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Definition of Managed Objects for Synthetic Sources for Performance Monitoring Algorithms

Status of This Memo

This document specifies an Internet standards track protocol for the Internet community, and requests discussion and suggestions for improvements. Please refer to the current edition of the "Internet Official Protocol Standards" (STD 1) for the standardization state and status of this protocol. Distribution of this memo is unlimited.

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Abstract

This memo defines a portion of the Management Information Base (MIB) for use with network management protocols in the Internet community. In particular, it describes objects for configuring Synthetic Sources for Performance Monitoring (SSPM) algorithms.

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1. Introduction

This memo defines a portion of the Management Information Base (MIB) for use with network management protocols in the Internet community.

In particular, it defines a method of describing Synthetic Sources for Performance Monitoring (SSPM). This is useful within the Remote Monitoring (RMON) framework [RFC3577] for performance monitoring in the cases where it is desirable to inject packets into the network for the purpose of monitoring their performance with the other MIBs in that framework.

This memo also includes a MIB module.

The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in RFC 2119 [RFC2119].

2. The Internet-Standard Management Framework

For a detailed overview of the documents that describe the current Internet-Standard Management Framework, please refer to section 7 of RFC 3410 [RFC3410].

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Managed objects are accessed via a virtual information store, termed the Management Information Base or MIB. MIB objects are generally accessed through the Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP). Objects in the MIB are defined using the mechanisms defined in the Structure of Management Information (SMI). This memo specifies a MIB module that is compliant to the SMIv2, which is described in STD 58, RFC 2578 [RFC2578], STD 58, RFC 2579 [RFC2579] and STD 58, RFC 2580 [RFC2580].

3. Overview

This document defines a MIB module for the purpose of remotely controlling synthetic sources (or 'active' probes) and sinks in order to enhance remote performance monitoring capabilities within IP networks and services. Much work within the IETF exists related to performance monitoring. One interesting aspect of this body of work is that it does not explicitly define an 'active' probe capability. An active probe capability is complimentary to existing capabilities, and this MIB module is developed to fill this void.

3.1. Terms

The following definitions apply throughout this document:

- o 'Performance monitoring' is the act of monitoring traffic for the purpose of evaluating a statistic of a metric related to the performance of the system. A performance monitoring system is comprised of a) traffic generators, b) measurement, c) data reduction, and d) reporting. The traffic generators may be natural sources, synthetic sources, or intrusive sources.
 - o A 'synthetic source' is a device or an embedded software program that generates a data packet (or packets) and injects it (or them) onto the path to a corresponding probe or existing server solely in support of a performance monitoring function. A synthetic source may talk intrusively to existing application servers.

The design goals for this MIB module are:

- o Complementing the overall performance management architecture being defined within the RMONMIB WG; refer to the RMONMIB framework document [RFC3577]. This MIB module is defined within the context of the APM-MIB [RFC3729].
- o Extensibility: the MIB module should be easily extended to include a greater set of protocols and applications for performance monitoring purposes.

- o Flexibility: the module should support both round-trip and one-way measurements.
- o Security: the control of the source and sink of traffic is handled by a management application, and communication is recommended via SNMPv3.

This document is organized as follows. The next section discusses the relationship of this MIB module to others from the RMONMIB and Distributed Management (DISMAN) working groups. Then the structure of the MIB module is discussed. Finally, the MIB module definitions are given.

4. Relationship to Other MIB modules

This MIB module is designed to be used in conjunction with the RMON MIB Working Group's two other MIB modules for application performance measurement: Application Performance Measurement MIB [RFC3729] and Transport Performance Metrics MIB [RFC4150]. These MIB modules define reporting capabilities for that framework. The intent of this MIB module is to define a method for injecting packets into the network utilizing probe capabilities defined in the base MIB modules and measured with the reporting MIB modules. Other reporting MIB modules may be used as well.

Specifically, this MIB module uses the AppLocalIndex as defined in the APM-MIB to map measurement configuration information to definition and reporting structures defined in the APM-MIB.

5. Relationship to Other Work

Much work has already been done within the IETF that has a direct bearing on the development of active performance probe definitions. This body of work has been addressed in various working groups over the years. In this section, we focus on the work of a) the IP Performance Metrics (IPPM) working group, b) the DISMAN working group, c) the RMON working group, d) the Application MIB (ApplMIB) working group, and e) the Realtime Traffic Flow Measurement (RTFM) working group.

5.1. IPPM

The IPPM working group has defined in detail a set of performance metrics, sampling techniques, and associated statistics for transport-level or connectivity-level measurements. The IPPM framework document [RFC2330] discusses numerous issues concerning sampling techniques, clock accuracy, resolution and skew, wire time versus host time, error analysis, etc. Many of these are

considerations for configuration and implementation issues discussed below. The IPPM working group has defined several metrics and their associated statistics, including

- + a connectivity metric [RFC2678],
- + one-way delay metric [RFC2679],
- + one-way loss metric [RFC2680],
- + round-trip delay and loss metrics [RFC2681],
- + delay variation metric [RFC3393],
- + a streaming media metric [RFC3432],
- + a throughput metric [EBT] and [TBT], and
- + others are under development.

These (or a subset) could form the basis for a set of active, connectivity-level, probe types designed for monitoring the quality of transport services. A consideration of some of these metrics may form a set of work activities and a set of early deliverables for a group developing an active probe capability.

During the early development of the SSPM-MIB, it became apparent that a one-way measurement protocol was required in order for the SSPM-MIB to control a one-way measurement. This led to the current work with the IPPM WG on the development of the One-Way Measurement Protocol (OWDP) [ODP]. This work includes both the measurement protocol itself, as well as the development of a separate control protocol. This later control protocol is redundant with the current work on the SSPM-MIB. The SSPM-MIB could be used as an alternative to the one-way delay control protocol.

5.2. DISMAN

The DISMAN working group has defined a set of 'active' tools for remote management. Of relevance to this document are:

- + the pingMIB [RFC2925],
- + the DNS Lookup MIB [RFC2925],
- + the tracerouteMIB [RFC2925],

- + the scriptMIB [RFC3165], and
- + the expressionMIB [RFC2982].

The pingMIB and tracerouteMIB define an active probe capability, primarily for the remote determination of path and path connectivity. There are some performance-related metrics collected from the pingMIB, and one could conceivably use these measurements for the evaluation of a limited set of performance statistics. But there is a fundamental difference between determining connectivity and determining the quality of that connectivity. However, in the context of performance monitoring, a fault can be viewed as not performing at all. Therefore, both should be monitored with the same probes to reduce network traffic.

The DNS Lookup MIB also includes some probe-like capabilities and performance time measurements for the DNS lookup. This could be used to suggest details of a related session-level, active probe.

The scriptMIB allows a network management application to distribute and manage scripts to remote devices. Conceivably, these scripts could be designed to run a set of active probe monitors on remote devices.

5.3. RMON

The RMON working group has developed an extensive, passive monitoring capability defined in RFC 2819 [RFC2819] and RFC 2021 [RFC2021] as well as additional MIB modules. Initially, the monitors collected statistics at the MAC layer, but the capability has now been extended to higher-layer statistics. Higher-layer statistics are identified through the definition of a Protocol Directory [RFC2021]. See the RMONMIB framework document [RFC3577] for an overview of the RMONMIB capabilities.

Within this context, the development of an active traffic source for performance monitoring fits well within the overall performance monitoring architecture being defined within the RMON WG.

5.4. ApplMIB

The ApplMIB working group defined a series of MIB modules that monitor various aspects of applications, processes, and services.

The System Application MIB [RFC2287] describes a basic set of managed objects for fault, configuration, and performance management of applications from a systems perspective. More specifically, the managed objects it defines are restricted to information that can be

determined from the system itself and that does not require special instrumentation within the applications to make the information available.

The Application MIB [RFC2564] complements the System Application MIB, providing for the management of applications' common attributes, which could not typically be observed without the cooperation of the software being managed. There are attributes that provide information on application and communication performance.

The WWW MIB [RFC2594] describes a set of objects for managing networked services in the Internet Community, particularly World Wide Web (WWW) services. Performance attributes are available for the information about each WWW service, each type of request, each type of response, and top-accessed documents.

In the development of synthetic application-level probes, consideration should be given to the relationship of the application MIB modules to the measurements being performed through a synthetic application-level probe. Similar, cross-indexing issues arise within the context of the RMON monitoring and synthetic application-level active probes.

5.5. SNMPCONF

The Configuration Management with SNMP (SNMPCONF) working group has created the informational RFC 3512 [RFC3512], which outlines the most effective methods for using the SNMP Framework to accomplish configuration management. This work includes recommendations for device-specific as well as network-wide (Policy) configuration. The group is also chartered to write any MIB modules necessary to facilitate configuration management. Specifically, they will write a MIB module that describes a network entity's capabilities and capacities, which can be used by management entities making policy decisions at a network level or device-specific level.

Currently, the SNMPCONF working group is focused on the SNMP Configuration MIB for policy [RFC4011]. It is conceivable that one would want to monitor the performance of newly configured policies as they are implemented within networks. This would require correlation of the implemented policy and a related performance monitoring policy that would specify synthetic probe definitions. For synthetic probes, there would be a need for a configuration of a) a single probe, b) several probes, c) source and destination probes, and d) intermediate probes. In addition, it may be necessary to configure any or all of these combinations simultaneously. It is hoped that the work of SNMPCONF will suffice. The scripting language defined by the SNMP Configuration MIB could allow for active monitoring to be

activated and configured from a policy management script. Further, the results of active monitoring could become arguments in further policy decisions. This notion is reflected in the decision flow outlined in Figure 1 below.

5.6. RTFM

The Realtime Traffic Flow Measurement (RTFM) working group is concerned with issues relating to traffic flow measurements and usage reporting for network traffic and Internet accounting. Various documents exist that describe requirements [RFC1272], traffic flow measurement architectures [RFC2722], and a traffic flow MIB [RFC2720]. The work in this group is focused on passive measurements of user traffic. As such, its work is related to the monitoring work within the RMON WG. Fundamentally, their attention has not been concerned with methods of active traffic generation.

5.7. Relationship to Other Work: Summary

In summary, the development of an active traffic generation capability (primarily for the purpose of performance monitoring) should draw upon various activities, both past and present, within the IETF. Figure 1 shows the relationship of the various work activities briefly touched upon in this section.

Horizontally, across the top of the figure are overall control functions, which would coordinate the various aspects of the performance monitoring systems. Vertically at the bottom of the figure are the functions which comprise the minimum performance monitoring capability; i.e., traffic generation, monitoring and measurements, and data reduction. Traffic generation is addressed in this MIB module. Monitoring and measurement is addressed in the APM-MIB [RFC3729] and TPM-MIB [RFC4150] modules. Data reduction is not yet addressed within the IETF. But data reduction could include both spatial and temporal aggregations at different levels of reduction. This is indicated in the figure by the arrow labeled "Various levels and span".

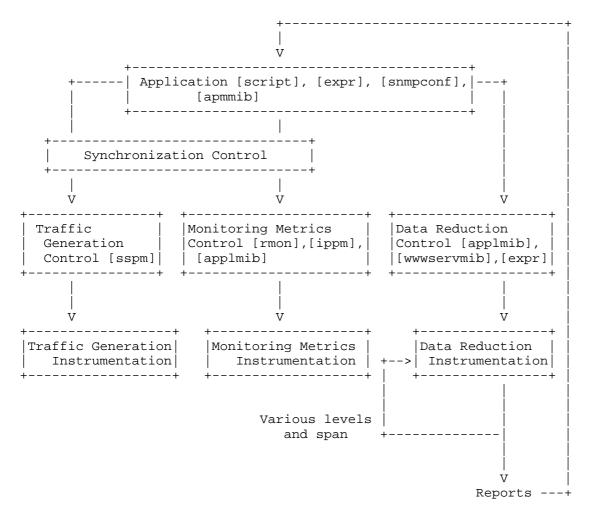


Figure 1: Coverage for an overall performance monitoring system

6. MIB Structure

This section presents the structure of the MIB module. The objects are arranged into the following groups:

- o general information
- o source configuration
- o sink configuration

6.1. General Information

This section provides general information about the capabilities of the probe. Currently, this information is related to the resolution of the probe clock and its source.

6.2. Source Configuration

The source is configured with a pair of tables. The first, sspmSourceProfileTable, defines a set of profiles for monitoring. These profiles are then used by the second table, sspmSourceControlTable, to instantiate a specific measurement. This MIB module takes an IP-centric view of the configuration of the measurement.

6.3. Sink Configuration

Configures the sink for measurements. If the test is round-trip, then this table is on the same probe as the source configuration. If the test is one-way, then the table is on a different probe. The sspmSinkInstance is a unique identifier for the entry per probe. Additional attributes are provided for test type and test source to identify entries in the table uniquely.

7. Definitions

SSPM-MIB DEFINITIONS ::= BEGIN

IMPORTS

MODULE-IDENTITY, OBJECT-TYPE, Counter32, Integer32, Unsigned32

FROM SNMPv2-SMI --[RFC2578]

TEXTUAL-CONVENTION, StorageType, TruthValue, RowStatus

FROM SNMPv2-TC --[RFC2579]

MODULE-COMPLIANCE, OBJECT-GROUP

FROM SNMPv2-CONF --[RFC2578, -- RFC2579, -- RFC2580]

OwnerString, rmon

FROM RMON-MIB --[RFC2819]

InetAddressType, InetAddress

FROM INET-ADDRESS-MIB --[RFC3291]

```
InterfaceIndexOrZero
                                  FROM IF-MIB --[RFC2863]
      AppLocalIndex
                                  FROM APM-MIB --[RFC3729]
      Utf8String
                                  FROM SYSAPPL-MIB; --[RFC2287]
   sspmMIB MODULE-IDENTITY
      LAST-UPDATED "200507280000Z" -- July 28, 2005
       ORGANIZATION "IETF RMON MIB working group"
       CONTACT-INFO
                   Carl W. Kalbfleisch
                   Consultant
           E-mail: ietf@kalbfleisch.us
           Working group mailing list: rmonmib@ietf.org
           To subscribe send email to rmonmib-request@ietf.org"
      DESCRIPTION
           "This SSPM MIB module is applicable to probes
           implementing Synthetic Source for Performance
           Monitoring functions.
           Copyright (C) The Internet Society (2005). This version
           of this MIB module is part of RFC 4149; see the RFC
           itself for full legal notices."
         -- revision history
         REVISION
                    "200507280000Z" -- July 28, 2005
         DESCRIPTION
             "The original version of this MIB module,
             was published as RFC4149."
          ::= { rmon 28 }
-- Object Identifier Assignments
sspmMIBObjects OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { sspmMIB 1 }
sspmMIBNotifications OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { sspmMIB 2 }
sspmMIBConformance OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { sspmMIB 3 }
-- Textual Conventions
```

```
SspmMicroSeconds ::= TEXTUAL-CONVENTION
   DISPLAY-HINT "d"
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
        "A unit of time with resolution of MicroSeconds."
   SYNTAX Unsigned32
SspmClockSource ::= TEXTUAL-CONVENTION
   DISPLAY-HINT "d"
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
        "An indication of the source of the clock as defined by the
        NTP specification RFC1305 [RFC1305] definition of stratum:
         Stratum (sys.stratum, peer.stratum, pkt.stratum): This is
         an integer indicating the stratum of the local clock,
         with values defined as follows:
         0
               unspecified
               primary reference (e.g., calibrated atomic clock,
               radio clock)
         2-255 secondary reference (via NTP)."
   REFERENCE
        "RFC1305."
    SYNTAX Integer32 (0..255)
SspmClockMaxSkew ::= TEXTUAL-CONVENTION
   DISPLAY-HINT "d"
   STATUS current
   -- UNITS "Seconds"
   DESCRIPTION
        "An indication of the accuracy of the clock as defined by
        RFC1305. This variable indicates the maximum offset
         error due to skew of the local clock over the
        time interval 86400 seconds, in seconds."
   REFERENCE
        "RFC1305."
   SYNTAX Integer32 (1..65535)
-- sspmGeneral
sspmGeneral
                     OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { sspmMIBObjects 1 }
sspmGeneralClockResolution OBJECT-TYPE
               SspmMicroSeconds
   SYNTAX
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
```

```
current
   STATUS
    -- UNITS
                 Microseconds
   DESCRIPTION
       "A read-only variable indicating the resolution
     of the measurements possible by this device."
    ::= { sspmGeneral 1 }
sspmGeneralClockMaxSkew OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX SspmClockMaxSkew
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   -- UNITS Seconds
   DESCRIPTION
        "A read-only variable indicating the maximum offset
        error due to skew of the local clock over the
        time interval 86400 seconds, in seconds."
    ::= { sspmGeneral 2 }
sspmGeneralClockSource OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX SspmClockSource
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS
              current
   DESCRIPTION
        "A read-only variable indicating the source of the clock.
        This is provided to allow a user to determine how accurate
        the timing mechanism is compared with other devices. This
        is needed for the coordination of time values
        between probes for one-way measurements."
    ::= { sspmGeneral 3 }
sspmGeneralMinFrequency OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX SspmMicroSeconds
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
    -- units MicroSeconds
   STATUS
           current
   DESCRIPTION
        "A read-only variable that indicates the devices'
         capability for the minimum supported
         sspmSourceFrequency. If sspmSourceFrequency is
         set to a value lower than the value reported
         by this attribute, then the set of sspmSourceFrequency
         will fail with an inconsistent value error."
    ::= { sspmGeneral 4 }
-- sspmCapabilities
```

```
-- Describes the capabilities of the SSPM device.
sspmCapabilitiesTable OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF SspmCapabilitiesEntry
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
       "The table of SSPM capabilities."
    ::= { sspmGeneral 5 }
sspmCapabilitiesEntry OBJECT-TYPE
             SspmCapabilitiesEntry
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
        "Details about a particular SSPM capability."
    INDEX { sspmCapabilitiesInstance }
    ::= { sspmCapabilitiesTable 1 }
SspmCapabilitiesEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
    sspmCapabilitiesInstance AppLocalIndex
sspmCapabilitiesInstance OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX AppLocalIndex MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
        "Indicates whether SSPM configuration of the corresponding
        AppLocalIndex is supported by this device. Generally,
        entries in this table are only made by the device when the
        configuration of the measurement is available."
     ::= { sspmCapabilitiesEntry 1 }
-- sspmSource
-- Contains the details of the source of the
-- Synthetic Sources for Performance Monitoring algorithms.
-- This information is split into two tables. The first defines
-- profiles that can be applied to specific sources in the
-- control table.
                    OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { sspmMIBObjects 2 }
sspmSource
-- sspmSourceProfileTable
-- Defines template profiles for measurements.
```

```
sspmSourceProfileTable OBJECT-TYPE
         SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF SspmSourceProfileEntry
         MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
          STATUS
                                         current
          DESCRIPTION
                    "The table of SSPM Source Profiles configured."
          ::= { sspmSource 1 }
sspmSourceProfileEntry OBJECT-TYPE
          SYNTAX SspmSourceProfileEntry
          MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
          STATUS current
         DESCRIPTION
                     "Details about a particular SSPM Source Profile
                       configuration. Entries must exist in this table
                       in order to be referenced by rows in the
                       sspmSourceControlTable."
          INDEX { sspmSourceProfileInstance }
          ::= { sspmSourceProfileTable 1 }
SspmSourceProfileEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
          sspmSourceProfileInstance
                                                                                                            Unsigned32,
          sspmSourceProfileType
                                                                                                            AppLocalIndex,
          sspmSourceProfilePacketSize
                                                                                                           Unsigned32,
          sspmSourceProfilePacketFillType sspmSourceProfilePacketFillValue OCTET STRING,
                                                                                                         Integer32,
          sspmSourceProfileTOS
          sspmSourceProfileFlowLabel
                                                                                                          Integer32,
         sspmSourceProfileLooseSrcRteFill OCTET STRING, sspmSourceProfileLooseSrcRteLen Integer32, cspmSourceProfileTTL Integer32,
          sspmSourceProfileNoFrag
sspmSourceProfile8021Tagging
Integer32,
Utf8String,
         sspmSourceProfileParameter OCTET STRING, sspmSourceProfileOwner sspmSourceProfileStore String Owners String Owner String Owners String Owners String Owners String Owner String Owners String Owner St
         sspmSourceProfileStorageType StorageType,
sspmSourceProfileStatus RowStatus
          sspmSourceProfileStatus
                                                                                                          RowStatus
}
sspmSourceProfileInstance OBJECT-TYPE
          SYNTAX Unsigned32 (1..65535)
          MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
          STATUS
                                         current
          DESCRIPTION
                     "An arbitrary index."
```

```
::= { sspmSourceProfileEntry 1 }
sspmSourceProfileType OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX
              AppLocalIndex
   MAX-ACCESS read-create
   STATUS
              current
   DESCRIPTION
       "The AppLocalIndex value that uniquely identifies the
        measurement per the APM-MIB. In order to create a row
        in this table, there must be a corresponding row in the
        sspmCapabilitiesTable.
        When attempting to set this object, if no
        corresponding row exists in the sspmCapabilitiesTable,
        then the agent should return a 'badValue' error."
   ::= { sspmSourceProfileEntry 2}
sspmSourceProfilePacketSize OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Unsigned32
   MAX-ACCESS read-create
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
        "The size of packet to be transmitted in bytes. The
        size accounts for all data within the IPv4 or IPv6
        payloads, excluding the IP headers, IP header options
        and link-level protocol headers.
        If the size is set smaller than the minimum allowed
        packet size or greater than the maximum allowed
        packet size, then the set should fail, and the agent
        should return a 'badValue' error."
   ::= { sspmSourceProfileEntry 3 }
sspmSourceProfilePacketFillType OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX
             INTEGER {
                       random (1),
                       pattern (2),
                       url(3)
   MAX-ACCESS read-create
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
       "Indicates how the packet is filled.
        'random' indicates that the packet contains random
        data patterns. This is probe and implementation
        dependent.
```

'pattern' indicates that the pattern defined in the sspmSourceProfilePacketFillValue attribute is used to fill the packet. 'url' indicates that the value of sspmSourceProfilePacketFillValue should contain a URL. The contents of the document at that URL are retrieved when sspmSourceStatus becomes active and utilized in the packet. If the attempt to access that URL fails, then the row status is set to 'notReady', and the set should fail with 'inconsistentValue'. This value must contain a dereferencable URL of the type 'http:', 'https:', or 'ftp:' only." ::= { sspmSourceProfileEntry 4 } sspmSourceProfilePacketFillValue OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX OCTET STRING (SIZE(0..255)) MAX-ACCESS read-create STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The string value with which to fill the packet. If sspmSourceProfilePacketFillType is set to 'pattern', then this pattern is repeated until the packet is sspmSourcePacketSize in bytes. Note that if the length of the octet string specified for this value does not divide evenly into the packet size, then an incomplete last copy of this data may be copied into the packet. If the value of sspmSourceProfilePacketFillType is set to 'random', then this attribute is unused. If the value of the sspmSourceProfilePacketFillType is set to 'url', then the URL specified in this attribute is retrieved and used by the probe. In the case of a URL, this value must contain a dereferencable URL of the type 'http:', 'https:', or 'ftp:' only." ::= { sspmSourceProfileEntry 5 } sspmSourceProfileTOS OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Integer32 (0..255) MAX-ACCESS read-create STATUS current DESCRIPTION "Represents the TOS field in the IP packet header. value of this object defaults to zero if not set." DEFVAL { 0 } ::= { sspmSourceProfileEntry 6 }

```
sspmSourceProfileFlowLabel OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX
              Integer32 (0..1048575) -- 20-bit range (0 to 0xfffff)
   MAX-ACCESS read-create
               current
   STATUS
   DESCRIPTION
       "This object is used to specify the Flow Label in a IPv6
        packet (RFC 2460) to force special handling by the IPv6
        routers; e.g., non-default quality-of-service handling.
        This object is meaningful only when the object
        sspmSourceDestAddressType is IPv6(2).
        The value of this object defaults to zero if not set."
   DEFVAL { 0 }
   ::= { sspmSourceProfileEntry 7 }
sspmSourceProfileLooseSrcRteFill OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX OCTET STRING (SIZE(0..240))
   MAX-ACCESS read-create
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
        "In the event that the test should run over a
        specific route, the intent is to force the route using the
        Loose Source Route option in IPv4 [RFC791] and
        IPv6 [RFC2460]. This object contains a
        series of IP addresses along the path that would be
        put into the loose source route option in the IP header.
        The IPv4 addresses are to be listed as 32-bit
        address values, and the IPv6 addresses are to be
        listed as a string of 128-bit addresses. The
        maximum length allowed within the IPv4 source route
        option is 63 addresses. To simply account for
        IPv6 addresses as well, the maximum length of the
        octet string is 240. This allows up to 60
        IPv4 addresses or up to 15 IPv6 addresses in the
        string."
   ::= { sspmSourceProfileEntry 8 }
sspmSourceProfileLooseSrcRteLen OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Integer32(0..240)
   MAX-ACCESS read-create
               current
   STATUS
   DESCRIPTION
       "In the event that the test should run over a
        specific route, the intent is to force the route.
        This attribute specifies the length of data to
        be copied from the sspmSourceProfileLooseSrcRteFill
        into the route data fields of the loose source route
```

```
options in the IPv4 or IPv6 headers."
    ::= { sspmSourceProfileEntry 9 }
sspmSourceProfileTTL OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Integer32(1..255)
   MAX-ACCESS read-create
   STATUS
              current
   DESCRIPTION
        "If non-zero, this specifies the value to place into
        the TTL field on transmission."
    ::= { sspmSourceProfileEntry 10 }
sspmSourceProfileNoFrag OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX TruthValue
   MAX-ACCESS read-create
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
       "When true, the 'Don't Fragment Bit' should be set
        on the packet header."
    ::= { sspmSourceProfileEntry 11 }
sspmSourceProfile8021Tagging OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Integer32 (-1..65535)
MAX-ACCESS read-create
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
       "IEEE 802.1Q tagging used in IEEE 802.1D bridged
       environments.
       A value of -1 indicates that the packets are untagged.
       A value of 0 to 65535 is the value of the tag to be
       inserted in the tagged packets.
       Note that according to IEEE 802.1Q, VLAN-ID tags with
       a value of 4095 shall not be transmitted on the wire.
       As the VLAN-ID is encoded in the 12 least significant
       bits on the tag, values that translate in a binary
       representation of all 1's in the last 12 bits
       SHALL NOT be configured. In this case, the set should
       fail, and return an error-status of 'inconsistentValue'."
    ::= { sspmSourceProfileEntry 12 }
sspmSourceProfileUsername OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Utf8String
   MAX-ACCESS read-create
   STATUS
               current
   DESCRIPTION
```

```
"An optional username used by the application protocol."
   ::= { sspmSourceProfileEntry 13 }
sspmSourceProfilePassword OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Utf8String
   MAX-ACCESS read-create
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
       "An optional password used by the application protocol."
   ::= { sspmSourceProfileEntry 14 }
sspmSourceProfileParameter OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX OCTET STRING (SIZE(0..65535))
   MAX-ACCESS read-create
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
        "An optional parameter used by the application protocol.
        For DNS, this would be the hostname or IP. For HTTP,
        this would be the URL. For nntp, this would be the
        news group. For TCP, this would be the port number.
        For SMTP, this would be the recipient (and could
        assume the message is predefined)."
    ::= { sspmSourceProfileEntry 15 }
sspmSourceProfileOwner OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX
              OwnerString
   MAX-ACCESS read-create
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
       "Name of the management station/application that
       set up the profile."
   ::= { sspmSourceProfileEntry 16 }
sspmSourceProfileStorageType OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX StorageType
   MAX-ACCESS read-create
   STATUS
              current
   DESCRIPTION
       "The storage type of this sspmSourceProfileEntry. If the
       value of this object is 'permanent', no objects in this row
       need to be writable."
   ::= { sspmSourceProfileEntry 17 }
sspmSourceProfileStatus OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX RowStatus
   MAX-ACCESS read-create
   STATUS
              current
   DESCRIPTION
```

```
"Status of this profile.
          An entry may not exist in the active state unless all
          objects in the entry have an appropriate value.
         Once this object is set to active(1), no objects in the
          sspmSourceProfileTable can be changed."
     ::= { sspmSourceProfileEntry 18 }
-- sspmSourceControlTable
-- Defines specific measurement instances based on template
-- profiles in the sspmSourceProfileTable which must be
-- pre-configured.
sspmSourceControlTable OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF SspmSourceControlEntry
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
          "The table of SSPM measurements configured."
     ::= { sspmSource 2 }
sspmSourceControlEntry OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX SspmSourceControlEntry MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
          "Details about a particular SSPM configuration."
     INDEX { sspmSourceControlInstance }
     ::= { sspmSourceControlTable 1 }
SspmSourceControlEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
    sspmSourceControlInstance Unsigned32, sspmSourceControlProfile Integer32, sspmSourceControlSrc InterfaceIn
    sspmSourceControlSrc
sspmSourceControlDestAddrType
sspmSourceControlDestAddr
sspmSourceControlDestAddr
scpmSourceControlEnabled
TruthValue,
                                              InterfaceIndexOrZero,
    sspmSourceControlEnabled
    sspmSourceControlTimeOut sspmSourceControlSamplingDist sspmSourceControlFrequency sspmSourceControlFirstSeqNum Unsigned32, sspmSourceControlLastSeqNum Unsigned32, OwnerString
                                              SspmMicroSeconds,
                                              SspmMicroSeconds,
                                               OwnerString,
     sspmSourceControlStorageType
                                               StorageType,
     sspmSourceControlStatus
                                               RowStatus
```

```
}
sspmSourceControlInstance OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Unsigned32 (1..65535)
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
       "An arbitrary index."
    ::= { sspmSourceControlEntry 1 }
sspmSourceControlProfile OBJECT-TYPE
            Integer32 (1..65535)
   MAX-ACCESS read-create
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
       "A pointer to the profile (sspmSourceProfileEntry) that
        this control entry uses to define the test being
        performed."
    ::= { sspmSourceControlEntry 2 }
sspmSourceControlSrc OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX InterfaceIndexOrZero
   MAX-ACCESS read-create
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
       "The ifIndex where the packet should originate from the
        probe (if it matters). A value of zero indicates that
        it does not matter and that the device decides."
   ::= { sspmSourceControlEntry 3 }
sspmSourceControlDestAddrType OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX InetAddressType
   MAX-ACCESS read-create
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
       "The type of Internet address by which the destination
        is accessed."
   ::= { sspmSourceControlEntry 4 }
sspmSourceControlDestAddr OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX InetAddress
   MAX-ACCESS read-create
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
       "The Internet address for the destination. The formatting
       of this object is controlled by the
       sspmSourceControlDestAddrType object above.
```

```
When this object contains a DNS name, then the name is
       resolved to an address each time measurement is to be made.
       Further, the agent should not cache this address,
       but instead should perform the resolution prior to each
       measurement."
   ::= { sspmSourceControlEntry 5 }
sspmSourceControlEnabled OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX TruthValue
   MAX-ACCESS read-create
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
       "When set to 'true', this test is enabled. When set to
        'false', it is disabled."
   ::= { sspmSourceControlEntry 6 }
sspmSourceControlTimeOut OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX SspmMicroSeconds
   MAX-ACCESS read-create
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
        "Timeout value for the measurement response. If no
        response is received in the time specified, then
        the test fails."
   ::= { sspmSourceControlEntry 7 }
sspmSourceControlSamplingDist OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX
               INTEGER {
                        deterministic(1),
                        poisson(2)
   MAX-ACCESS read-create
   STATUS
           current
   DESCRIPTION
       "When this attribute is set to 'deterministic', then
        packets are generated at with a fixed inter-packet
        injection time specified by sspmSourceFrequency.
        When this attribute is set to 'Poisson', then packets
        are generated with inter-packet injection times sampled
        from an exponential distribution with the single
        distributional parameter determined by the inverse
        frequency)."
   ::= { sspmSourceControlEntry 8 }
sspmSourceControlFrequency OBJECT-TYPE
              SspmMicroSeconds
   SYNTAX
   MAX-ACCESS read-create
```

```
STATUS
               current
   DESCRIPTION
        "The inverse of this value is the rate at which packets
        are generated. Refer to sspmSourceSamplingDistribution.
        If the value set is less than the value of
        {\tt sspmGeneralMinFrequency}, \ {\tt then} \ {\tt the} \ {\tt set} \ {\tt will} \ {\tt fail} \ {\tt with} \ {\tt an}
        error-status of 'inconsistentValue'."
    ::= { sspmSourceControlEntry 9 }
sspmSourceControlFirstSeqNum OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Unsigned32
   MAX-ACCESS read-create
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
       "The first sequence number of packets to be transmitted."
    ::= { sspmSourceControlEntry 10 }
sspmSourceControlLastSeqNum OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Unsigned32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
        "The last sequence number transmitted. This value is updated
        by the agent after packet generation."
    ::= { sspmSourceControlEntry 11 }
sspmSourceControlOwner OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX OwnerString
   MAX-ACCESS read-create
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
        "Name of the management station/application that set
       up the test."
    ::= { sspmSourceControlEntry 12 }
sspmSourceControlStorageType OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX StorageType
   MAX-ACCESS read-create
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
        "The storage type of this sspmSourceControlEntry. If the
       value of this object is 'permanent', no objects in this row
       need to be writable."
    ::= { sspmSourceControlEntry 13 }
sspmSourceControlStatus OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX RowStatus
   MAX-ACCESS read-create
```

```
STATUS
              current
   DESCRIPTION
        "Status of this source control entry.
       An entry may not exist in the active state unless all
       objects in the entry have an appropriate value.
       When this attribute has the value of
        'active', none of the read-write or read-create attributes
        in this table may be modified, with the exception of
        sspmSourceControlEnabled."
    ::= { sspmSourceControlEntry 14 }
-- sspmSinkTable
-- Contains attributes for configuration of Synthetic
-- Sources for Performance Monitoring sinks, i.e.,
-- sinks for receipt of one-way delay measurements.
                  OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { sspmMIBObjects 5 }
sspmSink
sspmSinkTable OBJECT-TYPE
               SEQUENCE OF SspmSinkEntry
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
       "A table configuring the sink for measurements."
    ::= { sspmSink 1 }
sspmSinkEntry OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX SspmSinkEntry
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
        "The details of a particular sink entry. If the measurement
        is a round-trip type, then the sink entry will be on the
        same probe as the corresponding sspmSourceEntry. If the
        measurement is a one-way, type then the sink entry will be
        on a different probe."
    INDEX { sspmSinkInstance }
    ::= { sspmSinkTable 1}
SspmSinkEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
   sspmSinkInstance
                                          Unsigned32,
    sspmSinkType
                                          AppLocalIndex,
    sspmSinkSourceAddressType
                                          InetAddressType,
    sspmSinkSourceAddress
                                          InetAddress,
```

```
sspmSinkExpectedRate
                                          SspmMicroSeconds,
   sspmSinkEnable
                                          TruthValue,
   sspmSinkExpectedFirstSequenceNum
                                          Unsigned32,
                                          Unsigned32,
   sspmSinkLastSequenceNumber
   sspmSinkLastSequenceInvalid
                                          Counter32,
   sspmSinkStorageType
                                          StorageType,
   sspmSinkStatus
                                          RowStatus
}
sspmSinkInstance OBJECT-TYPE
            Unsigned32 (1..65535)
   SYNTAX
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS
            current
   DESCRIPTION
        "An index. When the measurement is for a round-trip
        measurement, then this table entry is on the same probe as
        the corresponding sspmSourceEntry, and the value of this
        attribute should correspond to the value of
        sspmSourceInstance. Management applications configuring
        sinks for one-way measurements could define some
        scheme whereby the sspmSinkInstance is unique across
        all probes. Note that the unique key to this entry is
        also constructed with sspmSinkType,
        sspmSinkSourceAddressType, and sspmSinkSourceAddress.
        To make the implementation simpler, those other
        attributes are not included in the index but uniqueness
        is still needed to receive all the packets."
     ::= { sspmSinkEntry 1 }
sspmSinkType OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX AppLocalIndex
   MAX-ACCESS read-create
   STATUS
               current
   DESCRIPTION
        "The AppLocalIndex value that uniquely identifies the
        measurement per the APM-MIB. In order to create a row
        in this table, there must be a corresponding row in the
        sspmCapabilitiesTable. If there is no corresponding
        row in the sspmCapabilitiestable, then the agent will
        return an error-status of 'inconsistentValue'."
    ::= { sspmSinkEntry 2}
sspmSinkSourceAddressType OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX
              InetAddressType
   MAX-ACCESS read-create
   STATUS
               current
   DESCRIPTION
        "The type of Internet address of the source."
```

```
::= { sspmSinkEntry 3 }
sspmSinkSourceAddress OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX InetAddress
   MAX-ACCESS read-create
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
       "The Internet address of the source. The formatting
       of this object is controlled by the sspmSinkSourceAddressType
       object above.
       This object should be set only to a valid device address
       that has been administratively configured into the
       device. If a set attempts to set this object to an
       address that does not belong (i.e., is not administratively
       configured into the device), the set should fail, and the
       agent should return a error-status of 'inconsistentValue'."
   ::= { sspmSinkEntry 4 }
sspmSinkExpectedRate OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX SspmMicroSeconds MAX-ACCESS read-create
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
       "The expected rate at which packets will arrive."
   ::= { sspmSinkEntry 5 }
sspmSinkEnable OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX TruthValue
   MAX-ACCESS read-create
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
       "Indicates if the sink is enabled or not."
   ::= { sspmSinkEntry 6 }
sspmSinkExpectedFirstSequenceNum OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Unsigned32
   MAX-ACCESS read-create
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
       "The expected first sequence number of packets.
        This is used by the sink to determine if packets
        were lost at the initiation of the test."
   ::= { sspmSinkEntry 7 }
sspmSinkLastSequenceNumber OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Unsigned32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
```

```
STATUS
              current
   DESCRIPTION
      "The last sequence number received."
    ::= { sspmSinkEntry 8 }
sspmSinkLastSequenceInvalid OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
       "The number of packets that arrived whose
        sequence number was not one plus the value of
        sspmSinkLastSequenceNumber."
    ::= { sspmSinkEntry 9 }
sspmSinkStorageType OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX StorageType
   MAX-ACCESS read-create
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
        "The storage type of this sspmSinkEntry. If the value
       of this object is 'permanent', no objects in this row
       need to be writable."
    ::= { sspmSinkEntry 10 }
sspmSinkStatus OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX RowStatus
   MAX-ACCESS read-create
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
        "Status of this conceptual row.
        An entry may not exist in the active state unless all
        objects in the entry have an appropriate value.
        Once this object is set to active(1), no objects with
        MAX-ACCESS of read-create in the sspmSinkTable can
        be changed."
    ::= { sspmSinkEntry 11 }
-- Notifications
-- Conformance information
sspmCompliances OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { sspmMIBConformance 1 }
sspmGroups OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { sspmMIBConformance 2 }
```

```
-- Compliance Statements
sspmGeneralCompliance MODULE-COMPLIANCE
  STATUS current
  DESCRIPTION
   "A general compliance that allows all things to be optional."
  MODULE -- this module
  MANDATORY-GROUPS { sspmGeneralGroup }
  GROUP sspmSourceGroup
  DESCRIPTION
    "The SSPM Source Group is optional."
  GROUP sspmSinkGroup
  DESCRIPTION
    "The SSPM Sink Group is optional."
  GROUP sspmUserPassGroup
  DESCRIPTION
    "The SSPM User Pass Group is optional."
  ::= { sspmCompliances 1 }
-- SSPM Source Compliance
sspmSourceFullCompliance MODULE-COMPLIANCE
  STATUS current
  DESCRIPTION
    "A source compliance. Use this compliance when implementing
    a traffic-source-only device. This is useful for implementing
    devices that probe other devices for intrusive application
    monitoring. It is also useful for implementing the source
     of one-way tests used with a sink-only device."
  MODULE -- this module
  MANDATORY-GROUPS { sspmGeneralGroup, sspmSourceGroup }
  GROUP sspmUserPassGroup
  DESCRIPTION
   "The SSPM User Pass Group is optional."
  ::= { sspmCompliances 2 }
-- SSPM Sink Compliance
sspmSinkFullCompliance MODULE-COMPLIANCE
  STATUS current
```

```
DESCRIPTION
    "A sink-only compliance. Use this compliance when implementing a
    sink-only device. This is useful for devices to receive one-way
    measurements."
 MODULE -- this module
 MANDATORY-GROUPS { sspmGeneralGroup, sspmSinkGroup }
  ::= { sspmCompliances 3 }
-- Groups
sspmGeneralGroup OBJECT-GROUP
   OBJECTS {
   sspmGeneralClockResolution,
   sspmGeneralClockMaxSkew,
   sspmGeneralClockSource,
   sspmGeneralMinFrequency,
    sspmCapabilitiesInstance
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The objects in the SSPM General Group."
    ::= { sspmGroups 1 }
sspmSourceGroup OBJECT-GROUP
   OBJECTS {
    sspmSourceProfileType,
    sspmSourceProfilePacketSize,
   sspmSourceProfilePacketFillType,
    sspmSourceProfilePacketFillValue,
    sspmSourceProfileTOS,
    sspmSourceProfileFlowLabel,
    sspmSourceProfileLooseSrcRteFill,
    sspmSourceProfileLooseSrcRteLen,
    sspmSourceProfileTTL,
    sspmSourceProfileNoFrag,
    sspmSourceProfile8021Tagging,
    sspmSourceProfileUsername,
    sspmSourceProfilePassword,
    sspmSourceProfileParameter,
    sspmSourceProfileOwner,
    sspmSourceProfileStorageType,
    sspmSourceProfileStatus,
    sspmSourceControlProfile,
    sspmSourceControlSrc,
    sspmSourceControlDestAddrType,
```

```
sspmSourceControlDestAddr,
    sspmSourceControlEnabled,
    sspmSourceControlTimeOut,
    sspmSourceControlSamplingDist,
    sspmSourceControlFrequency,
    sspmSourceControlFirstSeqNum,
    sspmSourceControlLastSeqNum,
    sspmSourceControlOwner,
    sspmSourceControlStorageType,
    sspmSourceControlStatus
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The objects in the SSPM Source Group."
    ::= { sspmGroups 2 }
sspmUserPassGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS {
    sspmSourceProfileUsername,
    sspmSourceProfilePassword
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The objects in the SSPM Username and password group."
    ::= { sspmGroups 3 }
sspmSinkGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS {
    sspmSinkType,
    sspmSinkSourceAddressType,
    sspmSinkSourceAddress,
    sspmSinkExpectedRate,
    sspmSinkEnable,
    sspmSinkExpectedFirstSequenceNum,
    sspmSinkLastSequenceNumber,
    sspmSinkLastSequenceInvalid,
    sspmSinkStorageType,
    sspmSinkStatus
    STATUS
                current
    DESCRIPTION
       "The objects in the SSPM Sink Group."
    ::= { sspmGroups 4 }
END
```

8. Security Considerations

This MIB module defines objects that allow packets to be injected into the network for the purpose of measuring some performance characteristics. As such, the MIB module may contain sensitive network and application data; e.g., user IDs and passwords. Further, if security is compromised, this MIB module could provide a source for denial-of-service, and potential other, attacks. These issues will be addressed within this section.

There are a number of management objects defined in this MIB module that have a MAX-ACCESS clause of read-write and/or read-create. Such objects may be considered sensitive or vulnerable in some network environments. The support for SET operations in a non-secure environment without proper protection can have a negative effect on network operations. These are the tables and objects and their sensitivity/vulnerability:

- + The sspmSourceProfileTable contains objects that configure linklevel, IP, and application-level data used within test suites. These objects with a MAX-ACCESS clause of read-write and/or read- create are:
 - o sspmSourcePacketSize configures the overall size of the test packets,
 - o sspmSourceProfileTOS sets the TOS field in the IPv4 and IPv6 headers,
 - o sspmSourceProfileLooseSrcRteFill and sspmSourceProfileLooseSrcRteLen - give a list of IPv4 or IPv6 addresses for the loose source route options in the IP headers,
 - o sspmSourceProfileFlowLabel sets the Flow Label in the IPv6 header.
 - o sspmSourceProfileTTL sets the TTL field in the packet headers,
 - o sspmSourceProfileNoFrag sets the No Fragment bit in the packet headers,
 - o sspmSourceProfile8021Tagging sets the Tag field in the 802.1 headers, and

- o sspmSourceProfileUsername and sspmSourceProfilePassword these hold the ID and passwords specific to an application
 test profile.,
- + The sspmSourceControlTable contains objects that configure IP and application-level data used within a given test. These objects with a MAX-ACCESS clause of read-write and/or read-create are:
 - o sspmSourceControlSrc controls the source IP address used on the test packets,
 - o sspmSourceControlDestAddr holds the destination address for the specific test packet,
 - o sspmSourceControlTimeout, sspmSourceControlSamplingDist, and sspmSourceControlFrequency control the nature and frequency of the test packet injection onto the network, and
 - o sspmSourceControlFirstSeqNum and sspmSourceControlLastSeqNum
 set the first and last sequence numbers for the specific test.
- + The sspmSinkTable contains objects that configure the recipient of the test packets. As such, the objects in this table have no security issues related to them.

Some attributes configure username and password information for some application-level protocols as indicated above. Access to these attributes may provide unauthorized use of resources. These attributes are: sspmSourceProfileUsername and sspmSourceProfilePassword.

Some attributes configure the size and rate of traffic flows for the purpose of performance measurements. Access to these attributes may exacerbate the use of this MIB module in denial-of-service attacks. It is possible to define a maximum packet rate on the device and to indicate this rate through the sspmSourceFrequency object. This object reflects the maximum acceptable packet rate that a device supporting this MIB module is willing to generate. This places a bound on setting the test packet rate through the sspmSourceControlFrequency object. Other objects that control aspects of the test packets related to packet size and rate are sspmSourceControlTimeOut, sspmSourceControlSamplingDist and sspmSourceControlFrequency.

The objects sspmSourceControlSrc, sspmSourceControlDestAddr, sspmSourceControlLooseSrcRteFill, and sspmSourceControlLooseSrcRteLen control the setting of the source and destination addresses on the packet headers and the routing of the packets. The device should not allow the setting of source addresses on the test packets other than those that are administratively configured onto the device. This is controlled by using the syntax InterfaceIndexOrZero for the control of the source address through the sspmSourceControlSrc object.

It is thus important to control even GET access to these objects and possibly to even encrypt the values of these object when sending them over the network via SNMP. Not all versions of SNMP provide features for such a secure environment.

SNMP versions prior to SNMPv3 did not include adequate security. Even if the network itself is secure (for example by using IPSec), even then, there is no control as to who on the secure network is allowed to access and GET/SET (read/change/create/delete) the objects in this MIB module.

It is RECOMMENDED that implementers consider the security features as provided by the SNMPv3 framework (see [RFC3410], section 8), including full support for the SNMPv3 cryptographic mechanisms (for authentication and privacy).

Further, deployment of SNMP versions prior to SNMPv3 is NOT RECOMMENDED. Instead, it is RECOMMENDED to deploy SNMPv3 and to enable cryptographic security. It is then a customer/operator responsibility to ensure that the SNMP entity giving access to an instance of this MIB module is properly configured to give access to the objects only to those principals (users) that have legitimate rights to indeed GET or SET (change/create/delete) them.

9. Acknowledgements

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