatus to 'destroy'.

5. MIB Specification

This MIB module IMPORTs objects from RFCs 2578 [2], 2579 [3], 2580 [3], 3411 [6], and 3811 [5] and it also has REFERENCE clauses to RFCs 3209 [8] and 3212 [12].

TE-MIB DEFINITIONS ::= BEGIN

IMPORTS

MODULE-IDENTITY, OBJECT-TYPE, NOTIFICATION-TYPE, mib-2, Integer32, Gauge32, Counter32, Counter64, Unsigned32, TimeTicks	FROM SNMPv2-SMI
RowStatus, StorageType, TimeStamp, TruthValue	FROM SNMPV2-TC
SnmpAdminString	FROM SNMP-FRAMEWORK-MIE
MODULE-COMPLIANCE, OBJECT-GROUP, NOTIFICATION-GROUP	FROM SNMPv2-CONF
TeHopAddress, TeHopAddressType, MplsBitRate	FROM MPLS-TC-STD-MIB;
teMIB MODULE-IDENTITY LAST-UPDATED "200501040000Z" ORGANIZATION "IETF Traffic Engineer CONTACT-INFO " Editor: Kiree Postal: Junip 1194	01 January 2005 ing Working Group" ti Kompella er Networks, Inc. Mathilda Ave

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Sunnyvale, CA 94089 Tel: +1 408 745 2000 E-mail: kireeti@juniper.net The IETF Traffic Engineering Working Group is chaired by Jim Boyle and Ed Kern. WG Mailing List information: General Discussion: te-wg@ops.ietf.org To Subscribe: te-wg-request@ops.ietf.org In Body: subscribe Archive: ftp://ops.ietf.org/pub/lists Comments on the MIB module should be sent to the mailing list. The archives for this mailing list should be consulted for previous discussion on this MIB. DESCRIPTION "The Traffic Engineering MIB module. Copyright (C) The Internet Society (2005). This version of this MIB module is part of RFC 3970; see the RFC itself for full legal notices. -- revision history "200501040000Z" -- 01 January 2005 REVISION DESCRIPTION "Initial version, published as RFC 3970." ::= { mib-2 122 } -- Top level objects teMIBNotifications OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { teMIB 0 } teMIBObjectsOBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { teMIB 1 }teMIBConformanceOBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { teMIB 2 } _ _ -- TE MIB Objects _ _ -- TE Info teInfo OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { teMIBObjects 1 } teDistProtocol OBJECT-TYPE

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BITS { SYNTAX other(0), isis(1), ospf(2) } MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "IGP used to distribute Traffic Engineering information and topology to each device for the purpose of automatic path computation. More than one IGP may be used to distribute TE information. ::= { teInfo 1 } teSignalingProto OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX BITS { other(0), rsvpte(1), crldp(2), static(3) -- static configuration } MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "Traffic Engineering signaling protocols supported by this device. More than one protocol may be supported. "For a description of RSVP-TE, see RFC 3209; REFERENCE for CR-LDP, see RFC 3212. ... ::= { teInfo 2 } teNotificationEnable OBJECT-TYPE TruthValue SYNTAX MAX-ACCESS read-write STATUS current DESCRIPTION "If this object is true, then it enables the generation of notifications from this MIB module. Otherwise notifications are not generated. DEFVAL { false } ::= { teInfo 3 } teNextTunnelIndex OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Unsigned32 read-only MAX-ACCESS STATUS current DESCRIPTION "An integer that may be used as a new Index in the

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teTunnelTable.

The special value of 0 indicates that no more new entries can be created in that table.

When this MIB module is used for configuration, this object always contains a legal value (if non-zero) for an index that is not currently used in that table. The Command Generator (Network Management Application) reads this variable and uses the (non-zero) value read when creating a new row with an SNMP SET. When the SET is performed, the Command Responder (agent) must determine whether the value is indeed still unused; Two Network Management Applications may attempt to create a row (configuration entry) simultaneously and use the same value. If it is currently unused, the SET succeeds, and the Command Responder (agent) changes the value of this object according to an implementation-specific algorithm. If the value is in use, however, the SET fails. The Network Management Application must then re-read this variable to obtain a new usable value.

::= { teInfo 4 }

teNextPathHopIndex OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX	Unsigned32
MAX-ACCESS	read-only
STATUS	current
DESCRIPTION	"An integer that may be used as a new Index in the
	tePathHopTable.

The special value of 0 indicates that no more new entries can be created in that table.

When this MIB module is used for configuration, this object always contains a legal value (if non-zero) for an index that is not currently used in that table. The Command Generator (Network Management Application) reads this variable and uses the (non-zero) value read when creating a new row with an SNMP SET. When the SET is performed, the Command Responder (agent) must determine whether the value is indeed still unused; Two Network Management Applications may attempt to create a row (configuration entry) simultaneously and use the same value. If it is currently unused, the SET

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succeeds, and the Command Responder (agent) changes the value of this object according to an implementation-specific algorithm. If the value is in use, however, the SET fails. The Network Management Application must then re-read this variable to obtain a new usable value. ::= { teInfo 5 } teConfiguredTunnels OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Gauge32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "Number of currently configured Tunnels." $::= \{ teInfo 6 \}$ teActiveTunnels OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Gauge32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "Number of currently active Tunnels." ::= { teInfo 7 } tePrimaryTunnels OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Gauge32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "Number of currently active Tunnels running on their primary paths. ::= { teInfo 8 } teAdminGroupTable OBJECT-TYPE SEQUENCE OF TeAdminGroupEntry SYNTAX MAX-ACCESS not-accessible STATUS current DESCRIPTION "A mapping of configured administrative groups. Each entry represents an Administrative Group and provides a name and index for the group. Administrative groups are used to label links in the Traffic Engineering topology in order to place constraints (include and exclude) on Tunnel paths. A groupName can only be linked to one group number. The groupNumber is the number assigned to the administrative group used in constraints, such as tePathIncludeAny or tePathIncludeAll.

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```
::= { teInfo 9 }
teAdminGroupEntry OBJECT-TYPE
                TeAdminGroupEntry
   SYNTAX
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS
                current
   DESCRIPTION "A mapping between a configured group number and
                its human-readable name. The group number should
                be between 1 and 32, inclusive. Group number n
                represents bit number (n-1) in the bit vector for
                Include/Exclude constraints.
                All entries in this table MUST be kept in stable
                storage so that they will re-appear in case of a
                restart/reboot.
                { teAdminGroupNumber }
    INDEX
    ::= { teAdminGroupTable 1 }
TeAdminGroupEntry ::=
   SEQUENCE {
       teAdminGroupNumber Integer32,
teAdminGroupName SnmpAdminString,
       teAdminGroupRowStatus RowStatus
    }
teAdminGroupNumber OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Integer32 (1..32)
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS
                current
   DESCRIPTION "Index of the administrative group."
    ::= { teAdminGroupEntry 1 }
teAdminGroupName OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX SnmpAdminString (SIZE (1..32))
   MAX-ACCESS read-create
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION "Name of the administrative group."
   ::= { teAdminGroupEntry 2 }
teAdminGroupRowStatus OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX RowStatus
   MAX-ACCESS read-create
   STATUS
                current
   DESCRIPTION "The status of this conceptual row.
                The value of this object has no effect on whether
                other objects in this conceptual row can be
```

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modified. ::= { teAdminGroupEntry 3 } -- Tunnel Table teTunnelTable OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF TeTunnelEntry MAX-ACCESS not-accessible STATUS current DESCRIPTION "Table of Configured Traffic Tunnels." ::= { teMIBObjects 2 } teTunnelEntry OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX TeTunnelEntry MAX-ACCESS not-accessible STATUS current DESCRIPTION "Entry containing information about a particular Traffic Tunnel. INDEX { teTunnelIndex } ::= { teTunnelTable 1 } TeTunnelEntry ::= SEQUENCE { teTunnelIndex Unsigned32, teTunnelName SnmpAdminString, teTunnelNextPathIndex Unsigned32, -- Conceptual row information: teTunnelRowStatus RowStatus, teTunnelStorageType StorageType, -- Address information: teTunnelSourceAddressType TeHopAddressType, teTunnelSourceAddress TeHopAddress, teTunnelDestinationAddressType TeHopAddressType, teTunnelDestinationAddress TeHopAddress, -- State/performance information: teTunnelState INTEGER, teTunnelDiscontinuityTimer TimeStamp, teTunnelOctets Counter64, teTunnelPackets Counter64, teTunnelLPOctets Counter32, teTunnelLPPackets Counter32, teTunnelAge TimeTicks, TimeTicks, teTunnelTimeUp teTunnelPrimaryTimeUp teTunnelTransitions teTunnelLastTransition TimeTicks, Counter32, TimeTicks,

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teTunnelPathChanges Counter32, teTunnelLastPathChange TimeTicks, teTunnelConfiguredPaths Gauge32, teTunnelStandbyPaths Gauge32, teTunnelOperationalPaths Gauge32 } teTunnelIndex OBJECT-TYPE Unsigned32 (1..4294967295) SYNTAX MAX-ACCESS not-accessible STATUS current DESCRIPTION "A unique index that identifies a Tunnel. If the TE Tunnel is considered an interface, then this index must match the interface index of the corresponding interface. Otherwise, this index must be at least 2^24, so that it does not overlap with any existing interface index. ::= { teTunnelEntry 1 } teTunnelName OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX SnmpAdminSt SYNTAX SnmpAdminString (SIZE (1..32)) MAX-ACCESS read-create current STATUS DESCRIPTION "Name of the Traffic Tunnel. Note that the name of a Tunnel MUST be unique. When a SET request contains a name that is already in use for another entry, then the implementation must return an inconsistentValue error. The value of this object cannot be changed if the if the value of the corresponding teTunnelRowStatus object is 'active'. ::= { teTunnelEntry 2 } teTunnelNextPathIndex OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Unsigned32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "An integer that may be used as a new Index for the next Path in this Tunnel. The special value of 0 indicates that no more Paths can be created for this Tunnel, or that no more new entries can be created in tePathTable.

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When this MIB module is used for configuration, this object always contains a legal value (if non-zero) for an index that is not currently used in that table. The Command Generator (Network Management Application) reads this variable and uses the (non-zero) value read when creating a new row with an SNMP SET. When the SET is performed, the Command Responder (agent) must determine whether the value is indeed still unused; Two Network Management Applications may attempt to create a row (configuration entry) simultaneously and use the same value. If it is currently unused, the SET succeeds, and the Command Responder (agent) changes the value of this object according to an implementation-specific algorithm. If the value is in use, however, the SET fails. The Network Management Application must then re-read this variable to obtain a new usable value.

```
::= { teTunnelEntry 3 }
```

teTunnelRowStatus OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX RowStatus MAX-ACCESS read-create STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The status of this conceptual row.

> When the value of this object is 'active', then the values for the corresponding objects teTunnelName, teTunnelSourceAddressType, teTunnelSourceAddress, teTunnelDestinationAddressType, and teTunnelDestinationAddress cannot be changed.

::= { teTunnelEntry 4 }

teTunnelStorageType OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX StorageType MAX-ACCESS read-create STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The storage type for this conceptual row.

Conceptual rows having the value 'permanent' need not allow write-access to any columnar objects in the row.

```
::= { teTunnelEntry 5 }
```

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teTunnelSourceAd SYNTAX MAX-ACCESS STATUS DESCRIPTION	<pre>dressType OBJECT-TYPE TeHopAddressType read-create current "The type of Traffic Engineered Tunnel hop for the source of this Tunnel. Typically address type is IPv4 or IPv6, with a pref. of 32 or 128, respectively. If the TE Tun is being computed by a path computation so however, it is possible to use more flexil address types, such as AS numbers or pref. less than host address lengths. The value of this object cannot be changed if the value of the corresponding teTunnel object is 'active'.</pre>	address , this ix length nnel path erver, ole source ix lengths d lRowStatus
::= { teTunn	<pre>nelEntry 6 }</pre>	
teTunnelSourceAd SYNTAX MAX-ACCESS STATUS DESCRIPTION	ldress OBJECT-TYPE TeHopAddress read-create current "The Source Traffic Engineered Tunnel hop a this Tunnel.	address of
	The type of this address is determined by of the corresponding teTunnelSourceAddress	the value sType.
	Note that the source and destination addre Tunnel can be different address types.	esses of a
	The value of this object cannot be changed if the value of the corresponding teTunned object is 'active'.	l lRowStatus
::= { teTunn	" nelEntry 7 }	
teTunnelDestinat SYNTAX MAX-ACCESS STATUS DESCRIPTION	ionAddressType OBJECT-TYPE TeHopAddressType read-create current "The type of Traffic Engineered Tunnel hop for the destination of this Tunnel.	address
	The value of this object cannot be changed if the value of the corresponding teTunne object is 'active'.	1 lRowStatus
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...

::= { teTunnelEntry 8 } teTunnelDestinationAddress OBJECT-TYPE TeHopAddress SYNTAX MAX-ACCESS read-create STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The Destination Traffic Engineered Tunnel hop address of this Tunnel. The type of this address is determined by the value of the corresponding teTunnelDestinationAddressType. Note that source and destination addresses of a Tunnel can be different address types. The value of this object cannot be changed if the value of the corresponding teTunnelRowStatus object is 'active'. ::= { teTunnelEntry 9 } teTunnelState OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX INTEGER { unknown(1), up(2), down(3) testing(4) } MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The operational state of the Tunnel." ::= { teTunnelEntry 10 } teTunnelDiscontinuityTimer OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX TimeStamp MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The value of sysUpTime on the most recent occasion at which any one or more of this tunnel's counters suffered a discontinuity. The relevant counters are teTunnelOctets, teTunnelPackets, teTunnelLPOctets, and teTunnelLPPackets. If no such discontinuities have occurred since the last re-initialization of the local management subsystem then this object contains a zero value. ::= { teTunnelEntry 11 }

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teTunnelOctets SYNTAX MAX-ACCESS STATUS DESCRIPTION	OBJECT-TYPE Counter64 read-only current "The number of octets that have been forwarded over the Tunnel. Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times, as indicated by the value of teTunnelDiscontinuityTimer.
::= { teTunn	elEntry 12 }
teTunnelPackets SYNTAX MAX-ACCESS STATUS DESCRIPTION	OBJECT-TYPE Counter64 read-only current "The number of packets that have been forwarded over the Tunnel.
	Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system and at other times, as indicated by the value of teTunnelDiscontinuityTimer.
::= { teTunn	elEntry 13 }
teTunnelLPOctets SYNTAX MAX-ACCESS STATUS DESCRIPTION	OBJECT-TYPE Counter32 read-only current "The number of octets that have been forwarded over the Tunnel.
	Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system and at other times, as indicated by the value of teTunnelDiscontinuityTimer.
::= { teTunn	elEntry 14 }
teTunnelLPPacket SYNTAX MAX-ACCESS STATUS DESCRIPTION	s OBJECT-TYPE Counter32 read-only current "The number of packets that have been forwarded over the Tunnel.

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Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system and at other times, as indicated by the value of teTunnelDiscontinuityTimer.

```
::= { teTunnelEntry 15 }
```

teTunnelAge SYNTAX MAX-ACCESS STATUS DESCRIPTION	OBJECT-TYPE TimeTicks read-only current "The age (i.e., time from creation of this conceptual row till now) of this Tunnel in hundredths of a second. Note that because TimeTicks wrap in about
	second. Note that because TimeTicks wrap in about 16 months, this value is best used in interval
	measurements.

::= { teTunnelEntry 16 }

teTunnelTimeUp OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX TimeTicks read-only MAX-ACCESS STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The total time in hundredths of a second that this Tunnel has been operational. Note that because TimeTicks wrap in about 16 months, this value is best used in interval measurements. An example of usage of this object would be to compute the percentage up time over a period of time by obtaining values of teTunnelAge and teTunnelTimeUp at two points in time and computing the following ratio: ((teTunnelTimeUp2 - teTunnelTimeUp1)/ (teTunnelAge2 - teTunnelAge1)) * 100 %. In doing so, the management station must account for wrapping of the values of teTunnelAge and teTunnelTimeUp between the two measurements. ::= { teTunnelEntry 17 }

teTunnelPrimaryTimeUp OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX TimeTicks MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The total time in hundredths of a second that this Tunnel's primary path has been operational. Note that because TimeTicks wrap in about 16 months, this

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value is best used in interval measurements.

An example of usage of this field would be to compute what percentage of time that a TE Tunnel was on the primary path over a period of time by computing ((teTunnelPrimaryTimeUp2 - teTunnelPrimaryTimeUp1)/ (teTunnelTimeUp2 - teTunnelTimeUp1))*100 %. In doing so, the management station must account for wrapping of the values of teTunnelPrimaryTimeUp and teTunnelTimeUp between the two measurements. ::= { teTunnelEntry 18 } teTunnelTransitions OBJECT-TYPE Counter32 SYNTAX MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The number of operational state transitions (up -> down and down -> up) this Tunnel has undergone. ::= { teTunnelEntry 19 } teTunnelLastTransition OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX TimeTicks MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The time in hundredths of a second since the last operational state transition occurred on this Tunnel. Note that if the last transition was over 16 months ago, this value will be inaccurate. ::= { teTunnelEntry 20 } teTunnelPathChanges OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Counter32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The number of path changes this Tunnel has had." ::= { teTunnelEntry 21 } teTunnelLastPathChange OBJECT-TYPE TimeTicks SYNTAX MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current

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DESCRIPTION "The time in hundredths of a second since the last path change occurred on this Tunnel. Note that if the last transition was over 16 months ago, this value will be inaccurate. Path changes may be caused by network events or by reconfiguration that affects the path. ::= { teTunnelEntry 22 } teTunnelConfiguredPaths OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Gauge32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The number of paths configured for this Tunnel." ::= { teTunnelEntry 23 } teTunnelStandbyPaths OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Gauge32 read-only MAX-ACCESS STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The number of standby paths configured for this Tunnel. ::= { teTunnelEntry 24 } teTunnelOperationalPaths OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Gauge32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The number of operational paths for this Tunnel. This includes the path currently active, as well as operational standby paths. ::= { teTunnelEntry 25 } _ _ -- Tunnel Path Table _ _ tePathTable OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF SEQUENCE OF TePathEntry MAX-ACCESS not-accessible STATUS current DESCRIPTION "Table of Configured Traffic Tunnels." ::= { teMIBObjects 3 }

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tePathEntry SYNTAX MAX-ACCESS STATUS DESCRIPTION	OBJECT-TYPE TePathEntry not-accessible current "Entry containing Traffic Tunnel. or more Traffic P As a Traffic Path Traffic Tunnel, a a value of n for the implementatio teTunnelEntry wit is removed.	information about a particular Each Traffic Tunnel can have zero aths. can only exist over an existing ll tePathEntries with teTunnelIndex MUST be removed by n when the corresponding h a value of n for teTunnelIndex
INDEX ::= { tePath	{ teTunnelIndex, t Table 1 }	ePathIndex }
TePathEntry ::= SEQUENCE { tePathIn tePathNa Conceptu tePathRo tePathSt Path pro tePathTy tePathCo tePathBa tePathIn tePathIn tePathEs tePathAs tePathAs tePathAs tePathAs	ndex ame al row information owStatus corageType operties ope andwidth acludeAny acludeAll aclude etupPriority oldPriority coperties atus berStatus aminStatus omputedRoute ecordedRoute	<pre>Unsigned32, SnmpAdminString, RowStatus, StorageType, INTEGER, Unsigned32, MplsBitRate, Unsigned32, Unsigned32, Unsigned32, Integer32, Integer32, BITS, INTEGER, INTEGER, Unsigned32, Unsigned32,</pre>
J tePathIndex SYNTAX MAX-ACCESS STATUS DESCRIPTION	OBJECT-TYPE Unsigned32 (142 not-accessible current "An index that uni a Tunnel.	94967295) quely identifies a path within

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The combination of <teTunnelIndex, tePathIndex> thus uniquely identifies a path among all paths on this router.

::= { tePathEntry 1 }

tePathName OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX SnmpAdminString (SIZE(0..32)) MAX-ACCESS read-create STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The name of this path.

> A pathName must be unique within the set of paths over a single tunnel. If a SET request is received with a duplicate name, then the implementation MUST return an inconsistentValue error.

> The value of this object cannot be changed if the value of the corresponding teTunnelRowStatus object is 'active'.

::= { tePathEntry 2 }

tePathRowStatus	OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX	RowStatus
MAX-ACCESS	read-create
STATUS	current
DESCRIPTION	"The status of this conceptual row.

When the value of this object is 'active', then the value of tePathName cannot be changed. All other writable objects may be changed; however, these changes may affect traffic going over the TE tunnel or require the path to be computed and/or re-signaled.

::= { tePathEntry 3 }

tePathStorageType OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX StorageType MAX-ACCESS read-create STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The storage type for this conceptual row.

Conceptual rows having the value 'permanent' need not allow write-access to any columnar objects in the row.

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```
::= { tePathEntry 4 }
tePathType OBJECT-TYPE
                 INTEGER {
   SYNTAX
                     other(1),
                     primary(2),
                     standby(3),
                     secondary(4)
                 }
   MAX-ACCESS
                read-create
    STATUS
                current
   DESCRIPTION "The type for this PathEntry; i.e., whether this path
                is a primary path, a standby path, or a secondary
                path.
    ::= { tePathEntry 5 }
tePathConfiguredRoute OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Unsigned32
               read-create
   MAX-ACCESS
   STATUS
                current
   DESCRIPTION "The route that this TE path is configured to follow;
                 i.e., an ordered list of hops. The value of this object gives the primary index into the Hop Table.
                 The secondary index is the hop count in the path, so
                 to get the route, one could get the first hop with
                 index <tePathConfiguredRoute, 1> in the Hop Table
                and do a getnext to get subsequent hops.
    ::= { tePathEntry 6 }
tePathBandwidth OBJECT-TYPE
                MplsBitRate
   SYNTAX
               "Kilobits per second"
   UNITS
   MAX-ACCESS read-create
   STATUS
                current
   DESCRIPTION "The configured bandwidth for this Tunnel,
                in units of thousands of bits per second (Kbps).
                п
                { 0 }
   DEFVAL
    ::= { tePathEntry 7 }
tePathIncludeAny OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Unsigned32
   MAX-ACCESS read-create
   STATUS
                current
   DESCRIPTION "This is a configured set of administrative groups
                 specified as a bit vector (i.e., bit n is 1 if group
```

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n is in the set, where n = 0 is the LSB). For each link that this path goes through, the link must have at least one of the groups specified in IncludeAny to be acceptable. If IncludeAny is zero, all links are acceptable. { 0 } DEFVAL ::= { tePathEntry 8 } tePathIncludeAll OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Unsigned32 MAX-ACCESS read-create STATUS current DESCRIPTION "This is a configured set of administrative groups specified as a bit vector (i.e., bit n is 1 if group n is in the set, where n = 0 is the LSB). For each link that this path goes through, the link must have all of the groups specified in IncludeAll to be acceptable. If IncludeAll is zero, all links are acceptable. { 0 } DEFVAL ::= { tePathEntry 9 } OBJECT-TYPE tePathExclude Unsigned32 SYNTAX MAX-ACCESS read-create current STATUS DESCRIPTION "This is a configured set of administrative groups specified as a bit vector (i.e., bit n is 1 if group n is in the set, where n = 0 is the LSB). For each link that this path goes through, the link MUST have groups associated with it, and the intersection of the link's groups and the 'exclude' set MUST be null. п { 0 } DEFVAL ::= { tePathEntry 10 } tePathSetupPriority OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Integer32 (0..7) read-create MAX-ACCESS STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The setup priority configured for this path, with 0 as the highest priority and 7 as the lowest. DEFVAL { 7 }

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```
::= { tePathEntry 11 }
tePathHoldPriority OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                 Integer32 (0..7)
    MAX-ACCESS read-create
    STATUS
                  current
    DESCRIPTION "The hold priority configured for this path, with 0
                 as the highest priority and 7 as the lowest.
                 ш
                 { 0 }
    DEFVAL
    ::= { tePathEntry 12 }
tePathProperties OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                  BITS {
                       recordRoute(0),
                       cspf(1),
                       makeBeforeBreak(2),
                       mergeable(3),
                       fastReroute(4),
                       protected(5)
                  }
    MAX-ACCESS
                  read-create
    STATUS
                  current
    DESCRIPTION "The set of configured properties for this path,
                  expressed as a bit map. For example, if the path
                  supports 'make before break', then bit 2 is set.
    ::= { tePathEntry 13 }
tePathOperStatus OBJECT-TYPE
                  INTEGER {
    SYNTAX
                       unknown(0),
                       down(1),
                       testing(2),
                       dormant(3),
                       ready(4),
                       operational(5)
                  }
    MAX-ACCESS
                 read-only
    STATUS
                  current
    DESCRIPTION "The operational status of the path:
                  down:Signaling failed.testing:Administratively set aside for testing.dormant:Not signaled (for a backup tunnel).ready:Signaled but not yet comment.
                  operational: Signaled and carrying traffic.
```

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::= { tePathEntry 14 } tePathAdminStatus OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX INTEGER { normal(1), testing(2) } MAX-ACCESS read-create STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The operational status of the path: normal: Used normally for forwarding. testing: Administratively set aside for testing. ::= { tePathEntry 15 } tePathComputedRoute OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Unsigned32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The route computed for this path, perhaps using some form of Constraint-based Routing. The algorithm is implementation dependent. This object returns the computed route as an ordered list of hops. The value of this object gives the primary index into the Hop Table. The secondary index is the hop count in the path, so to get the route, one could get the first hop with index <tePathComputedRoute, 1> in the Hop Table and do a getnext to get subsequent hops. A value of zero (0) means there is no computedRoute. ::= { tePathEntry 16 } tePathRecordedRoute OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Unsigned32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The route actually used for this path, as recorded by the signaling protocol. This is again an ordered list of hops; each hop is expected to be strict. The value of this object gives the primary index into the Hop Table. The secondary index is the hop count in the path, so to get the route, one can get the first hop with index <tePathRecordedRoute, 1> in the Hop Table and do a getnext to get subsequent Kompella Standards Track [Page 25]

hops. A value of zero (0) means there is no recordedRoute. ::= { tePathEntry 17 } _ _ -- Tunnel Path Hop Table _ _ tePathHopTable OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF TePathHopEntry MAX-ACCESS not-accessible STATUS current DESCRIPTION "Table of Tunnel Path Hops." ::= { teMIBObjects 4 } tePathHopEntry OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX TePathHopEntry MAX-ACCESS not-accessible STATUS current DESCRIPTION "Entry containing information about a particular hop. { teHopListIndex, tePathHopIndex } INDEX ::= { tePathHopTable 1 } TePathHopEntry ::= SEQUENCE { teHopListIndex Unsigned32, tePathHopIndex Unsigned32, -- Conceptual row information tolleptual row informationtePathHopRowStatusRowStatus,tePathHopStorageTypeStorageType,tePathHopAddrTypeTeHopAddressType,tePathHopAddressTeHopAddress,tePathHopTypeINTEGER tePathHopType INTEGER } teHopListIndex OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Unsigned32 (1..4294967295) MAX-ACCESS not-accessible STATUS current DESCRIPTION "An index that identifies a list of hops. This is the primary index to access hops. ::= { tePathHopEntry 1 }

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tePathHopIndex OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Unsigned32 (1..4294967295) MAX-ACCESS not-accessible STATUS current DESCRIPTION "An index that identifies a particular hop among the list of hops for a path. An index of i identifies the ith hop. This is the secondary index for a hop entry. ... ::= { tePathHopEntry 2 } tePathHopRowStatus OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX RowStatus MAX-ACCESS read-create STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The status of this conceptual row. Any field in this table can be changed, even if the value of this object is 'active'. However, such a change may cause traffic to be rerouted or even disrupted. ::= { tePathHopEntry 3 } tePathHopStorageType OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX StorageType MAX-ACCESS read-create STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The storage type for this conceptual row. Conceptual rows having the value 'permanent' need not allow write-access to any columnar objects in the row. ... ::= { tePathHopEntry 4 } tePathHopAddrType OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX TeHopAddressType MAX-ACCESS read-create STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The type of Traffic Engineered Tunnel hop Address of this hop. The value of this object cannot be changed if the value of the corresponding tePathRowStatus object is 'active'. ::= { tePathHopEntry 5 }

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tePathHopAddress OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX TeHopAddress MAX-ACCESS read-create STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The Traffic Engineered Tunnel hop Address of this hop. The type of this address is determined by the value of the corresponding tePathHopAddressType. The value of this object cannot be changed if the value of the corresponding teTunnelRowStatus object is 'active'. ::= { tePathHopEntry 6 } tePathHopType OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX INTEGER { unknown(0), loose(1), strict(2) } read-only MAX-ACCESS current STATUS DESCRIPTION "The type of hop: unknown: loose: This hop is a LOOSE hop. strict: This hop is a STRICT hop. ::= { tePathHopEntry 7 }

- -- TE Notifications
- --

_ _

teTunnelUp	NOTIFICATION-TYPE
OBJECTS	<pre>{ teTunnelName, tePathName } TunnelPath</pre>
STATUS	current
DESCRIPTION	"A teTunnelUp notification is generated when the Tunnel indexed by teTunnelName transitions to the 'up' state.

A tunnel is up when at least one of its paths is up. The tePathName is the name of the path whose transition to up made the tunnel go up.

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This notification MUST be limited to at most one every minute, in case the tunnel flaps up and down. ::= { teMIBNotifications 1 } teTunnelDown NOTIFICATION-TYPE OBJECTS { teTunnelName, tePathName } -- TunnelPath STATUS current DESCRIPTION "A teTunnelDown notification is generated when the Tunnel indexed by teTunnelName transitions to the 'down' state. A tunnel is up when at least one of its paths is up. The tePathName is the name of the path whose transition to down made the tunnel go down. This notification MUST be limited to at most one every minute, in case the tunnel flaps up and down. ::= { teMIBNotifications 2 } teTunnelChanged NOTIFICATION-TYPE { teTunnelName, OBJECTS tePathName } -- toTunnelPath STATUS current DESCRIPTION "A teTunnelChanged notification is generated when an active path on the Tunnel indexed by teTunnelName changes or a new path becomes active. The value of tePathName is the new active path. This notification MUST be limited to at most one every minute, in case the tunnel changes quickly. ::= { teMIBNotifications 3 } teTunnelRerouted NOTIFICATION-TYPE OBJECTS { teTunnelName, tePathName } -- toTunnelPath STATUS current DESCRIPTION "A teTunnelRerouted notification is generated when an active path for the Tunnel indexed by teTunnelName stays the same, but its route changes. This notification MUST be limited to at most one every minute, in case the tunnel reroutes quickly. ::= { teMIBNotifications 4 }

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```
-- End of TE-MIB objects
-- TE Compliance Statements
_ _
teGroups
   OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { teMIBConformance 1 }
teModuleCompliance
   OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { teMIBConformance 2 }
_ _
-- TE object groups
_ _
teTrafficEngineeringGroup OBJECT-GROUP
   OBJECTS {
      teTunnelName,
       teTunnelNextPathIndex,
       teTunnelRowStatus,
       teTunnelStorageType,
       teTunnelSourceAddressType,
       teTunnelSourceAddress,
       teTunnelDestinationAddressType,
      teTunnelDestinationAddress,
      teTunnelState,
      teTunnelDiscontinuityTimer,
      teTunnelOctets,
      teTunnelPackets,
      teTunnelLPOctets,
      teTunnelLPPackets,
      teTunnelAge,
      teTunnelTimeUp,
      teTunnelPrimaryTimeUp,
      teTunnelTransitions,
       teTunnelLastTransition,
       teTunnelPathChanges,
       teTunnelLastPathChange,
       teTunnelConfiguredPaths,
       teTunnelStandbyPaths,
      teTunnelOperationalPaths,
       tePathBandwidth,
      tePathIncludeAny,
       tePathIncludeAll,
       tePathExclude,
```

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tePathSetupPriority, tePathHoldPriority, tePathProperties, tePathOperStatus, tePathAdminStatus, tePathComputedRoute, tePathRecordedRoute, teDistProtocol, teSignalingProto, teNotificationEnable, teNextTunnelIndex, teNextPathHopIndex, teAdminGroupName, teAdminGroupRowStatus, teConfiguredTunnels, teActiveTunnels, tePrimaryTunnels, tePathName, tePathType, tePathRowStatus, tePathStorageType, tePathConfiguredRoute, tePathHopRowStatus, tePathHopStorageType, tePathHopAddrType, tePathHopAddress, tePathHopType } STATUS current DESCRIPTION "Objects for Traffic Engineering in this MIB module." ::= { teGroups 1 } teNotificationGroup NOTIFICATION-GROUP NOTIFICATIONS { teTunnelUp, teTunnelDown, teTunnelChanged, teTunnelRerouted } STATUS current DESCRIPTION "Notifications specified in this MIB module." ::= { teGroups 2 } _ _ -- TE compliance statements _ _ There are four compliance statements: read-only and full _ _

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compliance for regular TE devices, and read-only and full _ _ compliance for path computation servers. _ _ teModuleReadOnlyCompliance MODULE-COMPLIANCE STATUS current DESCRIPTION "When this MIB module is implemented without support for read-create (i.e., in read-only mode), then such an implementation can claim read-only compliance. Such a device can be monitored but cannot be configured with this MIB module. MODULE -- enclosing module, i.e., TE-MIB MANDATORY-GROUPS { teTrafficEngineeringGroup } GROUP teNotificationGroup DESCRIPTION "Implementation of this group is optional." OBJECT teNotificationEnable MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." OBJECT teAdminGroupName MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." OBJECT teAdminGroupRowStatus SYNTAX RowStatus { active(1) } MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." OBJECT teTunnelName MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." OBJECT teTunnelRowStatus SYNTAX RowStatus { active(1) } MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." OBJECT teTunnelStorageType MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required."

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OBJECT SYNTAX teTunnelSourceAddressType TeHopAddressType { ipv4(1), ipv6(2) } MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required. An implementation is only required to support IPv4 and IPv6 host addresses." teTunnelSourceAddress OBJECT MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." OBJECT teTunnelDestinationAddressType MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." OBJECT teTunnelDestinationAddress MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." OBJECT tePathName MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." UBJECT SYNTAX tePathRowStatus RowStatus { active(1) } MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." OBJECT tePathStorageType MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." OBJECT tePathType MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." OBJECT tePathConfiguredRoute MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." OBJECT tePathBandwidth MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." tePathIncludeAny OBJECT

MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required."

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OBJECT tePathIncludeAll MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." OBJECT tePathExclude MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." OBJECT tePathSetupPriority MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." OBJECT tePathHoldPriority MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." OBJECT tePathProperties MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." OBJECT OBJECT tePathAdminStatus MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." OBJECT tePathHopRowStatus SYNTAX RowStatus { active RowStatus { active(1) } MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." tePathHopStorageType OBJECT MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." tePathHopAddrType OBJECT MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." OBJECT tePathHopAddress MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." ::= { teModuleCompliance 1 } teModuleFullCompliance MODULE-COMPLIANCE STATUS current DESCRIPTION "When this MIB module is implemented with support for read-create, then the implementation can claim full compliance. Such devices can be both

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monitored and configured with this MIB module. -- enclosing module, i.e., TE-MIB MODULE MANDATORY-GROUPS { teTrafficEngineeringGroup } teNotificationGroup GROUP DESCRIPTION "Implementation of this group is optional." OBJECTteAdminGroupRowStatusSYNTAXRowStatus { active(1) } WRITE-SYNTAX RowStatus { createAndGo(4), destroy(6) } DESCRIPTION "Support for notInService, createAndWait and notReady is not required. OBJECT teTunnelRowStatus SYNTAX RowStatus { active(1), notInService(2) } WRITE-SYNTAX RowStatus { active(1), notInService(2), createAndGo(4), destroy(6) } DESCRIPTION "Support for createAndWait and notReady is not required. OBJECT teTunnelSourceAddressType SYNTAX TeHopAddressType { ipv4(1), ipv6(2) } DESCRIPTION "Write access is required. An implementation is only required to support IPv4 and IPv6 host addresses. п OBJECT tePathRowStatus SYNTAX RowStatus { active(1), notInService(2) } WRITE-SYNTAX RowStatus { active(1), notInService(2), createAndGo(4), destroy(6) } DESCRIPTION "Support for createAndWait and notReady is not required. ... tePathHopRowStatus UBJECT SYNTAX OBJECT RowStatus { active(1), notInService(2) } WRITE-SYNTAX RowStatus { active(1), notInService(2),

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createAndGo(4), destroy(6) } DESCRIPTION "Support for createAndWait and notReady is not required. ::= { teModuleCompliance 2 } teModuleServerReadOnlyCompliance MODULE-COMPLIANCE STATUS current DESCRIPTION "When this MIB module is implemented by a path computation server without support for read-create (i.e., in read-only mode), then the implementation can claim read-only compliance. Such a device can be monitored but cannot be configured with this MIB module. MODULE -- enclosing module, i.e., TE-MIB MANDATORY-GROUPS { teTrafficEngineeringGroup } GROUP teNotificationGroup DESCRIPTION "Implementation of this group is optional." teNotificationEnable OBJECT MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." OBJECT teAdminGroupName MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." OBJECT teAdminGroupRowStatus SYNTAX RowStatus { active(1) } MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." OBJECT teTunnelName MIN-ACCESS read-only

> OBJECT teTunnelRowStatus SYNTAX RowStatus { active(1) } MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required."

> DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required."

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OBJECT teTunnelStorageType MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." OBJECT teTunnelSourceAddressType MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required. A path computation server SHOULD implement all types of tunnel source address types. OBJECT teTunnelSourceAddress MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." OBJECT teTunnelDestinationAddressType MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." OBJECT teTunnelDestinationAddress MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." OBJECT tePathName MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." OBJECT tePathRowStatus SYNTAX RowStatus { active(1) } MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." OBJECT tePathStorageType MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." OBJECT tePathType MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." OBJECT tePathConfiguredRoute MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." tePathBandwidth OBJECT

MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required."

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OBJECT tePathIncludeAny MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." OBJECT tePathIncludeAll MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." OBJECT tePathExclude MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." OBJECT tePathSetupPriority MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." OBJECT tePathHoldPriority MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." OBJECT OBJECT tePathProperties MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." OBJECT tePathAdminStatus MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." tePathHopRowStatus RowStatus { active(1) } OBJECT SYNTAX MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." OBJECT tePathHopStorageType MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." OBJECT tePathHopAddrType MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." OBJECT tePathHopAddress MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required."

::= { teModuleCompliance 3 }

teModuleServerFullCompliance MODULE-COMPLIANCE

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```
STATUS
             current
DESCRIPTION "When this MIB module is implemented by a path
             computation server with support for read-create,
             then the implementation can claim full
             compliance.
MODULE
             -- enclosing module, i.e., TE-MIB
    MANDATORY-GROUPS {
       teTrafficEngineeringGroup
    }
    GROUP teNotificationGroup
    DESCRIPTION "Implementation of this group is optional."
    OBJECTteAdminGroupRowStatusSYNTAXRowStatus { active(1) }WRITE-SYNTAXRowStatus { createAndGo(4), destroy(6) }
    DESCRIPTION "Support for notInService, createAndWait, and
                 notReady is not required.
    OBJECT
                 teTunnelRowStatus
    OBJECT teTunnelRowstatus
SYNTAX RowStatus { active(1), notInService(2) }
    WRITE-SYNTAX RowStatus { active(1), notInService(2),
                              createAndGo(4), destroy(6)
                            }
    DESCRIPTION "Support for createAndWait and notReady is not
                 required.
                 ...
    OBJECT teTunnelSourceAddressType
    DESCRIPTION "Write access is required. An implementation
                 of a path computation server SHOULD support all
                 types of tunnel source address types.
    OBJECT tePathRowStatus
SYNTAX RowStatus { active(1), notInService(2) }
    WRITE-SYNTAX RowStatus { active(1), notInService(2),
                              createAndGo(4), destroy(6)
                            }
    DESCRIPTION "Support for createAndWait and notReady is not
                 required.
    OBJECT
                tePathHopRowStatus
```

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::= { teModuleCompliance 4 }

END

- 6. References
- 6.1. Normative References
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 - [7] Awduche, D., Malcolm, J., Agogbua, J., O'Dell, M., and J. McManus, "Requirements for Traffic Engineering Over MPLS", RFC 2702, September 1999.
- 6.2. Informative References
 - [8] Awduche, D., Berger, L., Gan, D., Li, T., Srinivasan, V., and G. Swallow, "RSVP-TE: Extensions to RSVP for LSP Tunnels", RFC 3209, December 2001.

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- [9] Case, J., Mundy, R., Partain, D., and B. Stewart, "Introduction and Applicability Statements for Internet-Standard Management Framework", RFC 3410, December 2002.
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- [11] Thaler, D., "IP Tunnel MIB", RFC 2667, August 1999.
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- 7. Security Considerations

This MIB module relates to the configuration and management of Traffic Engineering tunnels. The unauthorized manipulation of fields in the tables teAdminGroupTable, teTunnelTable, tePathTable, and tePathHopTable may lead to tunnel flapping, tunnel paths being changed, or traffic being disrupted. In addition, if these tables are read by unauthorized parties, the information can be used to trace traffic patterns, traffic volumes, and tunnel paths. This may be considered proprietary and confidential information by some providers.

There are a number of management objects defined in this MIB module with a MAX-ACCESS clause of read-write and/or read-create. Such objects may be considered sensitive or vulnerable in some network environments. The support for SET operations in a non-secure environment without proper protection can have a negative effect on network operations. These are the tables and objects and their sensitivity/vulnerability:

teAdminGroupTable: Changing this will affect the semantics of include and exclude constraints, and thus traffic takes unintended routes.

teTunnelTable: Changing this affects many properties of traffic tunnels.

tePathTable: Changing this affects the constraints (including bandwidth) of tunnel paths, as well as the status of the path.

tePathHopTable: Changing this affects the route followed by a traffic tunnel path.

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Some of the readable objects in this MIB module (i.e., objects with a MAX-ACCESS other than not-accessible) may be considered sensitive or vulnerable in some network environments. It is thus important to control even GET and/or NOTIFY access to these objects and possibly to even encrypt the values of these objects when sending them over the network via SNMP. These are the tables and objects and their sensitivity/vulnerability:

teTunnelTable: Describes tunnel endpoints and traffic volumes. tePathTable: Describes path properties. tePathHopTable: Describes path routes.

SNMP versions prior to SNMPv3 did not include adequate security. Even if the network itself is secure (for example by using IPSec), even then, there is no control as to who on the secure network is allowed to access and GET/SET (read/change/create/delete) the objects in this MIB module.

It is RECOMMENDED that implementers consider the security features as provided by the SNMPv3 framework (see [9], section 8), including full support for the SNMPv3 cryptographic mechanisms (for authentication and privacy).

Further, deployment of SNMP versions prior to SNMPv3 is NOT RECOMMENDED. Instead, it is RECOMMENDED to deploy SNMPv3 and to enable cryptographic security. It is then a customer/operator responsibility to ensure that the SNMP entity giving access to an instance of this MIB module is properly configured to give access to the objects only to those principals (users) that have legitimate rights to indeed GET or SET (change/create/delete) them.

Acknowledgments

It was Tony Li's suggestion that the author embark on this MIB. Many thanks to him and to Der-Hwa Gan for their input and help.

Many thanks, too, to Bert Wijnen for his incredible help, both with improving the correctness, structure, and readability of the MIB module, and with the text of the RFC. Thanks also to Adrian Farrel for his detailed review.

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Kompella

Standards Track

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